"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Clearing today and cool; Sunday fair, warm; light northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 22,155. **** NEW YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1918.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

HAIG, PUSHING FOE BACK, REGAINS MOEUVRES; GERMANS INTRENCH TO STOP OUR ADVANCE; BULGARS FLEE; TURKS ROUTED IN PALESTINE

REVENUE BILL PASSES HOUSE; VOTE, 350 TO 0

$8,000,000,000 Tax Measure, Largest in History, Unanimously Adopted.

POLITICS IS CAST ASIDE

Kitchin Expresses Gratification Over Unity in Dealing with the Bill.

CHANGES LIKELY IN SENATE

At Least a Month's Debate Expected—Final Passage Improbable Before Election.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The $8,000,000,000 revenue bill, substantially unamended, was passed by the House today by a vote of 350 to 0, amid cheers and applause, and sent to the Senate, where sentiment apparently favors revision of some of its most important sections, such as those dealing with war profits and the differential income tax on corporations.

In the preparation and consideration of this, the largest revenue raiser ever submitted to any legislative body, there was marked unanimity, and the measure therefore leaves the House stamped with the approval of a united country, determined to give to the Government all the money required for the speedy and successful prosecution of the war.

While there was a difference of opinion, a difference founded chiefly upon fundamental party politics, manifested in the debate and in the construction of the bill by the Ways and Means Committee, there was no division as to the wisdom of raising the money. Petty objections which appeared previously in the discussions of many other war measures were totally absent throughout the debate.

There were no material changes made in the bill as it came from the Ways and Means Committee save those embodied in amendments offered by the committee, and these in no way changed the character of the taxation, but modified some of the small schedules and corrected inequalities that had become apparent. Opposition that existed on both sides of the House to the war profits and the corporation income tax sections was not pressed because the opponents decided that both these provisions, objected to by Secretary McAdoo, would be changed by the Senate Finance Committee.

Relief for Oil Companies.

In the closing debate today the Ways and Means Committee adopted an amendment which granted a 10 per cent. deduction to oil and gas well corporations on their income tax returns. This amendment, sponsored by Representative George White, an oil producer, of Ohio, and a member of the Ways and Means Committee, had been strongly urged by oil men in appearing before the committee. An effort was made to obtain a 20 per cent. allowance, but the majority of the committee refused to go so far and compromised on 10 per cent.

This amendment, accepted by the House, sitting in committee of the whole, without a single objection, reads:

"In case of oil and gas wells a reasonable deduction for depletion; in the case of producers and prospectors a reasonable allowance for hazard, not to exceed 10 per cent. of the value (in the ground) of the oil withdrawn during the taxable year."

The committee rejected an amendment offered by Representative Good of Iowa to exempt from tax the incomes of all soldiers not in excess of $3,500. The bill provides that such an amount of the income of soldiers in overseas duty shall be exempted, but the amendment aimed to extend it to all men in military service.

Another slight change consisted in placing American rugs, made chiefly of wool, in the luxury class and taxing them 10 per cent., instead of placing American rugs, sold for more than $5, in the semi-luxury class, where the tax was 10 per cent. above the exempted figure.

Upon a point of order two efforts by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania to recommit the bill with instructions to report it with an amendment to provide a Committee on War Expenditures were ruled out, and the House at 5 o'clock passed the bill finally and began to think of a long recess after the Food Stimulation bill, the Army Deficiency, and Power Plant measures are disposed of. Representative Kitchin, Democratic leader, said that he saw no reason to hold the House after these bills had been passed.

Delay Likely in Senate.

It is understod that the Senate will not pass the Revenue bill until after election. The Senate Finance Committee

Continued on Page Five.

Germans Use New Airplane; Parachutes Now for Aviators

AMERICAN HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 20, (Reuter.)—Patrols report having encountered an entirely new type of enemy airplane, designed especially to make it easy to manoeuvre.

They also report that the Germans are adopting the parachute as a means of escape from damaged planes.

TO OUST SLACKERS IN WAR INDUSTRIES

Piez Tells Senate Committee That Crowder Is Framing Stringent Regulations.

WILL COVER ALL CASES

Slump in Hog Island Efficiency Referred To in Shipping Official's Testimony.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The nation's war industries are to be rid of slackers under new regulations now being worked out by Provost Marshal General Crowder, according to Charles Piez, Vice President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, testifying before the Senate Commerce Committee today.

The slackers are of two kinds—those who have obtained employment in essential industries to escape the draft, and others who, having obtained such employment, shirk their duty and impair the efficiency of the industry.

Mr. Piez referred specifically to shipyards, but left no doubt that the weeding out of slackers there was to be duplicated in other war industries.

Military slackers will be reached by an examination of their claims to exemption or deferred classification, other than their employment in essential work.

Industrial slackers will be reached by a regulation, providing that any man employed in war work, and having obtained deferred classification on that ground, shall lose his exemption if he absents himself from his work more than three days a month without sufficient reason, such as personal illness, or the like.

Mr. Piez disclosed the fact that this regulation has been prepared, while discussing the reported slump of work at the Hog Island Ship Yard at Philadelphia. Reports had reached committee members that of the 60,000 exempted workmen there, thousands were alleged to be slackers, who sought refuge in the ship yard from the Selective Draft.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation, in co-operation with draft authorities, will sift all charges of slackerism, and if these are found to be true, will at once dismiss the slackers, who will then be put into the army. Mr. Piez said that one yard already had discharged 1,000 men as slackers. He added that General Crowder had allotted 60,000 men to work in ship yards and that this would be increased by an additional 60,000.

The committee was told that pugilists, barbers, actors, ballplayers, and others engaged in nonessential tasks had flocked to the Hog Island yard, and obtained such employment as their total lack of knowledge of shipbuilding would permit them to perform. But some, the committee was informed, did not labor honestly at the tasks assigned to them, but devoted most of their time to obtaining similar "soft jobs" for friends.

Mr. Piez repeated to the committee a statement he has made several times recently, that the Hog Island yard would do well to construct twenty of the forty-eight ships in its program for this year.

"They will never accomplish what they hope," said Mr. Piez, referring to Hog Island officials. "They hope for forty-eight ships, but with their labor problems, and basing my estimate on experience with other yards, I will be satisfied if they produce twenty this year."

He said that great difficulty is being experienced in obtaining skilled men to install machinery in the hulls. In answer to questions as to the quantity of shipping thus far constructed in American yards, Mr. Piez gave the committee these figures:

Tonnage delivered ready for service this year, 1,811,000; total expected in September, 400,000; tonnage for which ship keels have been laid, 4,103,000.

STRIKE AGAINST SLACKERS.

Cramp Workers Won't Have Inexperienced Men as Bosses.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20.—A number of workers quit at the Cramp shipyard here today because they objected to baseball players, actors, pugilists and others, inexperienced in shipbuilding, being placed over them as bosses. The number of men who left their work could not be learned. The company of-

Continued on Page Seven.

GERMANY SAYS SHE IS WILLING TO DISCUSS PEACE

Note to Vienna Agrees to Nothing More Than "an Exchange of Ideas."

OUR REFUSAL RECEIVED

But the Austrian Government Insists That Her Offer Remains Open.

MANY ARMISTICE RUMORS

Numerous Stories Coming from Berlin, Where Politics Is at White Heat.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—An official communication, issued in Berlin, says that the German Ambassador in Vienna today presented Germany's reply to the recent Austro-Hungarian peace note.

The German note announces the readiness of Germany to participate in the proposed exchange of ideas. It reads as follows:

The undersigned Imperial Ambassador has the honor to make the following reply to the highly esteemed note of the Royal and Imperial Foreign Minister.

The summons of the Austro-Hungarian Government to eleven belligerent States to enter into confidential unbinding discussion in a neutral country of the fundamental principles for the conclusion of peace corresponds to the spirit of peace readiness and conciliatoriness which the responsible statesmen of the Quadruple Alliance and the authorized representatives of the allied [Teutonic] peoples have again and again announced. The reception which previous similar steps met with from our enemies was not encouraging.

The Imperial Government, however, follows the new attempt to bring the world nearer to the just and lasting peace which it desires with the sincere and earnest wish that the statement of the Austro-Hungarian Government, inspired by profound conciliatory feeling and noble humanity, will this time evoke the desired echo.

In the name of the Imperial Government the undersigned has the honor to declare that Germany is ready to participate in the proposed exchange of ideas.

Our Refusal Reaches Vienna.

The American reply to the Austro-Hungarian proposal for an unbinding and secret conference of the belligerents was communicated to the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office yesterday by the Swedish Minister, according to a telegram today from Vienna.

Despite the apparent rejection by the Allies of the Austro-Hungarian proposal, that Government's offer is still open, says an official statement received from Vienna today. The statement reads:

From reports received from abroad, the rejection of the Austro-Hungarian Government's suggestion that a preliminary discussion of the peace question be entered into can hardly be longer doubted.

The official reply to Foreign Minister Burian's note has not yet been received, and therefore the reason which prompted the attitude of the Governments of the Entente cannot be discussed at present. Only from Secretary Balfour is an exhaustive discussion of our suggestion available. His arguments show how correctly Baron Burian's proposal judged the situation, and that only the adoption of Baron Burian's line of thinking could master the confusion of minds prevailing everywhere until today.

The peace question as discussed by Secretary Balfour (and the same applies to the debates in the French and American Senates) under the pressure of big catchwords and overmastering passion can naturally make no favorable progress. Especially regarding Mr. Balfour's speech it must be pointed out that it contains a series of rash conclusions concerning the attitude of the Central Powers toward concrete peace questions which he would not have arrived at had he entered into a discussion in the spirit of Baron Burian's proposal.

Only if discussed under conditions free from the influences of passion can the peace question make that

Continued on Page Three.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA. Delightful at The Greenbrier, new European plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. office, The Plaza.—Advt.

Melt Hohenzollern Statues to Appease Angry Populace

GENEVA, Sept. 20.—Owing to general indignation among the civilian population of Germany because of the melting of historic bronze monuments such as those of Goethe and Schiller, while those of the Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs were left intact, a new order has been issued, according to reports from Munich, that the Hohenzollern monuments shall be placed in the melting pot.

Three Hohenzollern statues are said to be missing from Berlin, three from Cologne, two from Munich, and one each from several towns on the Rhine.

17-MILE ADVANCE BY THE SERB ARMY

Forces on 25-Mile Front Said to Have Taken 10,000 Bulgars in One Day.

REACH LEFT BANK OF CERNA

British and Greek Troops Storm First-Line Positions in Lake Doiran Region.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—In Macedonia the Serbians have extended their front westward to the Cerna River and it is now 25 miles wide. The total depth of the advance is 15 to 17 miles. Five thousand prisoners and eighty guns have been captured.

All the Bulgarian trench systems on the Serbian front have been penetrated. Allied cavalry has taken up the pursuit and one cavalry unit has crossed the Cerna 20 miles north of the Sokol positions. Another force of horsemen has moved the same distance northeast.

British and Greek troops in an attack on a 10-mile front south of Lake Doiran have made some progress.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The capture of several villages and 5,000 prisoners are recorded in the Serbian official statement made public today. It reads:

Continuing our advance, we reached the left bank of the Cerna River. The enemy burned his depots and camps.

We have taken more than 5,000 prisoners and captured ten additional guns, mostly heavy pieces. Several villages have fallen into our hands.

Ten thousand Bulgarian prisoners were sent to the rear on Sept. 18 alone, says Marcel Hutin in the Echo de Paris. The pursuit of the retreating enemy continues with great success, the article adds.

SALONIKI, Sept. 19.—The British and Greeks in their attack against the Bulgarians on both sides of Lake Doiran are meeting with stiff opposition, but have carried the enemy's outpost lines. South of Doiran a gain of 2,000 yards has been made. More than 700 prisoners have been captured, says the British official statement issued today. The statement follows:

On the morning of Sept. 18 British and Greek troops attacked the enemy's positions west and east of Lake Doiran. West of the lake and south of the town of Doiran the trench system was captured and our line was advanced about 2,000 yards. Heavy Bulgarian counterattacks regained part of the ground captured on our left, but on the centre and right our positions were maintained.

East of the lake, after a night advance, we carried the enemy's outpost line. Up to the present more than 700 prisoners have been counted.

The Greek troops fought with great gallantry.

Four of our scouts engaged fourteen enemy machines and crashed two of them to the ground. One of our machines is missing.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The following official statement covering the fighting on Sept. 18 has been issued by the Bulgarian War Office:

East of the Cerna we were undisturbed by the enemy. We occupied new positions previously assigned, which we are consolidating.

On both sides of Lake Doiran heavy fighting developed. South and west of Doiran, after an excessively heavy bombardment, in which the enemy fired 250,000 shells, a force of three British and two Greek divisions attacked in close masses and succeeded in penetrating our advanced positions at several places, but we immediately counterattacked and drove them out at all points, leaving a large number of killed and wounded on the field. More than 500 unwounded British and Greek prisoners, as well as much booty, were left in our hands.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Serbian Legation today received a communication from the Assistant Chief of Staff of the Serbian Army stating that more than 5,000 prisoners had been taken in the campaign on the Balkan front. The dispatch read:

"The advance of the Serbian Army continues without interruption in spite of the stubborn resistance of the enemy. Our troops have crossed the line Blatetz-Mreshochke-Belashintza River. On our left the Bulgarians have contemplated evacuating the right bank of the Cerna and our troops are now debouching on the left bank of that river.

"The enemy continues to set fire to military stores and camps. The number of prisoners is now over 5,000. We have taken twelve more guns, mostly of heavy calibre, and also other war material. We have liberated a dozen additional villages.

OUR GUNS SHELL METZ FORTS

Americans Bombard Defenses, but Spare the City Itself.

GERMAN FIRE SLACKENS

Pershing's Air Forces Continue Raids Night and Day on Enemy Towns.

PATROLS CAPTURE BATTERY

Doughboys Quickly Turn It in Direction of Foe—General Captures Six Germans.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY, Sept. 20.—Up here on the St. Mihiel salient, where it can look across the hills into Germany, the 1st American Army has had a quiet time in the last two days, having completed their job of running a heavy-built line along in front of the Hindenburg line. Behind their front defenses the Germans are working like beavers, building further concrete dugouts and machine gun positions against the fear that the Americans may drive north again in this sector.

Without having at this time the slightest intimation what the American plans for the immediate future are, I may point out that this Hindenburg line sector is vastly important for the Germans. North of it lies the Briey and Longwy iron fields, from which Germany draws heavily for her iron ore for munition work. These fields were about the first things the Germans seized when they ran amuck in 1914. To the south of these fields lie long, open plains.

It is no figure of speech to say that the Americans are in sight of Metz. From atop a hill near Norroy one can see on a clear day the steeples of that city which the Germans stole from France some fifty years ago. Yesterday, from an observatory post east of Pont-à-Mousson, I could see a considerable part of the Lorraine metropolis. The German papers publish reports that the Americans have been bombarding Metz. Our artillery has been throwing shells upon its forts and fortifications, but not into the city proper, although it is under the range of large numbers of our guns.

I hear from good authority that in building the newer defense across the Moselle Valley the Germans are using Belgians as laborers, and that women also have been hired to help in the defense work.

The German artillery work along our St. Mihiel sector has much decreased in the last two days. Small guns work fitfully along the front lines, but few heavy shells are sent into our back area as compared with four or five days ago. German aviation also has decreased. Our bombers continue night and day aerial raids on towns along the lines, with telling effect. Lieutenant Luke continues his stunt of shooting down German sausages about dusk. He got three more yesterday, making a bag of eleven in four days. He calls his treatment "twilight sleep."

Yesterday our observers saw a battery in action near the front line which was not on our records. The puzzled commander sent out a detachment to investigate. They found that seven doughboys, mopping up the woods, had come upon a battery of German 77s with piles of ammunition. They had turned them around, and not knowing how to get ranges or anything of the sort, were just shooting them northward. They explained that they were shooting into Germany, and that satisfied them.

Attached to the General Staff of the American Army is a General who has a penchant for going into the front line. Yesterday he was driving his car up a fine road, supposing himself on the way to certain regimental headquarters, when he met six Germans, with their hands over their heads, coming down the road. As his car stopped he heard their "kamerad." He found then that he had taken the wrong road, and gone a kilometer behind their front line. He decided that was far enough for one day, and brought his prisoners back

Continued on Page Two.

President Proclaims Oct. 12 as Liberty Day; Discovery to Be Celebrated in Aid of Loan

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The President issued the following proclamation today:

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Every day the great principles for which we are fighting take fresh hold upon our thought and purpose and make it clearer what the end must be and what we must do to achieve it. We now know more certainly than we ever knew before why free men brought the great Nation and Government we love into existence, because it grows clearer and clearer what supreme service it is to be America's privilege to render to the world. The anniversary of the discovery of America must, therefore, have for us in this fateful year a peculiar and thrilling significance. We should make it a day of ardent rededication to the ideals upon which our Government is founded and by which our present heroic tasks are inspired.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, do appoint Saturday, the twelfth day of October, 1918, as Liberty Day. On that day I request the citizens of every community of the United States, city, town, and countryside, to celebrate the discovery of our country in order to stimulate a generous response to the Fourth Liberty Loan. Commemorative addresses, pageants, harvest home festivals, other demonstrations should be arranged for in every neighborhood under the general direction of the Secretary of the Treasury and the immediate direction of the Liberty Loan Committee, in co-operation with the United States Bureau of Education and the public school authorities. Let the people's response to the Fourth Liberty Loan express the measure of their devotion to the ideals which have guided the country from its discovery until now, and of their determined purpose to defend them and guarantee their triumph.

For the purpose of participating in Liberty Day celebrations all employes of the Federal Government throughout the country whose services can be spared may be excused on Saturday, the twelfth day of October, for the entire day.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 19th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON.

[SEAL]

By the President,
ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State.

ALLENBY RESUMES PALESTINE DRIVE

Sends the Sultan's Army in Headlong Flight from 16-Mile Front.

MORE THAN 3,000 CAPTURED

Anglo-French Troops in Holy Land Advance 12 Miles—Foe May Be Cut Off.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—British and French forces in Palestine, under command of General Allenby, attacked the Turkish positions on a front of sixteen miles on Sept. 19. The British broke through the Turkish lines between Rafat and the sea and pushed forward for a distance of twelve miles. More than 3,000 Turks were taken prisoner.

The cavalry pushed through the Turkish front and was advancing in the rear of the Turkish armies in the direction of Nablus. Another body of cavalry was advancing in a northeasterly direction toward Elafula and Biesan to intercept the Turks to the north.

On Wednesday General Allenby's right wing attacked west of the Jordan and occupied El Mugeir.

The text of the communication dealing with the operations as issued by the War Office tonight follows:

During the night of Sept. 19, (18?) our troops commenced a general attack on the front between the Jordan and the sea. East of the Jerusalem-Nablus Road, British and Indian troops advanced successfully and intercepted the Turkish road communications leading southeast from Nablus.

At 4:30 A. M. of the 19th the main attack, in which French troops participated, was launched after a sharp bombardment between Rafat and the coast. Our infantry made rapid progress, overrunning the entire hostile defensive system on this frontage by 8 A. M., and penetrating to a maximum depth of five miles before swinging eastward.

The latest available reports indicate that Tul Keram, railway junction, was occupied by our infantry in the course of the afternoon, while a brigade of Australian light horse reached the main Tul Keram-Messudieh Railway and the road in the vicinity of Anesta, cutting off large bodies of retreating enemy with their guns and transports.

Meantime a strong cavalry force of British, Indian, and Australian troops moving northward on the coastal plain had seized the road junction at Hudeira Lekfera, 19 miles from the point of departure, by midday.

East of the Jordan a strong detachment of Arab troops of the King of the Hedjas, descending from the Turkish railway junction of Derat, severed rail communication leading north, south, and west from that centre.

Naval units co-operated with our

Continued on Page Three.

"IT'S GOOD FOR THEM!—Keep the Kiddies——" See top of page 5.—Advt.

CALLED 'KAMERAD' FROM THEIR CAVES

Germans in Quarry Shelters Were Anxious to Yield to Haig's Men.

GROOM GOT 40 PRISONERS

He Was Left to Hold His General's Horse, but They Would Surrender to Him.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 20.—It is certain that the enemy suffered badly in yesterday's attack between Havrincourt and Trescault. When his 6th and 20th Divisions advanced after a fierce bombardment of the British lines, the Guards, who held their front intact, were able to pour an enfilading machine gun and rifle fire on his assault troops south of them, and a large number fell.

On the 3d Division front some parties of the enemy penerated the British lines, but were thrust out, and the Germans who were able to get across the Canal du Nord did not find their way back. The British captured 100 prisoners, including two officers, among those who came out to break the line with such false hopes.

The defenders behaved with the most fearless disregard of what was a serious menace. One machine gunner stayed in his place serving his weapon, although groups of Germans were streaming past him, and he shot many of them as they went. Presently he saw a German officer passing so close to where he lay that he pulled out his revolver and killed him. Afterward, when the body was examined, it proved to be that of a battalion commander.

Found Germans Playing Cards.

In one dugout four Germans were discovered playing cards. When the British entered they shouted "Kamerad!" and made friendly signs that they wanted to finish their game.

Many of the German dugouts were crowded with men who stayed below until they were routed out of their hiding places. This was so especially around Templeux-Guérard, which was captured by the yeomen of the 74th Division. In that neighborhood there are deep quarries and caves, where the Germans buried themselves deep in rocky walls.

They were honeycombed with machine-gun nests, and were frightful

Continued on Page Two.

GAIN TOWARD ST. QUENTIN

British Troops Push Ahead a Mile in Epehy Sector.

NEW FLANDERS ADVANCE

It Gives British More Territory on 2½-Mile Front Near La Bassee.

FRENCH CAPTURE ESSIGNY

Within Five Miles of St. Quentin from the South—Gain Northeast of Vailly.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The strongly fortified village of Moeuvres, [seven miles west of Cambrai,] which has been the scene of desperate fighting for the last two days, was recaptured by the British this morning.

In the Lempire-Epehy sector, northwest of St. Quentin, Field Marshal Haig's troops last night advanced their lines more than a mile.

This morning northeast of La Bassée a British advance on a front of more than two and a half miles resulted in the capture of upward of 100 Germans.

Further south, to the northwest of Hulluch, the Germans made a strong local attack, preceded by a heavy bombardment. They were completely repulsed, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British.

The French operating against St. Quentin continued their enveloping movement by capturing Essigny-le-Grand, [five miles south of the city.]

They have gained ground northeast of Vailly in their thrust toward the Chemin des Dames and have repulsed strong attacks against their new positions north of Allemant, between the Ailette and the Aisne.

BRITISH SMOKE THE FOE OUT OF QUARRY FORTS

Storm "Underground Gibraltar" Northwest of St. Quantin, Taking Many Prisoners.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—Beyond local fighting the British 3d and 4th Armies northwest of St. Quentin have not been engaged today. In the local operations their new front has been further improved at several places.

The Germans are holding strong machine gun detachments in the large number of small farms, copses, and sunken roads in this vicinity, but a number of these have already been cleared.

In front of St. Quentin there were clashes between the opposing infantry, and the British gained some ground east of Holnon Village. Smoke bombs played an important part in the storming of fortified quarries in front of the Hindenburg outpost system northwest of St. Quentin. The quarries, covering an area more than a mile deep and two miles in width, have been utilized by divisions of the German 2d Army for the construction of an "underground Gibraltar."

Prussian officers, including a regimental adjutant, have been captured. One of these officers said bets had been freely made that the British would never be able to capture the quarries.

While the quarries remained in the hands of the Germans the enemy expected, with supplies of ammunition and machine guns, to be able to prevent the loss of the ridges which hid the Hindenburg main line from observation. The British treated all the quarries to a systematic attack with smoke and shell, with a mixture of gas added. At the moment of the attack the smoke was let loose amid the pits. Many of the occupants of the quarries ran blindly against the wind, hoping to get free. In doing so they ran into the arms of the English and Australian infantry.

A Weeping Officer Captured.

A battalion commander who was found with tears streaming down his face was asked if he had been wound-

ed. "No," he replied, with an oath. "My eyes are full of smoke."

Although fighting of this character invites casualties, the losses of the 74th Division were less than half of the total number of prisoners taken.

The 17th Division has been engaged in equally difficult work south of Gouzeaucourt and has also taken many prisoners, some of them in hand-to-hand struggles in the Gauche Wood. Its casualties were also far fewer than the number of prisoners taken.

The troops engaged in the wood had to take redoubts fortified with sheet iron, behind which were many machine guns. Cavalrymen of the 6th German Division were engaged in the fighting near the wood. They were unaccustomed to this form of warfare, and prisoners of four different cavalry regiments were taken by the 17th Division.

Recapture of Moeuvres Important.

The recapture of Moeuvres last night restores the British line in that section of the Canal du Nord. The Germans fought very hard for the village. Moeuvres is a solid mass of trenches and dugouts covering a square mile of ground. It is the junction of the main and support Hindenburg line, and is the most difficult obstacle which the British have encountered anywhere in that defensive system. The enemy regards it as the key to the position north of Havrincourt.

The occupation of the series of redoubts around the Malassise Farm was accomplished in the face of stiff resistance. This throws the British line nearer the St. Quentin Canal at Vendhuille. On the battlefront between Villers-Guislain and the defenses of St. Quentin only three fortified villages remain in German hands on this side of the Hindenburg system. These villages are Villers-Guislain, Pontruet and Fayet.

The English county troops which took Ronssoy, with more than 600 prisoners, completed the clearance of Lempire, a neighboring village a mile to the north. The Germans, wedged in ravines and fragments of old ditches and quarries between Lempire and Villers-Guislain, still hold fairly strong positions beyond the limits set for the British advance, but they have not attempted any elaborate counterattack since the complete breakdown of their big assault on Thursday night.

The enemy's troubles are intensified by the necessity of moving nearly all his troops across the canal on bridges. He is restricting these movements to certain bridges he is maintaining, but which are kept under constant artillery fire. The back areas east of the canal are now being ranged to a deadly accuracy, as for the first time complete observation is secured over a wide stretch of country between the canal and St. Quentin. The highroads and the railway lines can be shelled without depending upon the airplanes for registration.

Enemy Casualties Put at 40 Per Cent.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Sept. 19, (Reuter, via Montreal.)—The ground over which the Germans counterattacked the British at Moeuvres and Trescault is covered with dead, and enemy casualties are estimated to have been 40 per cent. of the troops engaged. The Germans attacked in dense waves, but the assaulting ranks were mowed down by the British defenders.

In an order to his troops concerning raiding activity General von Bülow, commanding the 17th Army, says:

"This shows that at the present time the British have a fighting superiority over our troops in No Man's Land."

DROPPED SIXTY TONS OF BOMBS IN GERMANY

British Have Attacked Mannheim, Stuttgart, Frankfort and Karlsruhe in the Last Week.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The achievements of the British air forces in the last week have been among the most remarkable of the war. From information supplied by the Air Ministry, The Associated Press has learned that sixty tons of bombs were dropped on German territory in five days by British machines. This exceeds the record for any previous fortnight.

These long-distance raids have been directed chiefly against poison gas and airplane factories at Mannheim, the Daimler works at Stuttgart, the railway station at Frankfort, and the docks and sidings at Karlsruhe. Their destructive effect is shown by photographs.

Aerial assaults over the battle area have been numerous. Acting in conjunction with the French-American offensive, thirty-five separate raids were made between Sept. 13 and 16 against important enemy airdromes and vital railway junctions. Thirteen of them were against the Metz-Sablon Railroad.

Altogether British airmen have dropped 120 tons of bombs upon the western battle front in a week, exclusive of the explosives dropped in Germany. Nineteen tons were dropped on Bruges, Ostend, and other German coastal defenses in air fighting, during which seventeen enemy machines were destroyed and nine disabled, while five British planes were lost.

The number of German machines destroyed altogether in the week was 101, while thirty-seven were disabled. The British losses totaled fifty.

BELITTLES HAIG'S VICTORY.

Berlin 'Army Expert' Says He Didn't Cross the Siegfried Line, Anyway.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—An official report on the recent fighting issued in Berlin by an army expert says:

"After the Anglo-French forces had endeavored vainly since Sept. 8 to create a suitable base from which to attain their aim of breaking through the Siegfried positions, Marshal Foch's troops resorted on the 18th to a big mass attack from Havrincourt to the Somme.

"The attack began at 5:50 A. M. with the heaviest fire reaching deep into the rear of the terrain. Numerous tanks rattled forward before the Anglo-French infantry, while a strong squadron of battle airmen descended very low in order to shake the German defense by machine gun fire and bomb dropping.

"On the flanks at Gouzeaucourt and Trescault our troops held out. The British thrice stormed against Gouzeacourt, while Trescault held against four partial attacks.

"In the centre the British succeeded in pressing the German lines [back.] After bitter fighting, which swayed to and fro, Epehy and Ronssoy remained in the hands of the British."

The report adds that after further artillery preparation there was another British onslaught at 6:30 P. M., but all attempts to advance from Ronssoy were foiled by machine gun fire from the ruins of Lempire, and the onslaught south of that point was defeated by a German counterattack. A fresh attack on Villers-Guislain at 9 o'clock was repulsed, it is asserted.

All French efforts to gain ground in the St. Quentin sector and broaden the attacking area south of the Somme likewise were unsuccessful, the report says.

"All the fighting occurred on terrain in front of the Siegfried line, in spite of the greatest exertion of the enemy," it is declared.

Philip Gibbs's Dispatch from the British Front.

By PHILIP GIBBS.
Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

places to assault frontally, but the yeomen worked around them under cover of smoke screens and cut them off. A hundred men came blinking up from one cave, and one of the British Brigadiers, who had come up with his groom and was wandering about examining tactical positions, came back to find his men acting as guard to forty Germans who had made themselves his prisoners.

The Suffolk Yeomanry took 400 prisoners, and the Devon Yeomen more than 100. The total number for their division amounted to more than twice the number of their own wounded, many of those being lightly hit.

The East Country battalions were having a hard time around Epehy, and the enemy came out against them in counterattacks as the day wore on to evening; but the yeomanry above were able to help them by getting the enemy under an enfilading fire. These yeomen took seven field guns in the course of the day and three howitzers which had been left in a hurry by their teams.

Meanwhile on the northern part of the British attack, just below Villers-Guislain and in Gauche Wood, there was all that fighting by the 17th Division which I have mentioned in previous messages. These men hold the record, I imagine, for a continuous advance, since they attacked the heights above the Ancre, taking Thiepval, the Schwaben Redoubt, Peizières, Courcellette, and Martinpuich, with the Welsh troops keeping pace with them, having gone no less than thirty-seven kilometers from their start to their present positions.

The attack on Le Transloy by the Yorks and Dorsets was an astonishing exploit. Owing to the strength of this place, where the cemetery outside was bristling with machine guns, and all these ruins were vomiting bullets, the 17th closed on it from the north and south—by a sugar factory on the north and a windmill on the south—and pinched it out, taking 400 prisoners in the village itself and many more in the surrounding trenches.

They drove the enemy out of Beaulencourt and crossed the Canal du Nord, which cut across their front. With the enemy in strength on the slopes beyond the Yorkshires, Lincolns, and others seized this bridgehead of the canal and established themselves in the German trench lines on this side of Gouzeaucourt, Villers-Guislan, and Gauche Wood, which the enemy was determined to hold.

All that was preliminary to this last battle day before yesterday and led up to it.

In the support and South African trenches extraordinary things happened. Some days before the battle of Sept. 18 the 17th Division had gained only a section of them. The Germans were on either side and made fierce counterattacks, in the course of which men of both the German and British battalions had been taken and retaken so often that they were utterly puzzled to know whether they were prisoners or captors.

Prisoners Become Captors.

The Manchesters and the Lancashire Fusiliers had hard fighting here and were first to take batches of prisoners, but in that grim hand-to-hand scrimmage the prisoners turned on their guards and made them surrender, until other British came to their rescue and turned the tables. One officer of the Manchesters was taken twice in this way, and twice become the master of those who seized him. The ground was made good at last for the battle which opened day before last.

I told yesterday how the 21st Division attacked and captured Vaucelette Farm, south of Chapel Hill, and how the Wiltshires met the enemy and drove through them in Linnet Valley. The 17th Division was north of them and took Chapel Hill itself and advanced into Gauche Wood.

Around Chapel Hill were the Lancashire and other northern troops. The Dorsets and Yorkshires went on to the second objective, where they also met a counterattack by a support battalion of the 201st German Division in a sunken road, and, as they say, "scupped" it.

The Lincolns were among the men who went among those slaughtered trees, where the enemy made fierce local counterattacks, and held out in four machine gun forts, but that day they and their comrades took 1,800 prisoners, and at 9 o'clock that night the Yorkshiremen and Dorsets made a further attack and seized two strong points known as the Quentin Redoubt and the Lancashire Trench.

Their prisoners of the day came from every battalion of the 201st Division—that is, of nine different battalions—and the shoulderstraps of these men were added to the collection of their General, who has specimens of each regiment included among the thousands of prisoners taken since the beginning of his advance.

It is a remarkable collection, and those shoulderstraps are not without a grim kind of interest. Some, especially those of a cavalry regiment of the 6th German Cavalry Division, and of the Jaegers and other crack regiments, are handsomely embroidered and decorated with gold and silver badges. Each one of them represents some episode of the fighting in which the 17th Division has been engaged.

One or two were added to the General's lot by the adventure of a machine-gun officer, who, in the trenches outside Gauche Wood, went half way down a deep dugout and then called out: "There are lots of boches down here!"

35 Surrendered to One Officer.

In perfect English a voice replied to him from below:

"Yes, there are, and five officers and fifty German soldiers are coming out."

It was rather a shock to the machine-gun officer alone there on the stairs; but five officers and thirty men—not fifty, as had been reckoned by one of them—duly surrendered to him and gave him no trouble.

Today, after yesterday's counterattacks, there has been no fighting on a wide scale, and the actions have been confined to local affairs. But the best news of the day is that the British have retaken Moeuvres, as I ventured to foretell that we should.

There is so much historical detail to tell that I have hardly time or space to give glimpses of the pictures of the war as I see them on the ground that has been captured in recent days; and yet, as I pass through these places beyond Bapaume and Péronne, on long journeys through those villages which were fought for so stubbornly by the men whose battles I tell too briefly, I am always moved by a desire to get something of it down in words, so that people who do not come this way may see in their minds' eye the panorama of this battle ground and the movement of the men.

Relics of Old and New Battles.

To me, so familiar with it all, it is still astounding and terrible—this vast stretch of recovered country, where the grass grows yellow and coarse among tall thistles, and where on every yard of it for thirty miles in depth there are relics of the battles that have been fought within the last few weeks, mingled with those that were fought long ago.

New features have been added to this vast landscape of war since the British were there before that awful day of March 21, from which we date all happenings now.

The British had thousands of neat little Nissen huts all over this country, as habitations for their men, and now most of them have been smashed like matchboxes, and their iron sheeting and wooden boardings torn to bits, like great pieces of brown paper, and lie strewn everywhere. The old ruins which we knew because there were high and jagged walls left here and there, or houses pierced by shell holes, but still standing, or German pill-boxes with massive concrete blocks which had not been overthrown, have altered in shape, crumbled to smaller size, or piled up in a wilder chaos of broken masonry.

There are hundreds of new graves, and those of the British are marked by wooden crosses which are just a little higher than the thistles; and in all our old dwelling places among the ruins there are German signboards, newly painted in black and white.

It would take many thousands of words to paint the color of this under storm clouds, as today, or in sunshine, as yesterday, with dead woods on every slope and trenches criss-crossed through tumbled earth, and rain or sun glinting on the chunks of white wall, on the belts of rusty wire, on the thousands of abandoned shells which will never be fired from German guns, and on the litter of an army's leavings, all smashed and pounded in the mire of these fields.

But what is now so wonderful to see is the movement and life of the British armies in this battle zone. Brown tents have sprung up like mushrooms in all this territory, and thousands of horses are picketed amidst the ruins. Along the winding tracks, on the long, straight roads that go toward Cambrai and Douai, British guns have been passing to forward positions from which they are now bombarding the German lines. Freed hospitals are flying their flags in a village which was raked with machine-gun fire only a week or two ago, and there is a world of busy life, with blacksmith forges and engineering shops and lorry parks and forage stores and canteens in the fields where no man dared to raise his head above the thistles lest bullets should pierce his brain.

Like magic all this seething movement of men has taken possession of the old camping grounds, and the British soldier, with steel helmet on the back of his head, is back again among the same old ruins, hanging a bit of waterproof on the weather side, cutting up his bacon in the roofless parlor of a French cottage with only two walls and a garden gate, writing his love letters on the top of German dugouts, and sleeping, whenever sleep is possible, with a "dud" shell near by, and a barbed wire fence on which his clean shirt hangs out to dry, and a ten-foot shell crater, sloppy with rainwater, in which to wash his face on the new morning of war.

Nearer to the line some of the old British huts still stand with the new German hutments in which there is shelter from wind and rain, and the British are glad to find their old homes again.

In one of them, which was one of the headquarters, the General, who was last there and passed by again, found all the various divisional signs which had been painted over the mantelpiece still there, unspoiled. The only damage done was to the "Red Hand of Ulster," and that for some reason the Germans had scratched out.

OUR GUNS SHELL METZ FORTS

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

into our lines. The Germans explained they were lost in the woods, and had been trying for twenty hours to find Americans to whom to surrender.

METZ BRIDGE WRECKED BY AMERICAN SHELLS

Heavy Battery from One of the Forts Is Silenced by Our Artillery.

By CAMERON MACKENZIE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY, Sept. 20. — Overclouded, rain-laden days continue to impede aerial activity along the St. Mihiel front. There are encounters—sharp and vicious fights of the sky—even as below there are raids and small attacks and counterattacks. But one watches in vain for that great battle of the air which the flying legions secreted here behind both the American and German lines would make possible, and meanwhile the irrepressible boys of the United States flying force are working off their animal spirits by such diversions as "sausage" potting.

Yesterday a young American, Lieutenant Luke, brought down two enemy balloons, which made his total eleven for four days. "Jolly good!" exclaimed one of his Yankee friends, which hints at one type of result that the co-operation of the British independent air force with the Americans is having.

As for the military situation; it seems to have resolved itself in this immediate sector into a sort of slow backward crawling movement by the enemy from his impermanent positions just in front of the Hindenburg Line up toward the line itself. There is plenty of sound opinion that declares that at this point, too, the Germans are likely to go behind their ancient system of defenses. All that can really be said is that they have not yet done so.

In the interim the actual warfare on this front is being conducted by opposing arrays of banked-up artillery. The guns keep incessantly at it—big guns and little guns—with the great preponderance of fire coming from the American side.

Our Guns Wreck Bridge Near Metz.

Much of the American fire is in the direction of Metz, that immemorially fortified town, the Capital of German Lorraine. The city itself has not been bombarded, but the fifteen-mile girdle of fortifications around it has been; so also has the network of railroads leading into it, and an important bridge which used to span the Moselle near the city. The bridge is now gone.

It was for several days the chief target for the Americans and has collapsed within twenty-four hours.

The return fire from the enemy has not been particularly vigorous. Once a heavy battery opened up from within one of the forts, but under the torrential American counterfire it became silent within twenty minutes and remained like some impudent child that has been harshly reproved, meek and entirely quiescent ever since.

Many and strange are the things discoverable in the old curiosity shop of the St. Mihiel pocket. Camouflaged stovepipes have been found mounted in former German positions and pointing toward what had been the American lines. Papier-maché mortars have been hauled out of the old intrenchments.

Other evidences of the enemy's dire impoverishment of materials have been brought to light, but none more bizarre than a kind of Trojan Horse of the western front. It is a wooden tank equipped inside with nothing save eight handle bars by which it could be propelled. It was found abandoned no great distance from Thiaucourt.

American shell fire had sadly ruined it, but nevertheless it was still an eloquent witness to what it must have meant to the Germans to give up the vast supplies of every kind that they were compelled by the Americans in the course of recent operations to surrender.

MORE GERMANS IN ALSACE.

Line Opposite American Troops Is Reported Reinforced.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN ALSACE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—There are indications that the enemy has placed new troops in the line in Alsace opposite the Americans. Some parts of the front, however, apparently are not held by these new men.

An American patrol penetrated the enemy wire Thursday and walked through the town of Ammerzweiler, which was found to be deserted.

MUD SLOWS UP OUR MEN.

American Air Patrols, However, Keep Busy on Lorraine Front.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—Continued rain, which transformed everything at the front into a bog, making troop movements difficult and transport almost impossible, slowed down activities today. There was scarcely a movement on the ground, not even a patrol operation being recorded.

The aerial activity continued, despite the unfavorable weather, although in lessened degree. Some patrols scouted over the enemy lines in the rain.

Several prisoners from the 87th German Division were captured last night by an American patrol west of Vandières. This division had been in the line in this sector only a few days. It is one of the German crack divisions, and it was marched into this area from the quiet sector west of Rheims, where it had been resting.

The prisoners said the 87th would have been sent to oppose the Americans sooner, but that it had been well shot to pieces on other fronts, including that north of the Marne during the German retreat, and had been compelled to await some replacements which had been long in coming.

An American officer visited an observation post yesterday, and while there the observer saw a movement of troops on the crossroads west of the Moselle. The Germans were moving southward. The officer took charge of the situation by telephoning the artillery, which responded promptly. The gunners opened up on the roadways and a direct hit was scored on the crossroads just as two enemy squads had reached that point.

Through powerful glasses the officer saw the shot take effect, killing some of the enemy and wounding others. Great confusion followed, and after the artillerymen had fired on the crossroads and its neighborhood for ten minutes the troop movement toward the American lines ceased.

The crossroads were not used during the remainder of the day yesterday.

CONFIRMS METZ ATTACK.

Crowell Announces That Our Artillery Is Shelling the Forts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Forts of Metz, the German stronghold in Lorraine, are under fire of American guns of nine-inch and larger calibre, members of the House Military Committee were told today at their weekly conference with Acting Secretary Crowell and other War Department officials.

The identity of American troops participating in the drive that wiped out the St. Mihiel salient and brought Metz within range of the heavy guns has not been reported to the department by General Pershing.

Production of Liberty motors and of ordnance, particularly eight-inch howitzers, is increasing, the officials said. The production of motors was said to have passed 7,000, of which 2,500 have gone to the navy and the Allies.

Liberty motors now are being used in tanks.

DOUBT DIRECT DRIVE AT METZ.

Officers Point Out That Fortress Is Really 30 Miles Square.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Changes in the battle situation in France are foreshadowed by the impending capture of St. Quentin and the clearing of St. Gobain Forest, which are indicated by the unfaltering progress of the British and French armies to be only a matter of a few days. Both allied and American military officials here are confident that new blows will fall immediately upon the Germans, denying them any rest or chance to reorganize their battered units.

It now appears certain that General Pershing's First Army has for the moment completed its allotted task, having blotted out the St. Mihiel salient, and restored to allied use railways of vital importance in future operations. In addition, the Americans have established positions in the vicinity of Metz which are a direct threat at that fortress.

Many officers feel that a thrust between the two French fortresses of Rheims and Verdun, which have stood firmly against the enemy, is now to be expected with the purpose of flanking the whole German front to the north, and at the same time paving the way for a campaign against the great Metz-Thionville stronghold.

There are enormous difficulties to be faced in the breaking of the German grip on Lorraine by the reduction of Metz. It is not possible to regard that city as a single fortress which might be encircled and cut off.

GERMAN RAIDS REPULSED.

Failure of Enemy's Efforts Are Reported by Pershing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—"Renewed attempts of the enemy to raid our lines at four points in the Woevre and in the Vosges were repulsed," General Pershing's communiqué for today, as given out by the War Department, says. "Aside from artillery activity in the Woevre and in Alsace there is nothing to report."

METZ TELLS OF BOMBARDMENT

Germans Say American Long-Range Gun Was Silenced.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—Metz newspapers, according to a telegram from Berlin, publish an official statement declaring the Americans ceased their long-range bombardment of the city after firing some forty shots in three days.

"We owe the speedy cessation of the bombardment," says the statement, "to our long-range artillery, which made unpleasant a longer stay of the enemy's long-range guns in its position."

Yesterday the Metz papers published this official communication regarding the bombardment:

"The enemy for several days has been bombarding Metz with a long-range gun. Such bombardment has been always possible throughout the war and has long been expected. Modern guns have a longer range than, for example, from south of Pont-à-Mousson to Metz. The present bombardment, therefore, is in no wise connected with the fact that the enemy, after our evacuation of the St. Mihiel salient, drew nearer to the town. It is only a concomitant phenomenon of the present battles west and southwest of Metz, and will cease when these battles come to a standstill. Regulations regarding entry and departure from the fortress zone, therefore, are unaltered."

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GERMAN SOLDIERS JEER AT REPORTS

'Victorious Retreat,' Says One, 'Means Running Away with Frightful Losses.'

'HAVE LOST ALL WE GAINED'

Captured Letters Show That the Troops Realize Their Desperate Situation.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Sept. 20.—Six months ago almost to a day the enemy launched the great offensive that was to bring the Entente to its knees before American aid could redress the numerical balance in the Allies' favor. For four months the French and British, gallantly supported by such American divisions as were available, bore the brunt of the German drives. Then the situation changed dramatically when Foch struck on July 18, and now, two months later, the Allies have recovered nearly all they had lost previously.

The letter of a German soldier sums up the situation well enough:.

"In the Spring we had immense trouble to advance at the price of heavy losses. Today the French, who know how to play the game, sweep us headlong before them. We have lost all we gained before and have suffered terribly. In my battalion the companies are respectively eight, seventeen, and twenty-five men strong. You can judge from that how we are retreating 'according to a strategic plan, with trifling losses.'"

Another writes with equal bitterness:

"We are taking part in 'a victorious retreat.' In plain language that means we are running away with frightful losses."

More than a month ago I quoted the opinion of a French officer that the situation justified "the highest hopes." How much more is that the case today, when Foch's hand is strengthened by two trumps of inestimable value.

The first is the American Army, then a force in training, now a force in being, whose irresistible physical superiority more than compensates for its lack of war practice. That such is the case was proved at St. Mihiel.

Secondly, the allied Generalissimo has a tremendous advantage in the fact that the extension of the battle-front beyond the central Arras-Rheims sector threatens the enemy even more gravely that an attack between those two points.

In the early days of July, when France was awaiting the Germans' "final stroke," we knew that a blow against Verdun or Nancy could not be a "knockout," whatever its success. To win a decision before the Americans were ready Hindenburg was forced to initiate a movement against Paris and the main force of the allied armies.

Now Foch has sufficient troops in hand to undertake operations outside the German reserve accumulation centres.

Such operations may have no less importance than those already in progress against the sector between Arras and the Forest of St. Gobain, where the greater part of the German forces in France is concentrated and being wasted in futile counterattacks.

The German reserves have been used up in meeting the allied attacks upon the Hindenburg line. What forces can the enemy command to resist the whole weight of America's new armies?

GERMANS KILL EIGHT AMERICANS IN HOSPITAL

Officers Say the Shells Were Aimed Deliberately—Attendants Behave Heroically.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 19, (Associated Press.)—Eight Americans were killed when a clearing hospital was hit by a German shell on Wednesday night. The enemy threw a large number of high explosive projectiles into the region of the hospital on two successive nights, and finally hit a large tent where gassed patients were under treatment.

A large red cross against a field of white had been laid on the ground before the hospital, so that it could be observed by German aviators. Officers say that the Germans were deliberately firing on the hospital, as there are no woods near where troops might be concealed.

The majority of the Americans killed in the hospital were privates who had been gassed recently west of Vandières. Several members of the Medical Corps were among the injured.

The shell struck the hospital about midnight, and there was great confusion, owing to the darkness. Other shells continued to fall in the near vicinity of the hospital.

Officers speak in the highest terms of the heroic efforts of the attendants to relieve the suffering of the wounded. Every member of the staff did all that was possible, despite the danger from the other shells. The nurses at the hospital are men, as women nurses are not allowed so near the front.

Boyau, French Ace, Is Missing.

PARIS, Sept. 20. — Sub-Lieutenant Boyau, one of the famous French aces, is reported today to have been missing since Wednesday. He is credited with thirty-two aerial victories.

Official Reports of the Day's Operations

British

LONDON, Sept. 20.

Night Report—During this morning Scottish troops completed the capture of Moeuvres, overcoming the resistance of a party of the enemy who were still holding out in the village.

This morning after a heavy bombardment the enemy delivered a strong local attack on our positions northwest of Hulluch. The attack was completely repulsed, and a number of prisoners were left in our hands.

English troops carried out successfully minor operations northwest of La Bassée this morning, advancing their line on a front of more than two and one-half miles as far as the villages of Rue du Marais and La Tourelle. More than 100 prisoners were captured, and a hostile counterattack later in the day was beaten off in sharp fighting.

Day Report—At midday yesterday English troops attacked in the Lempire-Epehy sector. In spite of considerable opposition and in the face of heavy artillery and machine gun fire, valuable progress was made to a depth of over a mile beyond the line previously gained by us in this locality.

The strong point known as Malassise Farm was captured after obstinate resistance, and with it a number of small woods, posts, and defensive localities, a part of our old defensive system.

On the northern portion of the battlefront we last night attacked and recaptured Moeuvres. Here also the enemy's resistance was obstinate. The fighting is still continuing.

A few prisoners were captured by us in local engagements on other parts of the front, and northwest of Hulluch. North of Lens a hostile raiding party was repulsed.

French

PARIS, Sept. 20.

Night Report—(Summary; no text received.) French troops have made progress east of Essigny-le-Grand and the Moisy Farm, on the Picardy front, south of St. Quentin. Artillery activity continues in the region of St. Quentin and along the Aisne sector.

Day Report—In the region of St. Quentin the French troops late last night captured Essigny-le-Grand and made additional prisoners.

East of the Ailette the night was marked by violent enemy reactions. Five different German counterattacks were broken up before our new positions north of Allemant and east of Moisy Farm. The enemy suffered very heavy losses without obtaining the least results.

On our side we occupied territory west of Aizy and northeast of Vailly. An enemy attempt to cross the Vesle at Jonchery was broken up.

Our patrols penetrated the enemy lines northwest of Souain (Champagne) and brought back prisoners.

German

BERLIN, Sept. 20, (via London.)

Day Report — Infantry engagements northeast of Bixschoote and south of Ypres were successful for us. A British thrust northwest of Hulluch was repulsed.

In local operations at Moeuvres and in the Havrincourt Wood we made prisoners. In Moeuvres we blew up numerous enemy shelters.

On the battlefield early in the morning there was a vigorous firing engagement. Strong counterattacks which the enemy several times repeated against Gouzeaucourt and on both sides of Epehy were repulsed. Here the Bavarian and Prussian riflemen distinguished themselves.

After the strongest fire the enemy in the morning and in the afternoon directed combined attacks against our lines between Omignon Rivulet and the Somme River. These attacks yesterday failed everywhere.

North of the Aisne during enterprises around the Vauraina Farm and west of Jouy we took 130 prisoners. As a result of our artillery preparation for the undertaking west of Jouy an intense attack made by the enemy was not fully developed and was repulsed.

Lieutenant Buechner achieved his thirtieth aerial victory.

DESTRUCTION BY FOE TO BE MORE THOROUGH

German Army Ordered to Use More Method and Less Haste in Razing Towns.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—German troops recently were ordered to be more methodical in the destruction of property in the regions evacuated by them. An order from the commander of the 108th Infantry Brigade to the rear guards, dated Sept. 3, says:

"A recent army order demands that we proceed in the future with more method and less haste in the destruction of indicated property. The divisions already have been notified that they will be held responsible for buildings not destroyed in their areas. In consequence all preparation should be made for firing, (straw collected, &c.)

"Lieutenant Krause with his platoon already has received special orders regarding the destruction of certain localities. He is to destroy the northern section of Commenohon, Ugny-le-Gay, Villequier-Aumont, le Caisnel, Failleuel, Frieres-Failleuel, and the roads joining them with Mennessis as well as the bridges on the roads west.

"All soldiers are bound to assist to the best of their ability in the execution of this mission. The rear guard battalions will select groups to complete the work of destruction. These detachments will not set fire to things until the right moment. It will be remembered that there are means to defile all wells. Mines must not be exploded too soon."

The villages mentioned in the above order are west of La Fère and are now held by the French. They were given up by the Germans in their retirement from Ham early in September.

REBUFF TO VIENNA DELIGHTS PARIS

Polite Answer That Transmits Clemenceau's Speech Causes Chuckles.

MOOD IS ALL FOR VICTORY

Great Events Believed to be Imminent — Expect Further Enemy Withdrawal.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—Paris learned this morning with delighted chuckles that France disdained to make any formal reply to the Austrian note. The chuckles were not due to the fact that no reply was to be sent, but to the manner in which the Government had intimated its intention, in which Paris recognized with delight another example of the inimitable Clemenceau touch.

"In acknowledging the receipt from the Swiss Minister in Paris of the Austro-Hungarian note, forwarded through him," formally runs the quaint little official communiqué specially issued for the occasion, "M. Pichon attached to his letter a copy of the official journal containing the speech of M. Clemenceau in the Senate as constituting the reply of the Government of the republic to the note from the Cabinet of Vienna."

The polite official acknowledgment was the work, of course, of the Foreign Minister, M. Pichon, but all would have realized that only the Tiger could have accomplished the bitter irony of inclosing with it the copy of his speech which has stirred all France to more dogged determination than ever.

The satisfactory news arriving every day from all parts of the front has keyed the people here to an even higher pitch of calm confidence in the future.

Hopes are steadily growing that even if the Germans are not driven out of France before Christmas they will at least have been pressed back to the frontiers.

The expectation is becoming stronger that great events are imminent at several points on the front, and especially that portion specially identified with American troops.

That enigmatic American army, as it is now styled here, which seems to be silently waiting for its call from Foch on France's Eastern borders, is the subject of constantly increasing speculation, which has been enormously stimulated by the news that American guns have been for some time heavily bombarding Metz [fortifications.]

Expert opinion here, however, persists in regarding the front between the Scarpe and Oise as the most important sector of the colossal battle now in progress. That is to say, the front from Arras to La Fère. A vast proportion of this sector is entirely in the British theatre of operations and it is there that is slowly working itself out that part of Foch's plan which will in all probability have the greatest influence on the whole strategic future of the war in France.

The Germans, it is evident from the stubbornness with which they are resisting on this line, realize this fact to the full. It was to obtain this superb vantage ground from a military point of view that they made their onslaught through Belgium and it is in this area that their finest troops have always been concentrated.

No matter what contributory factors may develop elsewhere, considered opinion here still agrees that it is in this region before the British and its hinterland, the cockpit of Europe of the old Napoleonic days, that the Germans will receive their deathblow as a military power.

Paris is well content with the way things are going. Unity of command, it is felt, is being transformed through the genius of Foch into universal victory. The Turks have been beaten in Palestine and Mesopotamia, the Bulgars are being beaten in Macedonia, the Austrians are beaten on the Piave.

All the Kaiser's accomplices are being brought nearer and nearer to the date when their accounts must be paid, while the Germans are being steadily beaten from the Yser to Nancy and Bolshevism is being throttled.

The allied barometer never pointed more steadily to "fair."

ITALIANS APPLAUD WILSON.

His Reply to Austria Regarded with Intense Satisfaction in Rome.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 20.—General opinion here regarding President Wilson's reply to the Austrian note is one of intense satisfaction and admiration, many saying in such a case that he who answers quickly doubles the value of his pronouncement. President Wilson's opinion regarding secret diplomacy is not new to Italy. A distinguished political man said: "Once again America's great President, brushing aside the cloud of commonplace and intentional ambiguities, has voiced the moral sense of the whole world, relieving us Italians from an instinctive apprehension lest those less experienced in Austria's tortuous diplomacy should accede in the smallest degree to that poisonous peace offensive which is infinitely more dangerous than her military effort. Once again Americans have every right to feel proud of their President.

Congressman La Guardia, who is at the front as a Major commanding an American aviation section, when a statement was shown to him reporting Congressmen's approval of the reply to the Austrian note, said:

"I also approve the peremptory refusal of the Austrian offer and the reply of the Secretary of State. I believe it most desirable to reiterate the terms of peace as contained in the Presidential message last February, divided into fourteen clauses. I think the Austrian proposal is entirely for home consumption, aiming also at the moral effect on the troops on this front, but Italian soldiers won't forget the lesson last year of Austrian specialists distorting statements for their own purposes.

"A repetition of the Entente's terms will embarrass the Austrian Government when they try to explain to their own people the forced necessity to continue the war. Our terms interest all the nationalities subject to Austria. Hence the advisability of keeping such terms fresh in the minds of the masses in enemy countries."

FOES OF PAN GERMANS BUSY ON COMBINATION

Berlin Seethes with Political Excitement — Social Democrats Organizing Peace Meetings.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—Wilhelmstrasse, the Reichstag Building, and other places in Berlin are as busy as ant heaps. Conferences of all kinds are being held and active conversations are proceeding between party leaders and members of the Government.

So far, it appears, it has not been possible to make a coalition of the majority parties as united as was that of last year, but negotiations are still going on with a view to presenting a solid front against the Pan Germans. The more progressive elements in the coalition appear determined to endeavor so to arrange matters that the majority of the Reichstag will have a lasting and deciding influence on the Government.

The revised Brest treaties appear to be recognized widely as a serious stumbling-block in the way of any progress toward peace. Herr Gothein, in the Berliner Tageblatt, says that the Reichstag can only agree to the treaties if the right of self-determination is fully and freely given to the frontier peoples.

The Socialist Majority Party has arranged a series of "peace meetings" throughout the country.

READY FOR GERMAN REVOLT.

Threat of Rapid Repression Made by Government, It Is Said.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—Because of the aggravation of the internal situation in Germany, which continues to grow, the German Government has taken measures to assure "rapid and pitiless repression" in case of revolt, a Zurich dispatch reports today.

IGNORE CALL OF GERMANY.

Majority of Kaiser's Subjects in Switzerland Will Not Return.

BERNE, Switzerland, Sept. 20.—The German authorities in Berlin have instructed all Germans discharged from the army and living in Switzerland to return to Germany for work in the rear of the fighting line, especially in guarding prisoners.

German subjects here show little inclination to respond to the call, and it is believed that 75 per cent. of the 10,000 Germans affected will refuse to return to Germany.

KILLED BY THIRD RAIL.

Gottesfeld's Wet Clothes, Conveying Current, Shocks Several.

While attempting to jump on the rear platform of a moving elevated train at the Rockaway Parkway station in the Canarsie section of Brooklyn, last night Max Gottesfeld of 35 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, a flagman employed by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, slipped, fell upon the third rail, and was killed by the electric current.

The body was later discovered by the motorman of an approaching train. Half a dozen men who attempted to remove the body from the third rail were knocked down by the electrical charge. On account of the rain the clothing of the man had become wet and conducted the current. The body could not be removed until the power had been cut off. Gottesfeld was 33 years old and married.

GERMANS FOR WORLD UNITY.

Army Represented at Meeting Held to Push Plan.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—At a meeting at Kiel of the German Society for International Law, which was attended by representatives of the Foreign Office, the supreme army command, and the Navy Department, a resolution was passed to appoint a commission to draft proposals which should govern the organization of a league of nations.

SCHEIDEMANN TALKS PLAINLY OF FUTURE

If the Entente Refuses Peace, Can We Trust the Government to Mobilize Nation.

IT ROUSED MANY FOES

Always for Monarchy, Never for Masses—Socialist Hits at "Crownlet" Policy.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—Philip Scheidemann, leader of the Majority Socialist Party in Germany, contributes an outspoken article on the Vorwärts, entitled "New Thrones or New Popular Rights," in which he lashes out at the powers that be. He draws a picture of the Kaiser's brother-in-law sitting with his professor learning Finnish, so that he may be able to utter a few sentences in the mother tongue of the Finns when he becomes the heredity fathr of Finland."

"But to speak openly," says Scheidemann, "It is simply scandalous that a thing of this kind is possible. Though the Kaiser's brother-in-law has been officially informed that he goes to Finland at his own risk and peril, that is not sufficient, for it has not turned the Prince from his intention. He must be plainly told that this is something more than a personal adventure; that it may mean a new civil war, perhaps even a new world war.

"The Finns do not want you, Herr Landgrave; let that be said plainly to you. Those evil-boding ravens who offered you the Finnish throne have not got the people behind them, but determinedly against them."

Scheidemann severely condemns the Government for not standing up against those German elements which traffic "in crownlets" and declares that, judging by all the signs the conflict will be fought out elsewhere. He goes on: "The majority of the Reichstag will, it is hoped, show no hesitation in demonstrating how thoroughly it condemns this mummery."

Neither in Germany nor among the peoples of the East, he says, does any one wish autocratic rights to be increased or new kings set up. What the people everywhere want is increased stability of popular rights. The people wish to take their destinies in their own hands, and, therefore, the fullest political equality must be introduced everywhere.

Scheideman says that he is astonished at the tremendous regard of the Government for monarchical privileges and its complete lack of understanding regarding the needs and demands of the masses.

He proceeds to address himself this question. "What will happen if the Entente decides not to conclude peace with us under any circumstances?" Then he says that it would be a case of mobilizing the country's last strength; but he goes on, "Could that national defence be organized by a government which carefully did everything to avoid a conflict with those military factors controlling our politics, a government which had by its shortsighted policy mobilized the Poles, Lithuanians, Courlanders, Esthonians, Livonians and Finns against us?

It is not clear in Scheidemann's mind and among those of his circle that it is highly unlikely that the Entente will consent to discuss peace with the present autocrats of Germany and their willing instruments.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA TALES AMUSE FRENCH

Story That Overpraise for Our Work at St. Mihiel Has Angered Poilus Circulated by Foe.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—German wireless propaganda asserting that the French press has produced a bad effect among French soldiers by overpraise of General Pershing's army for the way in which the St. Mihiel salient was cleaned out, has caused much amusement in the French Army.

The enthusiasm over the efficiency with which the operation was planned and executed has not diminished. Soldiers still speak in letters home of the work done by their overseas Allies, drawing reassuring conclusions from the complete success of the Americans. The French press has gone no further than officers who rarely fail to mention the work of General Pershing's Staff and troops in their conversation.

The German wireless bases its assertions upon the fact that the French papers, after "exalting the rôle of the American Army," dwelt upon the aid given by French aviators in the operations. There is no indication, however, that what has been published is anything more than a fair recognition of the French airmen's work in the action.

The German radiograms have dilated upon the heroism of the 35th Austro-Hungarian Division which was charged with the duty of covering the retreat from St. Mihiel. This also provokes smiles in the French Army in view of the fact that the French unit which was opposed to this division and which took 2,579 prisoners from it, lost only one man killed and forty-six wounded.

GUN NEST UNDER A CROSS.

Germans Selected a Cemetery as a Barrier to Our Advance.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN LORRAINE, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—In a cemetery near Limey, just within the German lines previous to the attack of Sept. 12, American troops have discovered German machine gun nests beneath the concrete pedestals of a large cross. The Germans had dug in along the centre of the foundation and constructed machine gun positions at three places facing toward the French lines. The cemetery is on a hill commanding a view of the country of the south, and the Germans assumed that if an attack were made the cemetery would not be subjected to artillery fire.

When the Franco-American offensive started the Germans held the machine gun nests in the cemetery as long as possible, but were compelled to retreat in haste before they could use the guns. So hurried was the enemy retirement that several machine guns were found in the cemetery by the Americans. The cemetery was not hit by shells, and the cross still stands.

PULITZER IN WAR SERVICE.

Late Editor's Son and Namesake Training for Naval Aviation.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Joseph Pulitzer, son of the late proprietor of The New York World, and himself editor of The St. Louis Post-Dispatch, has completed his detention period in Camp Farragut, and today began at the Great Lakes Naval Station his special training for a commission in the Naval Aviation Corps.

He has already received a rating as a chief petty officer by the Bureau of Navigation as Chief Quartermaster in Aviation. Mr. Pulitzer wanted to enter the flying school, but was disqualified for physical reasons, and had to be content with the ground school.

Mr. Pulitzer is 33 years old and has a wife and two children in St. Louis. He enlisted two months ago, but was not called until three weeks ago.

Air Brake Machinists Called Out.

WATERTOWN, Sept. 20.—A general strike order, to become effective next Tuesday, has been issued by the local machinists' union, calling out the 3,000 machinists employed at the three local munition plants of the New York Air Brake Company. The strike order is the result of disagreements over wages. The Federal Trade Board has been notified in an effort to adjust differences.

HAIG'S TROOPS NOW IN THEIR OLD LINES

On a Large Part of the Front They Have Wiped Out Spring Losses.

MAURICE URGES PRESSURE

Wants It Continued on Western Front and Again Deprecates Eastern Enterprises.

By Major Gen. Sir FREDERICK B. MAURICE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The British Army continues to take a big share in the work on the western front, and the enemy's nervousness on the Cambrai-Douai front, which is of such vital importance to him, is obviously increasing daily. You can't fool all the people all the time, and now that Ludendorff has completed his much-advertised shortening of the front and got his troops into the Hindenburg line, he must, for the sake of public opinion at home, hold on to it for at least a time. This he cannot do if he loses Douai and Cambrai.

Sir Douglas Haig's attack of the 18th was intended to take his troops from Gouzeaucourt southward into the positions which they held on March 20. It was in no sense an attempt to assault the main Hindenburg line, and still less was it an attempt to capture Cambrai and St. Quentin. In many places our men got beyond their old lines, and the advance being continued on parts of the front of attack during the night of the 18th and 19th and yesterday morning, they occupied outpost positions in front of the main Hindenburg line at a number of points.

It is quite obvious that the enemy intended to keep us at a distance from his main positions if he could, for no one would lose 8,000 prisoners in defense of an outpost position. The French on our right carried out a corresponding advance immediately west and south of St. Quentin with equal success.

Losses of Last March Made Good.

We are now, from Moeuvres southward, everywhere in close touch with the Hindenburg main line, and have on this section of the front regained all the ground lost in March, with the one exception of that portion of the Hindenburg line west of Cambrai which we held at the end of the battle of last November which saw the first big surprise attack by tanks. Between Moeuvres and Arleux, to the west of Douai, thanks to the victory of Sept. 2, we stand in new ground well beyond the northern extension of the Hindenburg line, while from Lens northward to Neuve Chapelle we have been quietly pushing into new territory, and Fosse 8, "The Dump," and Auchy-lez-La-Bassée, which were scenes of desperate and bloody fighting at the time of the battle of Loos, passed into our hands almost without attracting attention and at insignificant cost.

All that now remains to the enemy of his gains of the Spring are the ruins of Armentières and Wytschaete and Passchendaele Ridge, while to the west of Douai he has lost ground of great importance. Our French and American allies have the St. Mihiel salient to set against the Chemin des Dames, on which the enemy's hold daily, thanks to General Mangin's efforts, is becoming more precarious. Thus, we may say, without exaggeration, that within two months, dating from Foch's counterattack of July 18, the enemy's gains of the previous four months have been fully balanced.

How anxious the pressure which Sir Douglas Haig is maintaining with such skill on the Cambrai-Douai front is making the enemy is shown by the counterattack which he made on Wednesday to the west of Cambrai with such disastrous results to himself. We have never on the western front made an attack which failed completely, but we have made a number which only met with very partial success, and we know how costly such experiments are.

The enemy's attack on a front of about twelve miles from Trescault, southwest of Cambrai, to the Cambrai-Douai Road, collapsed everywhere before our defense, and the enemy did not gain the smallest advantage. This is splendid testimony to the spirit and endurance of our troops, who now have been fighting almost continuously for many weeks in the wilderness which the enemy created in front of the Hindenburg line, with little or no shelter from the weather, which lately has been wet and stormy. It also means that another severe strain has been thrown upon the enemy's man power resources.

Before the American victory at St. Mihiel, before Sir Douglas Haig's attack of the 18th which yielded 8,000 prisoners, and before this last costly failure, Ludendorff had been forced to reduce his divisions to 191, a reduction of fifteen in the last two months. These last events mean that either he must put in his 1920 class at once or he must break up still more divisions.

Continuous Pressure Urged.

Now is the time to keep up pressure upon the enemy before Marshal Winter intervenes and, by putting a stop to active operations, gives him a chance of getting his wind. By hook or by crook, we must manage to keep up the strength of our army in France and enable Sir Douglas Haig to carry on as he has been doing for the last six weeks.

It therefore is disappointing to learn that we met with a reverse at Baku. Like most of our troubles in the East, this has arisen from our getting to the spot too late, with the result that we thrust our hands into a hornet's nest, and had to scuttle with the loss of a number of valuable lives and of considerable prestige.

Now that it is clear to every one, except to those who won't see that the final defeat of Germany is only a question of placing troops in sufficient numbers on the western front, it must be equally clear that the war is prolonged by every extraneous enterprise which keeps out of France soldiers who might be there.

"The blaze up of the other fronts" makes a very good headline, but it doesn't defeat Germany. By the defeat of Germany we make ourselves secure everywhere. If Germany is not defeated we are secure nowhere. This is blatantly obvious, but apparently it still needs to be stated.

DANES WELCOME RIIS.

Glad He Has Come to Represent Our Information Bureau.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 20.—The establishment of a branch office of the American Committee of Public Information at Copenhagen is welcomed by the Danish press as a step in the right path toward a better understanding.

The absence of such an understanding, it is asserted, is partly responsible for the friction sometimes created by the ill-informed articles in certain Danish and American papers.

It is realized here that the program of the American Director of Public Information in Denmark, Edward V. Riis, is perfectly straightforward.

The Social Demokraten, commenting on the appointment, says that the press intelligence service during the war will develop into an official Government press department. The Danish Foreign Office long ago established a special press department for public information. It adds:

"America has now taken an opportunity to pay Denmark a handsome compliment in intrusting so well known and prominent a Danish-American with the work of the American Committee of Public Information in Denmark."

The Social Demokraten describes Mr. Riis as the best type of American, and adds:

"Our impression is that the son of Jacob Riis has come to Denmark with the best outlook for a kindly understanding of Danish interests."

PRAISES MT. VERNON'S CREW

Passenger Deems Secretary Baker's Encomiums Inadequate.

The praise given by Secretary Baker to the officers and crew of the Mount Vernon for their conduct and discipline while getting the big army transport back to a French port after she was torpedoed on Sept. 6, about 200 miles off shore, was not full enough, according to Dr. Carl Holliday, Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences in Toledo University, who was returning from France on the transport.

"No praise can be extravagant for the men who took that ship back to port," said Dr. Holliday. "The torpedo struck while we were all at breakfast, but there was no panic whatever. Everybody knew instantly that the ship had been struck, but those men marched out in files, singing marching songs they had learned at the front.

"When we reached our boat stations we saw the sailors coming up. Some had been injured by the explosion, which was so violent that it broke glasses on the table in the dining saloon. But when those sailors were told by their officers that there was a chance to save the ship every man, even the injured, went back below to work. The engines did not stop and the men did not leave their posts until the ship was safe in port.

"Bucket brigades were organized to bail out the water as it poured in at the hole made by the torpedo, and as the men worked they sang to the accompaniment of a piano, played by a negro, who kept the music going hour after hour. Injured men insisted upon doing their part, and wounded soldiers who were coming back maintained that their wounds were not serious enough to prevent them from giving the sailors a hand. It was a magnificent exhibition of American discipline and valor."

FRENCH GIRLS SEE THE CITY.

Scholarship Students Entertained on Their Way to Schools.

Private automobiles yesterday took the sixty-two French girl students who have just arrived in this city after winning scholarships in American colleges, to see the sights of the city. Many of them left New York last evening for their school destinations, and the remainder will go today.

At different points along their routes they will be met and entertained by representatives of the Young Women's Christian Association and the Association of Collegiate Alumnae. On Thursday evening the members of the French High Commission were invited to meet them at the National Y. W. C. A. headquarters, Fifty-second Street and Lexington Avenue. A hundred more of the scholarship girls are expected within a few days.

ALLENBY RESUMES PALESTINE DRIVE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

advanced troops in clearing the coastal roads with their gunfire.

The operations continue. By 8 P. M. of the 19th more than 3,000 prisoners had passed through our corps cages and many more were reported as not having been counted. Large quantities of material have been taken.

El Mugeir is the junction of several roads, and its capture will prevent the Turks from escaping eastward. There are 18,000 Turks on the west and 6,000 on the east. General Allenby now is behind the main Turkish force west of the Jordan, which will have difficulty in extricating itself, especially as the Arabs have cut the Hedjas Railway east of Lake Tiberius.

El Rafat is at the foot of Mount Ephraim, to the southwest, where the sixty-mile Anglo-Egyptian front makes a curve on its way from near Arsuf el Haram, on the sea, southwest to the Mandesi Ford on the Jordan and thence due south to the Dead Sea.

A twelve-mile advance of Allenby would take him over the highway which the Turks have been holding from Kulat-Ras-el-Ain, on the Lydda-Damascus Railway, to the point where it crosses the Anglo-Egyptian front on its way to Jerusalem, and doubtless gives him a considerable advance on the railway itself.

The immediate objective of Allenby is Damascus; his remote objective, which is associated with the advance of General Marshall in Mesopotamia, 700 miles to the east, is Aleppo, where there is said to be a single division of German troops in addition to the Turks.

Because of the heat it has been the "closed" season in Palestine for nearly four months, and little has been heard of Allenby since May 1, when he took Es-Salt and 33 German and 317 Turkish prisoners, and reached a point on the railway 110 miles from Damascus.

ENTERTAIN PRINCE AXEL.

President Wilson Gives a Luncheon and Secretary Lansing a Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—President and Mrs. Wilson entertained a small party at luncheon today in honor of Prince Axel of Denmark, an officer of the Danish Navy.

Secretary and Mrs. Lansing entertained at dinner tonight in compliment to Prince Axel and officers of his suite. Those present, besides the Minister from Denmark and Secretary Daniels, were Rear Admiral Grant of the British Navy, Admiral Benson, U. S. N., and Mrs. Benson; Assistant Secretary of State William Phillips, Third Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Breckenridge Long, Representative and Mrs. John Jacob Rogers, Mrs. Newton D. Baker, Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, Mrs. John W. Davis, wife of the newly-appointed Ambassador to Great Britain; Mrs. Hugh Campbell Wallace, Mrs. Borden Harriman, Miss Bertha Bolling, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, and Commander Adolphus Andrews, U. S. N., who will act as escort for the Prince's party on their tour of navy yards and stations.

Madame da Gama, wife of the retiring Ambassador from Brazil, has returned from her Summer home at Long Branch to arrange for dismantling the former embassy in Massachusetts Avenue, which will be given up with the departure of the Ambassador, who sails shortly for Rio. Madame da Gama will not accompany her husband to South America, as she intends to spend the Winter in New York.

Mrs. Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, left town today for a short visit to North Carolina, to take part in a conference of the Y. W. C. A. War Workers.

How About That Sleeping-Porch?

Or maybe it is a garage you are going to build; alterations in the front stairway or the problem of indirect lighting. Whatever it is you want advice about in building a new house or altering an old one, an expert will tell you if you write to The Delineator. This is typical of the service The Delineator renders its readers.

The Delineator
The Magazine In One Million Homes

Spruce Blue Suits Autumn Weight Flannel, $30.00

PURE wool from lambto lapel. Executed in my own John David Fashion-Models. Also good-looking Oxford Gray Suits and Intermixed Patterns, $30. Heather-Blended Top-coats, smart as can be, $30.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

THE LATE CARDINAL.

Full page photograph reproduced in the finest style of rotogravure engraving of the late Cardinal Farley, in the Rotogravure-Picture Section tomorrow. The Cardinal is shown wearing his great ermine cape and his full official robes as a member of the College of Cardinals. Order today.—Advt.

GERMANY WILLING TO DISCUSS PEACE

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

progress which is in the interest of humanity.

The Austro-Hungarian Government's offer is still open.

Friedrich von Payer, the German Imperial Vice Chancellor, who was on vacation in Stuttgart, was unexpectedly recalled to Berlin and returned there today, says the Berlin Tageblatt.

London Thinks Joint Reply Unlikely.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—As the Austrian note inviting the belligerents to a conference was not a collective one, but addressed to each Government separately, it is regarded as unlikely that any joint reply on the part of the Allies will be forthcoming.

Moreover, it is pointed out, the attitude of the Entente Powers has been made sufficiently clear by responsible Ministers for the European countries, as has that of the United States by President Wilson.

GERMANS SPREADING ARMISTICE RUMORS

Expect Switzerland to Make the Appeal — Think Wilson's Reply Too Hurried.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 20.—"Wilson and his Secretary of State were in a great hurry," says the Frankfurter Zeitung, referring to the American answer to the Austrian note.

"One receives the impression," the paper continues, "that the gentleman ruling in Washington, whom the American Constitution allows to act with the same absolutism as European Princes, has hurried forward with this rejection. It is not even certain that the American Government had officially received the note when the Reuter Agency announced the reply. But even if this is the case the answer was delivered hastily.

"One might think that a step of such colassal importance for the whole world would require careful thought and consideration, but Wilson and Lansing soon finished their reply and one hardly does them an injustice when one supposes that their leading viewpoint was first to be uttered in order to give tone for the Entente as well as for the American press."

The paper refers to President Wilson's fourteen points, asserting that if these are the only conditions for peace it is impossible to understand how any peace can ever be concluded except by a decisive Entente victory. It adds that a statement is expected from the Reichstag.

There was a deluge of reports today regarding an expected armistice. These reports emanate from various places, but can mostly be traced back to Cologne. Dr. Solf is expected in Switzerland soon to instruct himself on the international situation, it is reported, but his visit doubtless is connected with another move in the peace offensive. A Cologne report says that the Swiss paper Feuille d'Avis speaks of a probable proposal of a three months' armistice by Switzerland.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung says: "Can any one believe that Wilson, Clemenceaus, Lloyd George and Balfour will want a conciliatory peace? Today there is only one thing for us, victory or defeat! It now means that all must pull together and look things clearly in the eye. Our brave army, which has fought against a world of enemies under Hindenburg and Ludendorff and now stands far in the enemy's territory, will not fail to give the Entente the answer which will bring peace nearer."

The same paper asserts that the U-boat war has become very intense on the American coast north of Cape May recently, so much so that the American war press has expressed dissatisfaction with the means of defense.

ADVISED BELGIUM TO TELL PEACE OFFER

England Prevailed on King, Who Wanted It Kept Secret for People's Sake.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—It was on Aug. 23 that Belgium received the offer of a separate peace from Germany through Count Toerring, brother-in-law of Queen Elizabeth of Belgium. King Albert immediately transmitted the offer to all of the Allies with the request that it be kept secret for all time. He had no lack of confidence in the courage of his people or their willingness to stay in the war with the Allies to the end, but he did not wish unnecessarily to subject them to the mental agony of even thinking about and putting aside the chance of temporary relief after four years of war and invasion.

France, England, America, and Italy all respected this request for secrecy until England finally convinced the Belgian Government that the whole matter should be made public. England had no fear of the effect and no lack of confidence in the public or their willingness to put aside this temptation of the devil to weaken and play false with the Allies.

The offer to Belgium was a military manoeuvre pure and simple. In 1914, when Germany had the numerical advantage in troops, she wanted the long battlefront offered by an attack on France through Belgium. Now that she is outnumbered, on the run and doomed to defensive warfare to the bitter end, she wishes a short front to reduce the ways of approach to German territory by the oncoming, victorious allied armies. Hence, the impudent suggestion to Belgium, which she invaded four years ago, to become suddenly neutral and thus stop the passage of the allied troops.

FOUND OUR ARMY FURIOUS.

Peace Offensive Angered Our Men, Says English Correspondent.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Telegraphing under Wednesday's date, Reuter's correspondent at American Headquarters says:

"I have been at pains to sound the sentiments of the American Army on the enemy's peace offensive, with a result startlingly convincing. I was prepared for firmness, but I found rather a feeling of suppressed fury at the thought of any terms being made with the Hun until he had yielded his arms and asked for mercy.

"Peace on that basis is the only kind that will satisfy the American soldiers. Their unanimity and inflexibility on this point are remarkable, and it must be remembered that the American Army is not only a fine fighting force, but is going to be an enormous political force. A concrete body of 6,000,000 men, even if it grows no larger, trained by bitter experience to a common view, is going to have an influence on the policy of the United States which nothing can withstand.

"Moreover, since we are dependent on American resources to bring the war to a conclusion, we may also count on its being concluded in a fashion that will be in agreement with American determination."

FEARS FOR EUROPE'S KULTUR.

Saxon Official Deplores Allies' "Wild Aims as to Destruction."

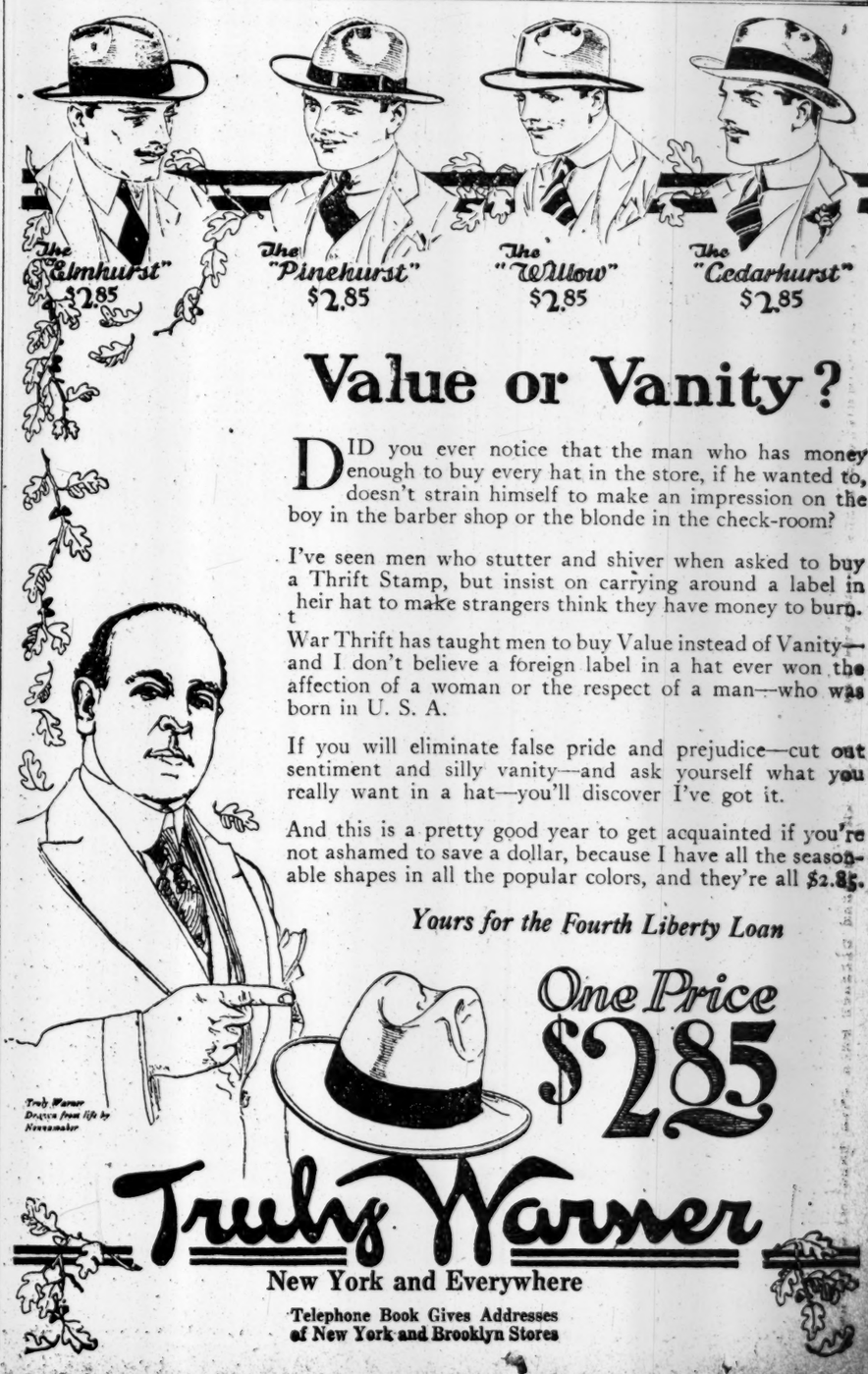
AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—In speaking at a dinner given by the Town Council of Leipsic in honor of Swiss guests, Count von Vitzthum d'Eckstadt, the Saxon Foreign Minister, spoke of the German peace aspirations as follows:

"The reason for our readiness for peace is not a consciousness of weakness, but a sober recognition of the fact that endless prolongation of the war must lead to a collapse of European kultur. * * * No Pan German politician, let alone any German statesman, has ever revealed in any speech such wild aims as to destruction as the official leaders of our enemies have done since the outbreak of the war, and are doing today.

"We know this paroxysm of hate is not a sign of real strength, but only designed to deceive neutrals and kindle the exhausted war passion of their own countries.

"When, however, for the same purpose, an American street rabble murders before the eyes of the authorities, and with terrible tortures, peaceful Germans and German-Americans in the United States, and their murderers are acquitted in American courts, we have the right to characterize as hypocritical all moralizing interference by that country in our internal affairs.

"German order should be able to stand in comparison with American lynch kultur. We are no nation of wild conquerors. The Government has no sympathy with Pan-Germanic demands, but we are also not a nation of slaves."



Value or Vanity?

DID you ever notice that the man who has money enough to buy every hat in the store, if he wanted to, doesn't strain himself to make an impression on the boy in the barber shop or the blonde in the check-room?

I've seen men who stutter and shiver when asked to buy a Thrift Stamp, but insist on carrying around a label in their hat to make strangers think they have money to burn.

War Thrift has taught men to buy Value instead of Vanity—and I don't believe a foreign label in a hat ever won the affection of a woman or the respect of a man—who was born in U. S. A.

If you will eliminate false pride and prejudice—cut out sentiment and silly vanity—and ask yourself what you really want in a hat—you'll discover I've got it.

And this is a pretty good year to get acquainted if you're not ashamed to save a dollar, because I have all the seasonable shapes in all the popular colors, and they're all $2.85.

Yours for the Fourth Liberty Loan

One Price $2.85

Truly Warner

New York and Everywhere

Telephone Book Gives Addresses of New York and Brooklyn Stores

GERMAN-LED REDS ROUTED IN NORTH

Karelian Troops Inflict Heavy Loss and Pursue Foe Fleeing in Disorder.

AID FOR IMPERILED CZECHS

General Gaida Massing Army in Siberia to Relieve Forces in European Russia.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—In Northern Russia Karelian troops severely defeated forces led by German officers at Ukhtinskaya, says an official statement issued by the War Office today. The battle took place Wednesday. Subjoined is the text of the communication:

On the Dvina the largest of the enemy's armored steamers has been captured.

On the Murmansk front there have been several encounters between Karelians and hostile patrols who crossed the frontier into Karelia from Finland. The Karelians have been uniformly successful.

In a severe defeat of German-led forces at Ukhtinskaya the enemy suffered heavily and was pursued while in disorderly retreat. Thousands of rifles and many boats were captured.

TOKIO, Sept. 11, (Associated Press.)—Czechoslovak forces from the west and those from Vladivostok, after having effected a junction at Chita, are concentrating at Irkutsk in preparation for an advance to the relief of the Czechoslovaks in European Russia, says a War Office announcement today. The relief force will be commanded by General Gaida, the Czechoslovak leader.

VLADIVOŠTOK, Sept. 11, (Associated Press.)—The Czechoslovak battlefront in European Russia, according to the Chief of Staff of General Gaida, commander in Chief of the Czechoslovak forces in Siberia, runs from Ekaterinburg, on the Asiatic side of the Ural Mountains, to Krasno-Ufimsk, (100 miles west of Ekaterinburg,) to Kazan, (430 miles east of Moscow,) to Samara, (200 miles south of Kazan,) and then to Nikolayev, on the Black Sea, (100 miles east of Odessa.)

Saratov, on the right bank of the Volga, is in the hands of the Russian Red Guards, but Tsaritsyn, on the Volga, 200 miles south of Saratov, has been occupied by the Cossacks of General Dutoff, an anti-Bolshevist leader. West of Ekaterinburg the Czechoslovaks are reaching out in the direction of Perm. (The capture of Perm has since been announced.)

General Gaida is at present at the Manchuria station, but will soon come to Vladivostok.

General Horvath, the head of the Provisional Siberian Government, has arrived here. The members of the local Government have gone to Omsk to ascertain their standing with the Siberian Government.

On the recommendation of the Entente Allied Consuls at Vladivostok the weapons of General Horvath's troops, who recently were disarmed, have been restored. The guns were given back to the troops on the understanding that the men would join General Semenoff's Cossack forces.

The strike of railroad employes on the Chinese Eastern Railway has been adjusted.

OLOVANNAYA, Trans-Baikalia, Sept. 11, (Associated Press.)—Allied officers were received today by General Gaida, commander of the Czechoslovak forces fighting on the Volga, who arrived from the west last week. With General Diederichs, the anti-Bolshevist leader in Eastern Siberia, General Gaida gave the Allies a cordial greeting and asked that telegrams of warmest appreciation be sent to the Japanese Minister of War, Chief of General Staff, and the commander of the troops sent to Vladivostok.

FRANCE TO RECOGNIZE SOUTHERN SLAVS

Austria to Combine Bosnia, Herzegovina, and Croatia in a Provincial Government.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—France will recognize the independence of the Southern Slavs, accepting a suggestion from Italy to this effect, the Echo de Paris announces.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Bosnia, Herzegovina, and Croatia are to be formed into a single provincial government under the Austro-Hungarian Empire, with Count Tisza, former Hungarian Premier, as its head, according to an official dispatch today from Switzerland.

SOUTH UKRAINE IN REVOLT.

Death and Destruction Threatened by Austrian Commander.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 18.—The Lemberg paper Untrainske Slovo, in its issue of Sept. 11, publishes two orders from the commandant of the Austrian troops in Southern Ukraine.

The first order proclaims a state of siege and threatens death to every one who keeps bombs or other explosives. The other order is an appeal to the people of Odessa and its suburbs to keep calm during the spreading revolutionary movement and not to join in the general strike which has been prepared. A threat is made of the demolition of those parts of the town in which revolts occur.

For some weeks traffic on the Schmerinke-Wolotzysk-Odessa Railway has been stopped because of revolts.

KAISER GREETS DORPAT.

Congratulates the Esthonian University on "Reliberation" by Germany.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.—On the occasion of the opening of Dorpat University (in Esthonia) Emperor William, according to the Dusseldorf Nachrichten, sent the following message to the rector and professors:

"Among the changing events and impressions of the war which the German Fatherland has been forced to wage in defense of its sacred soil and its Kultur against a world of enemies the reliberation of our German brothers in the Baltic lands from foreign oppression has given me very special joy. My joy is increased by the fact that the venerable Alma Mater of Dorpat has so soon been awakened to new activity as the centre of intellectual life, and that a valuable source of strength for prosperity is regained by the old German Kulturland."

WITHDRAWS TROOPS IN EAST.

Germany Reduces Garrisons in Poland to a Few Men.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Apparently in desperate need of man power as a result of the military events on the western front, Germany is cutting down the garrisons maintained heretofore in Poland and sending the troops to the front.

A dispatch from Cracow, sent through a neutral country and received here today, said the reduction in the forces of occupation of Poland affects even the smallest garrisons. In some places the ordinary detachments of twenty men have been reduced to two or three.

ARMY CHECKS TRANSFERS.

Order Issued to Curb Practice That Was Undermining Efficiency.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The War Department announced today that the indiscriminate transfer of enlisted men was becoming a serious menace to the efficiency of the service, and a needless expense to the Government and was productive of unrest and discontent.

As a result an official order is issued today which will hereafter cover this situation. Hereafter enlisted men will not apply for transfers, and officers will not request by name the transfer of enlisted men except for cogent reasons, and all such applications for transfers will be scrutinized by commanders, who will forward for action only such applications as have unmistakable merit. In the present emergency, it is pointed out, no reasons other than military will be considered cogent.

The transfer of enlisted men will as a rule be obtained hereafter by requisition, which will call for men having certain qualifications, and which will be filled by transfer or by original assignment as may be recommended by the personnel Adjutant or corresponding official.

332 MEN NAMED ON TWO ARMY CASUALTY LISTS

Include 94 Dead; 132 Wounded; 19 Casualties in Marine Corps

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The War Department today gave out two army casualty lists, which contained 332 names, bringing the total for the army up to 32,332. One Marine Corps casualty list was issued, which contained 19 names, bringing the total for that arm to 3,151. The total for army and marines is now 35,483.

Army lists today contained the names of 53 killed in action, 21 died of wounds, 5 died of accident, 15 died of disease, 131 severely wounded, 1 slightly wounded, and 106 missing.

The marine casualty list contained the names of 8 killed in action, 2 died of wounds, 1 died of accident, 6 severely wounded, and 2 missing.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Sept. 20.	Total.
Killed in action	5,684	53	5,737
Lost at sea	291		291
Died of wounds	1,840	21	1,861
Died of accident and other causes	839	5	844
Died of disease	1,766	15	1,781
Total	10,420	94	10,514
Wounded	17,214	132	17,346
Missing, including prisoners	4,386	106	4,472
Total	32,000	332	32,332

SUMMARY OF MARINE CASUALTIES TO DATE.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	39	951
Wounded	64	1,933
In hands of enemy	1	11
Missing	1	152
Total	104	3,047
Total		3,151

KILLED IN ACTION—53.

Captain.

HENDERSON, J. E.; Mrs. N. Henderson, Oil City, Penn.

Lieutenants.

BELL, A. H., Jr.; A. H. Bell, Sr., Greensburg, Penn.
CAMPBELL, L. F.; Mrs. John R. Campbell, Detroit, Mich.

Sergeants.

EDWARDS, PETER; William Fiss, Williamsville, N. Y.
MENGE, EDWARD; Mrs. A. C. Menge, Seattle, Wash.
JOHNSON, F. L.; E. L. Johnson, Farmington, Me.

Corporals.

LOESCHER, PAUL T.; A. F. Loescher, 41 Maplewood Av., West Hartford, Conn.
FREY, H. C.; Mrs. S. L. Frey, 155 Audubon Av., N. Y. C.
LEONARD, W. A.; Mrs. J. J. Leonard, 36 Boerum Av., Flushing, L. I.
LIGHTNER, G. M.; Nathan Lightner, York Penn.
MARSHALL, G. E.; Mrs. L. Marshall, Hannibal, Mo.
BRADLEY, SAM; William Bradley, Reading, Ohio.
HART, Q. C.; John Hart, Dundon, W. Va.
KRATZER, H. C.; James F. Kratzer, Dayton, Ohio.

Mechanic.

McCONVILLE, J. H.; Michael McConville; 718 Westchester Av., N. Y. C.

Wagoner.

LOVE, J. A.; James E. Love, Lowryville, S. C.

Privates.

BIGLER, A.; Mrs. M. Bigler, 56 2d Av., College Point, N.Y.
BURNELL, J.; F.Burnell, 1,109 Manhattan Av., Bklyn., N.Y.
DONOVAN, JAMES P.; Patrick Donovan, 167 Fairview Av., New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.
HARRINGTON, F.; Mrs. M. Barnum, 161 W. 98th St., N.Y.
ZANKOWICH, JOHN J.; Willie Redgech, 229 School St., Jersey City, N. J.
ALLEN, JAMES B.; Mrs. Julia Allen, Spokane, Wash.
AYERS, C. L.; Mrs. N. B. Ayers, Parkersburg, W. Va.
BENTLEY, BOB C.; Mrs. Mandy Bentley, Fitzgerald, Ga.
BONGORD, J. A.; Mrs. V. Bongord, Philadelphia, Penn.
BRADY, THOMAS; Mrs. K. Lamont, Sacramento, Cal.
BROWN, JAMES; C. Smith, Sand Point, Idaho.
COYNE, PATRICK J.; Mrs. W. Coyne, Lawrence, Mass.
CRADER, RAY; Isaac Crader, Craig, Col.
DE FELICE, NICOLA; Frank De Felice, Foggia Italy.
DE WITT, ALBERT W.; J. D. De Witt, Moore, Mon.
BENOIT, JOSEPH V.; Mrs. L. Benoit, Bald Knob, Ark.
BONAR, JOHN S. G.; B. Bonar, Harrisville, Ohio.
CLERKIN, JOHN W.; Mrs. Alice Clerkin, Madison, Wis.
DRAPER, JABEZ M.; Mrs. Eliza Draper, Clearfield, Utah.
FINN, FREDDIE J.; Mrs. Mary F. Finn, Cogswell, N. D.
FORD, LEE T.; John Ford, Lonetree, N. D.
GAZEL, SYLVAN; John Gazel, Elwood, Ind.
HAMILTON, ROY; Mrs. M. Hamilton, Carrizozo, N. M.
HANDY, HORACE; Mrs. Olle Gautt, Austin, Texas.
LYNCH, RUFFIN C.; Mrs. Emaline Lynch, Mayberry, Va.
MOORMAN, FREDERICK E.; Moorman, Lima, Ohio.
OSTROWSKI, LEONARD; Mrs. E. Misewicz, Chicago, Ill.
PHARES, LOUIS S.; Mrs. A. Wheeler, Mound City, Ill.
ROERICK, GUSTAV; Mrs. A. Vastwan, Litchfield, Neb.
SCHULZE, G. E.; Mrs. M. Schulze, Winchester, Texas.
SCHWARTZ, AMAL; Mrs. M. Schwartz, Holly, Mich.
SCHWARTZ, JOHN; Caspar Schwartz, Marinette, Wis.
SEE, HOBART H.; Michael See, Hegewisch, Ill.
SHARP, DON EDWARD; Mrs. C. Sharp, Detroit, Mich.
VETTING, GILBERT; John Herzog, Egg Harbor, Wis.
WHITE, PETER; Ben White, Canterbury, W. Va.
ZUCHOWSKI, ANTOINE; K. Zuchowski, Saxon, Wis.

DIED OF WOUNDS—21.

Lieutenant.

RINGER, HARVEY C.; Fletcher C. Ringer, Paola, Kan.

Sergeants.

BAILEY, ALFRED G.; Mrs. Sarah E. Bailey, Ell, Okla.
TROTTER, J. R.; Joseph Trotter, Cunningham, Texas.
VODICKA, GEORGE; Mrs. Vodicka, North Chicago, Ill.

Privates.

HENRY, WALTER HARRISON; Mrs. John Harrison Henry, 718 South 18th St., Newark, N. J.
SPRINGSTINE, GEORGE; Miss Irene Carr, 413 Brush Av., Rome, N. Y.
BERNAT, JOSEPH J.; Mrs. Anna Bernat, 98 North 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BRADBURY, LESLIE E.; G. O. Bradbury, Auburn, Me.
FLEMING, R.; Mrs. M. Fleming, Drumahan, Ireland.
FUCHS, JOHN; Frank Fuchs, Tomah, Wis.
HILL, STANLEY; W. C. Hill, Boston, Mass.
ALDEN, A. J.; Mrs. George Ridley, Livermore Falls, Me.
ATWATER, LEO R.; O. C. Atwater, Lake View, Iowa.
MJELDE, OBERT J.; Louis Mjelde, Amherst, Wis.
ROBINSON, ARTHUR L.; Mrs. Mary A. Robinson, Warrior's Mark, Penn.
HARRISON, F.; Mrs. S. F. Harrison, Easton, Penn.
JOHNSON, ALFRED; Christ Johnson, Eleva, Wis.
MURCHLAND, EVERETT; Mrs. H. E. Dow, Lower Woodstock, N. B.
OSHEROWITZ, L.; Mrs. Ida Osherowitz, Biddeford, Mass.
ROZWASOWSKI, W.; Mrs. M. Rozwasowski, Detroit.
SERVINO, P.; V. Servino, Sersale, Italy.

DIED OF DISEASE—15.

Corporals.

DUGAN, JAMES; Joseph Shaughnessey, 11 Henry St., Jersey City, N. J.
HUBBARD, WILLIAM E.; John W. Hubbard, 142 Highland Av., Torrington, Conn.

Privates.

CAST, FRANK A.; J. W. Cast, Clarksville, Ohio.
JOHNSON, JOE; Mrs. Ellen Johnson, Georgetown, S. C.
MARGETTS, DAVID A.; David Margetts, Salt Lake City.
MASON, JIM; Mrs. Mary Mason, Abilene, Texas.
SIMONSEN, LOUIS H.; Niels Simonsen, Svenson, Ore.
DUBE, ADELARD; Philip Dube, Nashua, N. H.
HENDRIEX, D. C.; William M. Hendriex, Newnan, Ill.
KILBURN, R. B.; Mrs. Anna S. Marsh, Corydon, Penn.
NICHOLS, L. B.; Charles Nichols, Minneapolis, Minn.
OGILVIE, ROBERT; David Ogilvie, Balboa, Panama.
RIDGEWAY, CALVIN; Mrs. M. S. Ridgeway, Jackson, Ga.
SPINKS, BIRDIE; Wilson Spinks, Valden, Miss.
TURNER, ISIDOR; November Neely, Palestine, Texas.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—5.

Privates.

MICHEL, F. X.; Mrs. E. F. Michel, 205 E. 69th St., N.Y.C.
WOLF, J. P.; Christian T. Wolf, 437 Stuyvesant Av., Irvington, N. Y.
JONES, W. M.; Mrs. Mary Jones, Cordova, Alaska.
MAURER, G. D.; Philip Maurer, Regina, Penn.
MEENEN, A. C.; Mrs. Eva Schmidt, Galveston, Texas.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—131.

Lieutenants.

KIDDE, R. T.; Mrs. R. Kidde, 215 W. 10th St., N. Y. C.
GRAFMULLER, G. E.; Mrs. Alex Rain, 555 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.
CHAPMAN, RALPH; P. T. Chapman, Vienna, Ill.
SWEENEY, W. J.; Michael Cordor, Pittsburgh, Penn.
KRAUSE, R. S.; Miss Cecil G. Krause, Emporium, Penn.

Sergeants.

WEATHERBEE, ALFRED; Mrs. Sheldon Monroe Weatherbee, 100 Cement St., Akron, N. Y.
SCHAEFFER, H. J.; Herman Schaeffer, 51 Jefferson St., Waterbury, Conn.
BACHARA, EMIL; Walter Bachara, Clafemont, Ohio.
DUCKWORTH, G. H.; J. Duckworth, New Bedford, Mass.
DYER, R. J.; Mrs. J. R. Dyer, Chicago, Ill.
RUSSELL, ROY E.; Fred A. Russell, Dexter, Me.
SCHILL, B. C.; Mrs. B. C. Schill, Bellfonte, Penn.
JACOBSON, W. W.; Ed Sundgrust, Muskegon, Mich.

Corporals.

MURRAY, CHARLES; Daniel Murray, 391 Western Av., Albany, N. Y.
FERGUSON, J. S.; Mrs. Glorvina Ferguson, Ferndale, Cal.
MYERS, L. D.; Mrs. Katherine Myers, Custer, Mich.
TROXELL, C. R.; Mrs. V. C. Troxell, Fallen Timber, Penn.
BEEBE, DARWIN; Mrs. A. Beebe, Grand Haven, Mich.
BONDY, G. W.; Mrs. Laura Bondy, Monroe, Mich.
COUNIHAN, J. F.; Mrs. M. Counihan, Roxbury, Mass.
GITCHEL, J. G.; G. W. Gitchel, Hudsonville, Mich.
HALL, H. B.; Mrs. Ida May Hall, Hardinsburg, Ky.
HOLLIDAY, F. N.; Mrs. A. L. Hoilday, Allison Park, Penn.
LAWSON, T. L.; Milo G. Lawson, Corry, Penn.
MOORE, CLYDE A.; Mrs. C. Moore, Carnegie, Penn.
SCHULZ, W. G.; Mrs. H. Schulz, Pittsburgh, Penn.
WAGONER, E. S.; C. E. Wagoner, Indianapolis, Ind.
WIGEN, H. B.; Mrs. Elizabeth Wigen, Mankato, Minn.
WILLIAMS, J. R.; Mrs. R. B. Williams, Burgaw, N. C.
VINE, ERNEST J.; Miss Nellie Vine, Granton, Wis.
EMMONS, H. T.; Frank Emmons, Buffalo, Ill.
LONG, B. P.; Mrs. S. A. Long, Harrisburg, Penn.

Mechanics.

RIZZO, L. J.; Mrs. C. Rizzo, 284 1st St., Brooklyn.
SOSNOWSKI, ALEXANDER; John Cooper, Detroit, Mich.
TEETERS, H. L.; Mrs. Harriet S. Teeters, Monessen, Penn.

Bugler.

GEYER, J. G.; Mrs. M. Geyer, Philadelphia, Penn.

Musician.

JOHNSON, HARRY; Nick Johnson, La Crosse, Wis.

Cooks.

FOLEY, J. J.; J. J. Foley, E. Stroudsburg, Penn.
SINGLETON, WILLIAM; Mrs. M. Singleton, Norristown, Pa.

Privates.

BARTOLETTA, GUY; Mrs. Fazino Bartoletta, 55 Court St., Middletown, Conn.
KING, CLARENCE J.; Mrs. Catherine King, Marlton, N.J.
LANE, FLOYD I.; Mrs. Floyd Lane, R. F. D. 2, Castorland, N. Y.
MUSTY, J. N.; G. Musty, Box 50, South Wales, N. Y.
NAGLE, JAMES E.; Mrs. Mary Nagle, Matawan, N. J.
OELRICH, WILLIAM H.; Mrs. William Oelrich, 131 St. Paul's Av., Jersey City, N. J.
SCHWINGLE, CHARLES T.; Mrs. Elizabeth Schwingle, Wall St., Naples, N. Y.
CHANDLER, GARFIELD; Mrs. Florence Louise Chapman, 477 3d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
FAICHNEY, ERNEST M.; Mrs. Georgianna Faichney, 61 Newberry St., Dugan Hill, N. Y.
FRATINO, ALVAN; Louis Fratino, Saugatuck, Conn.
GIOMBOTTISTI, JOHN; Dominick Giombottisti, 36 Center St., Amsterdam, N. Y.
EPSTEIN, SAUL; L. Zicofsky, 181 1st St., Elizabeth, N. J.
HUNDLEY, JOHN A.; Mrs. Mamie Hundley, Hinze St., Hilton, Va.
KESSELL, VALENTINE N.; Mrs. C. P. Kessell, 91 Java St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
PLUMRIDGE, FRANCIS EDWARD; James Plumridge, 1,340 Asylum Av., Hartford, Conn.
SADOWSKY, AUGUST; Caroline Sadowsky, 142 Hendricks Av., New Brighton, N. Y.
CROSBY, HENRY; Mrs. Jessie Crosby, 24 Thompson, Fort Trumbull Beach, Conn.
ANDROS, S. D.; James D. Andros, Lynn, Mass.
BENTILA, Y.; Mrs. Sandra Bentila, Denmon, Mich.
BEROTH, N. P.; G. D. Beroth, South Bend, Ind.
BILLINGS, WILLIAM; Mrs. Maud Billig, Mocadoo, Penn.
BLACKBURN, G.; M. F. Blackburn, Rockwall, Texas.
BLASH, JOSEPH; Mrs. T. Blash, Philadelphia, Penn.
BRAILSFORD, W. J.; Mrs. W. J. Brailsford, Providence.
BROZO, J. E.; Joseph Brozo, Turners Falls, Mass.
CARPENTER, A. J.; Mrs. S. Carpenter, Dickey, N. D.
CARROLL, H. F.; Mrs. Jennie Carroll, Noblesville, Ind.
CARTER, A. G.; Frederick Carter, Corona, Cal.
COLEMAN, M. E.; Mrs. G. J. Coleman, Ithaca, Mich.
FENTON, CHARLES B.; Mrs. Ida J. Fenton, Roslyn, Va.
FIOTI, VITO; Dominick Dennis, Kingston, Penn.
FLORES, T.; Mrs. F. A. Flores, Redlands, Cal.
HURTH, ANTON; Henry Hurth, Dorchester, Wis.
HUTCHINS, EARL; Mrs. Hutchins, Brockport, Penn.
JOHNSTON, R. P.; F. Johnston, Berkley Springs, W. Va.
NEWBURY, HARON; T. W. Newbury, Marcell, Minn.
PAXTON, JOSEPH; Mrs. Agnes Paxton, Milwaukee, Wis.
SCHILDBACH, W.; W. Schildbach, Peoria, Ill.
WALLS, FRED C.; Alonzo Walls, Spargarsville, Ohio.
WERNETTE, C. E.; Mrs. J. A. Wernette, Caledonia, Mich.
VANDEN BOSCH, E. D.; K. Vanden Bosch, G. Haven, Mich.
CASTERO, EDWARD K.; Joe Tangoro, Tacoma, Wash.
CHAPPMAN, IRA E.; Mrs. C. Chaffman, Baltimore, Md.
COLAROSSI, NICOLA; O. Jannetti, Boston, Mass.
CRANFORD, EDWARD F.; Mrs. S. Cranford, Empire, Ga.
DANIELSON, L.; Ezra Danielson, Waupaca, Wis.
DEVINE, FRANK J.; Mrs. Mary Walker, Baltimore, Md.
DOOLEY, M. J.; Mrs. N. A. Fournier, Charlestown, Mass.
FABICH, FRANK; Mrs. M. Pradzimoko, Hammond, Ind.
FRASER, PHILLIP W.; R. M. Fraser, Montpeller, Vt.
FRONTILA, W. J.; Mrs. M. Walli, Lead City, D. C.
GIBSON, ROBERT; Mrs. Robert Gibson, Wellsville, Ohio.
GRAVE, W. E.; Mrs. Clara Olson, Minneapolis, Minn.
HARRIS, ALF B.; John Harris, Bulls Gap, Tenn.
HARRIS, GEORGE L.; T. J. Harris, Newport, Ark.
HOGG, FRANK E.; Mrs. Mary Hogg, Homestead, Penn.
HOUSAND, ARCHIE G.; Mrs. N. Housand, Brooklyn, Ind.
DUNCAN, ALVIN P.; Joe Bennet, Smithville, Miss.
FINNELL, WILLIS C.; Mrs. J. E. Finnell, Natah, Wash.
GOSS, THOMAS; Mrs. Elizabeth Downey, Cincinnati, Ohio.
HADLEY, COLLINS L.; Henry B. Hadley, Newport, N. H.
HAUMESER, I. J.; Mrs. K. Haumeser, Battleground, Wash.
HEIDEN, LAWRENCE E.; C. F. Helden, Merrill, Iowa.
HOLTON, KARL W.; C. Holton, Vancouver, B. C.
KASPRAZAK, STANLEY; J. Kasprazak, Milwaukee, Wis.
KEMMLER, FRED; Mrs. Elizabeth Kemmler, Erie, Penn.
FREW, ANDREW; Mrs. Anna Frew, Punxutawney, Penn.
GEOFFRION, A. J.; A. Geoffrion, Williamansett, Mass.
GOHEAN, HARLAN; Jennie Gohean, Annelma, Penn.
HANSON, ALFRED H.; A. M. Hanson, Waupaca, Wis.
HARRINGTON, J.; Mrs. E. Harrington, Phoenixville, Penn.
HINES, GEORGE S.; George Hines, Slippery Rock, Penn.
HOLLENBACK, W. F.; Mrs. H. Hollenback, Avoca, Penn.
HOLLIS, LIONEL L.; Mrs. M. A. Hollis, Brockton, Mass.
HOYT, ALBERT E.; Mrs. K. M. Hoyt, Pittsburgh, Penn.
HUNTER, CHARLES K.; Mrs. A. Hunter, Reading, Penn.
JOHNS, ORA H.; Mrs. Johnston, Berkely Springs, W. Va.
KROLCZYK, T. T.; Mrs. J. Krolczyk, Manistee, Mich.
KURSCHINSKI, E.; Mrs. O. Scott, Boyne City, Mich.
McCOLLUM, L. J.; Mrs. A. McCollum, Louisville, Ky.
MAXFIELD, C. P.; Mrs. Ellen Peterson, St. Paul, Minn.
MELLO, ANTONE; A. J. Mello, Bedford, Mass.
MOREHEAD, A. T.; Mrs. L. Morehead, Hiland Park, Mich.
MURRAY, WILLIAM; Mrs. C. Murray, Pittsburgh, Penn.
NUSS, L. W.; Mrs. H. M. Nuss, Morristown, Penn.
REISENAUER, JOHN; A. Reisenauer, Dinkinson, N. D.
RILEY, GOLDEN; Mrs. Ella Riley, Clermont, Ky.
ROACH, W. H.; Mrs. N. Melosh, East Jordan, Mich.
SIDARIS, JIM; Miss M. Sidaris, Vellia Magaridos, Greece.
STEINMETZ, AUGUST H.; Mrs. E. Steinmetz, Cincinnati, Ohio.
STEWART, R. N.; J. G. Stewart, Monroe, Mich.
TRAYNOR, J. E.; J. J. Traynor, Somerville, Mass.
WEBB, CHARLES; Mrs. Ethel Webb, Middleton, Tenn.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—1.

Private.

GWYNN, D. R.; William G. Gwynn, Old Forge, Penn.

MISSING IN ACTION—106.

Captain.

MITTEN, A. A.; Mrs. G. Mitten, Milwaukee, Wis.

Lieutenant.

ELLIS, R. H.; W. M. Ellis, Endeavor, Wis.

Corporals.

VOELKNER, ROBERT; Mrs. Elizabeth Rickerhauser, 338½ 18th Av., Newark, N. J.
MacDONALD, E. H.; G. MacDonald, Box 207, Chester, Conn.
BUSWELL, E. N.; Dr. H. E. Buswell, Boston, Mass.
GEORGE, C. M.; R. O. George, Tie Siding, Wyo.
FRISSELL, H. L.; Mrs. Theresa Frissell, Augusta, Ga.

Bugler.

KINSER, GERALD; Mrs. Charles Kinser, Levering, Mich.

Mechanics.

DUBY, F. E.; Mrs. Delia Duby, Fabyan, Conn.
MATTHEWS, JAMES O'NEIL; J. Matthews, Grayling, Mich.

Cook.

HENDERSON, FRED; Mrs. George Henderson, 65 Dwight St., Brooklyn.

Privates.

BENEDICT, L.L.; J.M. Benedict, 16 Elm Av., Rahway, N.J.
KAPLAN, LOUIS; L. Show, 239 E. 121st St., N. Y. C.
LA PIETRA, MARINO; Frank Dryer, Alkensville, N. Y.
QUINN, O. B.; P. Quinn, Harrison, N. J.
SCHUCK, HARRY; Mrs. V. P. Stroud, 31 Lynwood Av., East Orange, N. J.
CARABILLO, NICOLA; Nicola Carabillo, 108 Belleview St., Hartford, Conn.
HUNI, HARRY D.; Harold E. Huni, 1,117 Chapel St., New Haven, Conn.
MAYE, MICHAEL J.; Mrs. Mary Farrell, 304 York St., Jersey City, N. J.
O'CONNOR, DANIEL J.; Mrs. John Hart, 114 Waldon Place, Englewood, N. J.
STEVENS, B. A.; O.L. Stevens, 514 Davis St., Elmira, N.Y.
TOMAINO, ANGELO; Mrs. Katy Tomaino, 758 Lansing St., Utica, N. Y.
TRACY, CLARENCE; Daniel Tracy, 423 Hangard Av., Rochester, N. Y.
ARHONTOUS, Ulysses; Nick Capsalous, Thompsonville, Conn.
BACHMAN, W. J.; George Bachman, Allentown, Penn.
MURPHY, J. H.; Mrs. E. Murphy, W. Philadelphia, Penn.
NELSON, TORVAL; Miss M. Nelson, Albert Lea, Minn.
NICKERSON, R.N.; Mrs. D. D. Nickerson, Grand Junction, Col.
RAUCH, ERWIN B.; B. F. Rauch, Emaus, Penn.
REID, W. R.; Mrs. Ella Reid, Philadelphia, Penn.
ARNDT, C. W.; Mrs. Sarah Arndt, Allentown, Penn.
ELLIS, BRADLEY O.; Ell Ellis, Elmwood, Okla.
FEE, W. F.; Mrs. Wilbert Fee, Cut Bank, Mon.
FREDERICKS, F. L.; Mrs. D. Fredericks, Leedey, Okla.
GARLAND, H. W.; Dr. G. P. Garland, Eunice, La.
HERMES, NICHOLAS; J. Hermes, Wahpeton, N. D.
HOCK, WILLIAM H.; Marie Parks, Chicago, Ill.
LEITL, LESTER; John Leitl, Sturgeon Bay, Wis.
MANDICK, PETER; Alex Mandick, Pittsburgh, Penn.
MULBERRY, ALLIE; W. A. Mulberry, Arlington, Ohio.
O'CONNOR, L. J.; Mrs. J. O'Connor, Union City, Ind.
PETERSON, E. L.; Louis Peterson, Olivia, Minn.
PICHEZZI, C.; Felicia Loreti, Philadelphia, Penn.
TOLBERT, WILLIAM O.; Mrs. L. Tolbert, Paducah, Ky.
TRIPP, FRED; Mrs. Shasta Tripp, San Jacinto, Cal.
TRONE, CHESTER F.; Hana T. Peterson, Mina, S. D.
TRUJILLO, JOSE O.; Miss Eloisa Trujillo, Conjilon, N. M.
WECKER, ANTON; Nick Wecker, Osmond, Neb.
WEIHER, W. W.; Mrs. W. J. Weiher, Cleveland, Ohio.
WELLS, CARL A.; George Wells, Smithdale, Miss.
WESTPHAL, HARRY; H. Westphal, Grand Island, Neb.
WHEELER, E. C.; Mrs. Sadie Wheeler, Riverside, Cal.
WILLADSEN, C.S.F.; Mrs. D. Willadsen, Marquette, Neb.
WILLIAMEAUD, J.; Miss May Johnson, Hemet, Cal.
WILLOUGHBY, R.; Mrs. Anna Harlich, Perrinton, Mich.
RHINEHART, C.; Mrs. L. Rhinehart, Jersey Shore, Penn.
SCOTT, LEO E.; Mrs. L. E. Scott, House, N. M.
SHARP, E. M.; Mrs. Iona S. Sharp, Loup City, Neb.
SHEEHAN, M. J.; Mrs. C. McQuirk, Taunton, Mass.
SHIRLEY, C. A.; Mrs. Dora Shirley, Lawrence, Neb.
SIMPSON, BEN B.; G. W. Simpson, Lafayette, Tenn.
SNEFF, WILLIAM A.; Mrs. Mary Sneff, Philadelphia.
SNYDER, WILLIAM A.; H. C. Snyder, Piedmont, Okla.
STANLEY, J. A.; Mrs. M. Stanley, Hollidaysburg, Penn.
SULLIVAN, E. J.; Mrs. Anna Higgens, Andover, Mass.
TABOR, GEORGE E.; Mrs. May Tabor, Manitou, Col.
THOMPKINS, E. L.; Mrs. Mary Thompkins, Rugby, Tenn.
VALECHE, VITO; Alfio Golizea, Italy.
VETTER, CHARLES; Fred Vetter, Nashua, Iowa.
YOUNG, JAMES H.; John A. Young, Hamilton, Ala.
ZABOLSKY, G. L.; Mrs. Anna Furka, Shamokin, Penn.
BARBER, W. J.; Mrs. Margaret Clark, Livermore, Cal.
BELLI, F. F.; Mrs. Antone Belli, Philadelphia, Penn.
BENJAMIN, EARL C.; W. Benjamin, Bancroft, Wis.
BLANSHAY, HARRY; Jake Blanshay, Montreal, Canada.
BRANDON, D.; Mrs. Nannie Brandon, Nashville, Tenn.
BUCKLEY, J. P.; Mrs. Mary S. Buckley, Lynn, Mass.
CHRISTIAN, S. E.; Mrs. N. B. Phelps, Pittsfield, Mass.
DALTON, JAMES F.; Patrick Dalton, San Francisco, Cal.
DAVIDSON, FRANK; Mrs. L. Davidson, Janesville, Minn.
DAVIS, W. T.; Mrs. S. A. Huddleston, Eugene, Ore.
ERICKSON, CARL R.; Robert Erickson, Nye, Wis.
ERICKSON, RUDOLPH; H. Erickson, Ellison Bay, Wis.
FRANCIS, W. A.; Mrs. Mary Francis, Rebyville, Ohio.
FRANKLIN, IRVIN C.; W. C. Franklin, Bercail, Mon.
GALLAGHER, J. J.; Mrs. L. Dahlen, San Francisco, Cal.
HILMER, PAULUS W.; Christ Hilmer, Greene, Iowa.
HUKILL, WARREN; William Hukill, Marshall, Ill.
HUNDT, WILLIAM F.; Mrs. O. Hundt, Milwaukee, Wis.
KINSEY, E. W.; Mrs. A. M. Kinsey, Sedro Woolley, Wash.
LEE, SELMER; Mrs. Severine Lee, Coon Valley, Wis.
McDOWELL, JESS H.; Sam M. McDowell, St. Joseph, Mo.
MARTIN, HENRY; David Martin, Dalton, Ohio.
OBENHOFF, B. McK.; Mrs. O. H. Obenhoff, Houghton, Mich.
PLUMMER, GEORGE; Perry Younger, Alley, Mo.
PORTER, WARD; Mrs. W. W. Porter, Hanover, Penn.
POZEN, JOSEPH; Theodore Bender, Baltimore, Md.
PRESCOTT, HERBERT; John Brown, Cambridgeport, La.
SIEVERS, H. N.; Anton Sievers, Marquette, Mich.
SMITH, JOHN; Wiebur J. Smith, Amery, Wis.
TAVENNER, CECIL; F. M. Tavenner, Springfield, Ohio.
TAYLOR, THOMAS F.; Mrs. E. V. Sampson, Roanoke, Va.
TURNER, WILLIAM J.; Mrs. M. Turner, Detroit, Mich.
VIOTELE, LEE; Mrs. G. Viotele, Trapani, Italy.
WOODMAN, ARTHUR; Mrs. H. Woodman, Evanston, Ill.
ZIELINSKI, JOSEPH H.; V. Zielinski, Rosholt, Wis.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

Privates.

O'REILLY, JOHN F., 191 Furlong St., Rochester, N. Y.
BINET, HENRY E., New Orleans, La.
CHADDICK, GEORGE H., Honey Island, Texas.
COMER, CLYDE, Carmi, Ill.
FOREMAN, WILLIAM C., Almy, Mich.
GILSON, CASPER S., Sheridan, Wis.
HAMILTON, OLE, Viola, Wis.
HANSON, HENRY, McLeod, N. D.
HARRY, DAVE C., Minneola, Texas.
HAYNES, WALTER, Winchester, Wyo.
HUNTER, WELLMAN P., Spring Valley, Wis.
JOHNSTON, FINIS E., Atwater, Cal.
KLEIN, OTTO H., Seguin, Texas.
KLIPP, ALGOT L., Frederic, Wis.
LENTS, HARRY, Cochranton, Penn.
LOGAN, ROBERT R., Blaine, Wash.
LUCAK, PETE, Diamond, Ind.
MARTIN, EDWARD, Allendale, Ill.
MICH

DECLARES AMERICA IS WORLD'S LEADER

Our Sporting Spirit Has Celebrated Its Greatest Triumph, Danish Paper Says.

GERMANS' JEERS REBUKED

Quick Preparation for War Is Viewed as a Threat Against Old-Fashioned Militarism.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 20.—The Politiken of Copenhagen writes a leading article on America's stake in the war:

"The attention of the world in these exciting days is directed toward Washington, not toward London or Paris. It was as if the whole situation demanded that it should naturally fall to President Wilson to formulate the decisive answer to Austria-Hungary. To that extent America has now taken undisputed leadership. This fact is incontestable, if not exactly pleasing from the special European viewpoint. While European States wear each other out, world leadership goes to the United States.

"Europe underestimated America. Before all, Germany did so, when, instead of America's friendship and neutrality, it preferred unrestricted submarine warfare, which America made ineffective by forcing, even in the European sense, quite marvelous shipbuilding.

"Last year jeering voices from Germany spoke of America's platonic declaration of war. A country without an army and navy would be unable to bring an army to Europe, even if it had one, was the exclamation then. Nobody believed in the possibility of raising an army of millions in one year. One had seen how long it took England to let her immense forces loose. Even if the human material were available, how, with short training, could it replace and outweigh the advantages possessed by the European military powers, before all Germany, with centuries of military traditions and years of preparation in arming?

"So one reasoned in Germany and outside. Now we live to see American transports cross the Atlantic apparently as safely as in peace time. Troops depart and arrive punctually—in August 300,000 soldiers; in one year, about four millions.

"This is not the only achievement commanding everybody's admiration, even the Germans, who so miscalculated that they probably never would have proclaimed a submarine war if they had imagined the American millions would swarm to France.

"But there lies herein a threat against the root of old-fashioned militarism. After this war even the most hardened militarists must ask themselves whether there is any sense in throwing milliards away on keeping up in time of peace a mighty army and fleet when the gigantic machinery can be improvised in a few months. That is what America has done by the exertion of the strength and logic and iron will to which Europe involuntarily has bowed.

"It is true that the development of modern war, in a measure, has been favorable to the Americans, because it has been proved in these years that war does not depend primarily upon men, but upon munitions, engines, war material. Here was a task for which the American people seemed made: To industrialize war, to make it, to a still higher degree, the mighty exertion of a technical mechanism, and all of the forces of this great country, all of its inexhaustible resources, were used for this purpose, that all earlier equipment records should be broken.

"The American sporting spirit has celebrated its greatest triumph. The war is not yet decided, and it is idle to predict its outcome, but, however it may end, it brought one result—America's new position of strength, which can now hardly be disputed. America, which before was underestimated by Europe, now takes revenge. It is President Wilson, not Lloyd George, not Clemenceau, who has formulated the fourteen points of the Entente demands as a basis of peace negotiations, and to which all have been referred from Entente quarters, following the appearance of Austria's offer to negotiate."

BIG PRICES IN BLIND AUCTION

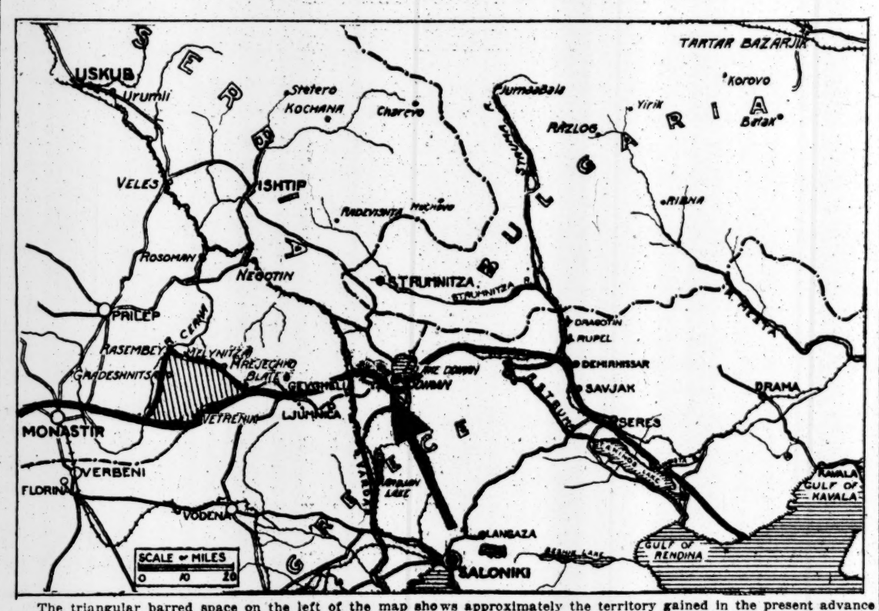
Unclaimed Express Packages Bring $20,000 and Many Bidders.

A blind auction sale of 2,000 unclaimed express packages was held by Daniel Greenwald at 23 Lispenard Street yesterday by order of the American Railway Express for account of Wells Fargo & Co. More than 1,200 persons crowded into the rooms in the course of the day, and with the last package under the hammer Auctioneer Greenwald counted up his receipts and found that $20,000 had been taken in.

Buyers had to guess at the merchandise in the containers and take a chance.

Two packages containing woolen cloth were snapped up at high prices. In both instances the cloth protruded through the wrappings and gave the bidders a clue to the character of the goods. One lot of the cloth brought $500 and $245 was paid for the other.

Allied Advance in Macedonia



The triangular barred space on the left of the map shows approximately the territory gained in the present advance by the Franco-Serbian Army, which has pushed seventeen miles beyond the former defense line of the Bulgarians. In the Lake Doiran region, indicated by the arrow, British and Greek troops have stormed the outer defenses of the front defending the vital valley of the Vardar River.

REFUSED TO GIVE UP BODY OF AGED RUSSIAN

Woman in Washington Insisted That It Ought to Lie in State at White House Before Burial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—One of the strangest cases with which the Washington police and health authorities have been called upon to deal, was revealed late this afternoon when, after having refused to surrender, for burial, the body of Baron Eugene de Kattantack, a retired Russian army surgeon, who died at her home eight days ago, Miss Mary E. Case of 1,726 Willard Street was arrested by Captain Robert E. Doyle of the Washington Police Department.

Miss Case, who had been assisting Baron de Kattantack, refused to surrender the body for burial, because she insisted that it should lie in state, preferably at the White House or the Senate Chamber, before interment, and insisted that the man's achievements entitled him to this posthumous honor. After being taken into custody she was sent to the Washington Asylum Hospital for mental observation.

Health Officer Fowler applied for the warrant for the arrest of Miss Case, after she had refused on demand to surrender the body of the Russian Baron. She insisted that as a Russian nobleman, who, she said, had for some years served as Surgeon General of the armies of former Czar Nicholas, Baron de Kattantack was entitled to a State burial.

When she was informed that the Russian Embassy had insisted that Miss Case had given no evidence of the Baron's Russian citizenship, Miss Case replied that those at the embassy did not want to "do justice" to a Russian officer of the old school.

Late this afternoon, however, the matter was presented to diplomats at the Embassy in a new light by Raymond B. Dickey, a Washington lawyer, who on several occasions served the Baron as counsel.

"Baron de Kattantack," said Mr. Dickey tonight, "was a Russian surgeon and a gentleman of the old school; proud, cultured and refined. I am satisfied from my examination of his papers that he was everything that he represented himself to be. He was about 80 years old, splendidly preserved in physique, looking not more than sixty.

"He came to Washington from New York fifteen or more years ago to live in retirement on the pension he was receiving from the Russian Government, and on income from an estate in Russia, while writing the memoirs of his long and interesting career. In the last year or two his pension had been cut off by those in authority at Petrograd. This reduced his means. I believe he died a poor man, but he was one of those fine characters of the old school who was too proud to admit that he was poor."

Baron de Kattanack died at the Willard Street residence on Sept. 13. He received no medical attention until the morning of the day of his death. Dr. Frederick O. Roman of 2,083 Adams Mill Road, was called in, but when he reached the house the Baron had almost breathed his last.

SAYS WILSON KNEW AUSTRIA

Serbian Lecturer Declares Her a Willing German Tool.

At the formal opening of the Marquette Forum at the Hotel Plaza last night, under the auspices of the Marquette Club, Vladislav R. Savic, once connected with the Serbian Foreign Office, delivered a lecture on "The Impending Collapse of Austria-Hungary." Mr. Savic was formerly Balkan correspondent for The London Daily Telegraph, and served two years with the Serbian Army and was in the retreat through Albania.

"Bismarck said Austria-Hungary was a cow to graze on the Balkans, and when the cow had grazed enough she was to be killed for the profit of Germany," said Mr. Savic. "Therefore Bismarck spared her in 1866. She is the most obedient and yielding tool in the hands of Germany.

"President Wilson, by his answer to the recent peace offer, has hit the nail on the head. He knows the Austro-Hungarian situation, and he knows that peace with her would be the defeat of all the ideals for which America has entered the war.

"After four years of bloody experience we are unanimous that German militarism must be destroyed and the future arranged so that the situation which brought about the present crisis should never return. None of these objects can be attained without dismemberment of Austria-Hungary, because she was a part of that might which tempted Germany to throw a challenge to the whole world."

Lieutenant H. K. Black of the Royal Flying Corps, who was in an observation balloon when it was struck by lightning at Vimy Ridge, talked on the part balloons are playing in the war.

FRENCH MAKE GAINS BY INFILTRATION

Advance on St. Quentin Is Pushed in the Face of Machine Gun Fire.

MANGIN'S DIFFICULT TASK

He Is Slowly Winning Ground Toward Vital Defenses of the Chemin des Dames.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Sept. 19.—For more than a week past the French have been pounding and biting at the outer works of the Hindenburg line, just outside St. Quentin. Yesterday's larger push, to which they contributed on a six-mile front between the villages of Holnon and Essigny, that is to say, on both sides of the Somme and in the railway triangle west and southwest of the Scarpe, brought them into the old Franco-British trenches of last March and well on to the broad, bare plateau which directly overlooks St. Quentin's suburbs to the east.

The easy slopes of Savy and Marjorin Woods and the hamlets of Dallon and Fontaine-les-Clerez were held stoutly by numerous groups of enemy machine gunners, supported by frequent barrages from batteries hidden in the high woods behind St. Quentin. Most of the progress was made by slow infiltration. During the day all the points named were occupied, and during last night French troops entered one place on the south bank of the Somme. It was foot-to-foot fighting, in which for the moment no easy or rapid success is to be expected.

Under similar and even harder conditions the army of General Mangin is creeping forward toward Fort Malmaison. Any one day's progress looks very small, but the total gain in the last fortnight in a sector the vital importance of which has been lately insisted upon by German writers like General von Harden, who think it more essential than the St. Gobain massif, is remarkable.

Cologne Farm, which was taken on Tuesday and was the object of repeated German counterattacks yesterday, stands at the crest of the leg-shaped ridge which runs from the western end of the Chemin des Dames down to the Aisne, and is only a few feet lower than Malmaison.

One of the counterattacks, directed from the Jouy Ravine, was made by thirteen companies, including some of the Grenadier Guards. The French had to give way at first, and then came back. The enemy left many dead and wounded behind and 130 prisoners.

The worst difficulty now before Mangin's men is the fan-shaped gully of Jouy, with the caves and gullies in its northern end.

Fierce Fighting for Chavignon.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—The progress of General Mangin's army toward the western extremity of the Chemin des Dames has driven the enemy to violent reactions. Five vigorous counterattacks were made last night against the new French positions east of the Moisy Farm and north of Allemant. In every one of these unsuccessful assaults the Germans lost heavily.

The French troops have stoutly maintained all gains made in this region during the past few days and, in spite of intense artillery fire, have succeeded in organizing their new positions. There is now only about three-quarters of a mile of ground separating the French from the height on which stands the ruins of Fort Malmaison. It is most difficult ground, however, and excellently adapted to the kind of defensive fighting the Germans are carrying on. It is heavily timbered, and the broken ground, deep ravines and steep slopes make it impossible for tanks, but furnish the best possible positions for machine guns, which the enemy has assembled in great numbers.

It is the plateau of Chavignon that the Germans are defending here so desperately. More than 430 of their dead were picked up over a space of half a mile long by a quarter of a mile deep in the recent fighting. The possession of this plateau, which is the key to the positions north of the Chemin des Dames, would compel the enemy to abandon a part of the St. Gobain Forest.

There can be no hurry in carrying out the immense task General Mangin's men have before them, but they have already pressed on much too closely to their goal to permit the Germans to remain indefinitely on the defensive.

MANY LOST ON MISSANABIE.

Two Americans Among Canadian Liner's Passengers Drowned.

The report that there had been a considerable loss of life by the sinking of the Canadian Pacific liner Missanabie on Sept. 9 has been confirmed by the Canadian Government from Ottawa. The majority of the persons drowned were members of the crew. Two American passengers were lost.

No lists will be made public, but persons with relatives or friends on board the liner can make inquiries through the agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway. As the Missanabie went down in seven minutes after she was torpedoed there was very little time to lower the boats and get them away.

U-BOAT SINKS FRENCH SHIP.

Only Six Lives Lost with Vessel Bound for Malta.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The French Line steamship Amiral Charner, bound from Bizerta to Malta, has been torpedoed with the loss of six lives, according to an official statement. The passengers and crew numbered 174.

An unseen submarine fired three torpedoes, two of which struck the ship, but the vessel remained afloat three hours.

The Amiral Charner is a vessel of 4,604 tons. Her home port is Havre.

FRENCH WAR CREDIT VOTED.

Provides 12,200,000,000 Francs for Last Quarter of 1918.

PARIS, Sept. 20, (Havas.)—The Chamber of Deputies adopted by a vote of 467 to 4 a credit of 12,200,000,000 francs for military expenses and exceptional civil expenses for the fourth quarter of 1918.

URGES MINERS TO SAVE LIVES OF SOLDIERS

Noyes Says That the More Coal Is Mined Now the Fewer Casualties Will Come in Spring.

UNIONTOWN, Penn., Sept. 20.—Coal mine workers and operators meeting here today were told by P. B. Noyes, Director of Conservation of the Fuel Administration, that the more coal they mined between now and Christmas, the fewer casualties would be reported next Spring to the homes of American soldiers.

Miners are first line men in this war, Mr. Noyes said, and every day each man lays off work results in the loss of coal enough to make twenty-five three-inch shells for General Pershing's army. A day lay-off a week until next March, he added, would mean a curtailment of 500 shells and consequent loss of "at least one young man who might have come back to your family or to your friend's family after the war."

"This war is fought with steel and iron," said Mr. Noyes. "Steel is short because coal is short. More coal must be sent to the steel furnaces if you are to save the lives of your sons and brothers and friends in France.

"Germany taught the world something new in the science of making war last March. She got together a supply of shells and guns, and every offensive weapon, greater than the world had ever seen before. With this huge pile of shells she staged a terrible offensive with much smaller loss of German lives than such battles used to bring.

"Our Generals have learned this lesson well. They are ordering for next Spring cannon, and shells, and bombs, and airplanes, and tanks in huge quantities. The orders are piling in on us and other orders for ships to take this material over before next Spring. Piles of munitions are to be prepared in France for the great drive which will bring victory, so big as to make the German piles last Spring look like thirty cents. If we send to France all that is asked, the casualties in the great drive will be few compared with the execution done.

"I want you to fully sense the possible disaster ahead. You may never hear of the disaster if it comes, because the drive will go forward on time just the same. It will be successful. The disaster will be buried in the casualty lists. General Pershing will figure out just how short he is of that ideal life-saving program of munitions. Then to make up the shortage he will figure so many thousand additional young men who must be killed to make up for this deficit of shells.

"This is an absolute truth; do not fool yourselves. The more coal you can get out between now and Christmas, the fewer casualties next Spring."

ITALIANS RAID POLA AGAIN.

Attacks Repulsed and Prisoners Taken on Mountain Front.

ROME, Sept. 20.—Fighting activity on the Italian front was confined mainly to artillery fire, says the official statement issued by the War Office today. The text follows:

In the Seren Valley an enemy attack was repulsed. On the northern slopes of Mont Fenera our patrols captured prisoners.

Our aviators bombed Pola.

THE DIAL
—a fortnightly journal of reconstruction
In the current issue:
HENRI BARBUSSE
"Poilu, What Are You Fighting For?"
10 CENTS A COPY
AT THE BETTER NEWSSTANDS

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THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Doing His Bit With The Kit to Fit

A vacuum Lunch kit For the "New" Worker In Munition Plants, Shipyards, etc.

"Real Hot Coffee!"

with the strength of home brew is possible for the woman or man at work in "essential" labor for the Government.

School Children

autoists, laborers of all kinds, will find in these LUNCH KITS a service capable of keeping liquids hot 24 hrs. or cold 72 hrs. **Black Enamel Metal Case,** including vacuum bottle, large food compartment, $3.49. **Fibre Kit,** pint bottle, $3.49. **SPECIAL,** pint bottle, fibre case for larger lunches, $2.96.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

New Pajamas (For Men)

Men's plain mercerized pajamas in all the wanted refined shades; sizes A to D, $1.98 Men's fancy striped pajamas in high count materials, made over our specifications, $1.89

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Store Hours:
Store opens at 9 A.M., and closes at 5:30 P.M.

Save All Peach Stones and Give Them To the Government

The government wants these pits because it can use them in the manufacture of the filter granules which are essential in gas masks. Whether you use a dozen or even a smaller quantity of peaches, save the stones and bring them to the LIBERTY PEACH STONE BARRELS, Broadway, near our 35th Street entrance, and 34th Street, near Broadway, where they are being collected for Uncle Sam. The stones must be dry.

Adopt An Orphan

For the small sum of 94c you can get one of our "Orphan" dollies, nine inches high, provided with either blond or dark wig, a detachable bonnet with bow, socks, and an—

Unmentionable Article

of dress which every little girl old enough to dress her doll will appreciate if she has a baby sister or brother. Doll has jointed arms and legs and is of the "unbreakable" variety.

WE CARRY DOLLS OF EVERY IMAGINABLE KIND, priced from 10c up to $32.50.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

TAX BILL PASSES HOUSE, 350 TO 9

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tee, which has been considering the measure, will not report it until early next month, and it is estimated that more than a month will be occupied by the Senate in debating it.

Chairman Kitchin expressed gratification that the measure had been passed with such unanimity and that no partisan feeling or political advantage had been sought in the House, which, he said, looked only to providing sufficient money for the war by taxes as just and equitable as could be provided in a bill of such proportions.

This Revenue bill was first taken up by the Ways and Means Committee on May 28, and reported to the House on Sept. 3, and consideration was not begun until Sept. 4. It carries for the calendar year 1919 $8,182,452,000, although this amount will not be realized on account of the ban on the making of beer, light wines, and near-beer effective on Dec. 1. Prohibition may also reduce the income from the sale of whisky before the end of the calendar year. The estimated return from the beverage tax for the year is $1,137,600,000. The estimated returns from this source for the fiscal year, it is asserted by the fiscal agents, will not be reduced.

The bulk of the revenues come from three sources—war profits, income taxes, and beverages, the amount to be raised from these sources having been placed at $5,713,788,000. In effect, the schedules of the present revenue laws are doubled, and in some instances trebled, and about the only new form of taxation added is an increase in the luxury list.

Because they are mixed to perfection
Club Cocktails
should never be weakened by shaking with fine ice. Pour over large lumps—or cool the bottle.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

The Childhood and Youth Series

Parents, teachers, social workers and all others who are interested in the care and culture of the young will gladly welcome the "Childhood and Youth Series." The scope of the series is shown in the books listed below. The physical, intellectual, social and moral development of the child is a subject of such surpassing importance that its scientific treatment means much for the future of our country.

Natural Education	*W. S. Stoner*
The Use of Money	*E. A. Kirkpatrick*
Backward Children	*A. Holmes*
Learning by Doing	*E. J. Swift*
The Child and His Spelling	*Cook and O'Shea*
Honesty	*W. Healy*
Being Well-Born	*M. F. Guyer*
Self-Reliance	*D. C. Fish*

$1.08 Each

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Our Clothing Has Become the Symbol of a Specific Idea of Economy and Thrift to Men

Men's and Young Men's

Distinctive Autumn Apparel

(*Suits with an Air*)

Our materials are Unfinished and Fancy Mixed Worsteds, Cassimeres and Cheviots.

Our styles cover the trim, military effect suit of the younger man, cut along the Government's specifications for conserving material, with the distinguishing touches at lapel, waist and pockets, and the intermediate styles up to and including the conservative models—

Our finish and workmanship are of the best, from the inside out—

Our prices, all necessary qualifications considered, are lower by at least six per cent. than prices of competing merchandise. $27.50

N. B.—Leather jackets for Aviators and Autoists carried in the Automobile Apparel Department.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

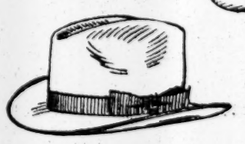
Three Fall Hats To Be Found Only In OUR Men's Hat Shop

FALL HATS for MEN

Made Exclusively For Us, of Pure Fur Felt Only

The materials entering into the manufacture of these hats were ordered fully a year ago, making their announcement at this price possible today.

The New Special, $2.89



The "Lansdowne" $3.89

The Field Club, $4.89

All the newer shades are represented — Brown, Oxford, Gray, Myrtle and Olive. The brims are either curled or flat, with, of course, a percentage of staple shapes. Quality for quality, style for style, we do not believe these hats have a worthy price competitor in town.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

GERMANY'S SECRET MOVES FOR WAR

Proof That She Made Ready Before Sarajevo Murders Furnished Pretext.

ORDERS GIVEN TO BANKERS

Told to Establish Secret Relations with Finnish and American Banks.

DESTRUCTION AGENTS HERE

Sent Soon After Hostilities Began to Hire Anarchists and Criminals for Bomb Plots.

Supplied by the Committee on Public Information.

INSTALMENT VII.

"Counter Espionage" Circulars.

APPENDIX I.

This appendix is of circulars of which (except in two noted cases) I have neither originals nor authenticated copies. A number of sets of them were put out in Russian text in Petrograd and in other parts of Russia in the Winter (1918) by the opponents of the Bolsheviki.

The circulars were declared to be copies of documents taken from the Counter Espionage Bureau of the Kerensky Government, supplemented by some earlier material from the same bureau when it was under the Imperial Government. The opportunity for securing them could easily have been afforded to the agents and employes of the bureau, for most of them walked out when the Bolsheviki grasped the Government and could have taken freely of the contents of their departments.

Some of the documents were included in the publication made in Paris, hitherto referred to.

The simple test that I have applied to the circulars is that of internal analysis. To that they respond without contradiction. I have not relied on them as proof, but they fit to other fabrics of proof, and in the light of it are more valuable for themselves than they were when they stood alone.

Finally, I am now able to prove that two of the documents among these circulars—the circular of industrial mobilization of June 9, 1914, and the agents' destruction circular of Nov. 28, 1914—are authentic. I have them in the original German printed version of their official distribution, and I have the doubly attested Russian and German record that they, in preceding time, reposed in the files of the secret service of the Russian Government, from which they were taken by German order and turned over to German representatives of the German Government in Petrograd with the intent of eliminating them as international evidence against Germany. (See Document 3 of my *Report*.)

This group of circulars came into my hands the first week in February, 1918, and a few days later two duplicate sets reached me. I prepared a digest of the set and Ambassador Francis cabled the message in code to the State Department Feb. 9.

It was nearly four weeks later before I secured the originals and all the photographs listed in my *Report*. Two of these originals were of circulars I had seen in copy form four weeks earlier. That summarizes the case of the circulars of the appendix considered as evidence. EDGAR SISSON.

Analysis of German conspiracy matter, with notes as prepared by me and cabled State Department in Ambassador Francis's code Feb. 9, 1918, and with some added notes, as indicated.

DOCUMENT NO. 54.

Circular 18, February, 1914.—From the Ministry to all groups of German banks and by agreement with the Austro-Hungarian Government, the "Cesterreichischc-Kreditanstalt."

The managements of all German banks which are transacting business abroad and, by agreement with the Austro-Hungarian Government, the "Cesterreichische - Kreditanstalt" Bank are hereby advised that the Imperial Government has deemed it to be of extreme necessity to ask the management of all institutions of credit to establish with all possible dispatch agencies in Luleo, Haparanda, and Varde, on the frontier of Finland, and in Bergen and Amsterdam. The establishment of such agencies for a more effective observation of the financial interests of shareholders of Russian, French, and English concerns may become a necessity under certain circumstances, which would alter the situation of the industrial and financial market.

Moreover, the managements of banking institutions are urged emphatically to make provisions for very close and absolutely secret relations being established with Finnish and American banks. In this direction the Ministry begs to recommend the Swedish "Nia-Banken" in Stockholm, the banking office of Furstenberg, the commercial company "Waldemar Hansen," in Copenhagen, as a concern which is maintaining (virulent) relations with Russia. (Signature) "N 3737,

"Appertaining to Division, for Foreign Operations."

NOTE.—*This is the outline of the basic financial structure begun in February, 1914, five months before war was launched, and still in operation. Notice the reappearance in subsequent Lenine messages of towns Luleo and Verde. Likewise the reference to American banks. Olaf Ashberg, one of the heads of the Nia-Banken, came to Petrograd a month ago (January, 1918,) and on way boasted that Nia-Banken was the Bolsheviki bank. He was overheard by one of our own group. He secured from Smolny permit for export several hundred thousand gallons of oil, opened at Hotel d'Europe headquarters where both Mirbach and Kaiserling of German commissions have been entertained, negotiated with State Bank Feb. 1 contract for buying cash rubles and establishing foreign credit for Russian Government. Furstenberg is now at Smolny using the name Ganetzky, is one of the inner group, and is likely soon to be placed in charge of State Bank. Ashberg now in Stockholm, but returning. The material in this and all notes is independent of documents and accurate.*

DOCUMENT NO. 55.

Circular, June 9, 1914.—From the General Staff to all military attachés in the countries adjacent to Russia, France, Italy, and Norway. In all branches of German banks in Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, and the United States special war credits have been opened for subsidiary war requirements. The General Staff is authorizing you to avail yourself in unlimited amounts of these credits for the destruction of the enemy's factories, plants, and the most important military and civil structures. Simultaneously with the instigation of strikes it is necessary to make provisions for the damaging of motors, of mechanisms, with the destruction of vessels, setting incendiary fires to stocks of raw materials, and finished products, deprivation of large towns of their electric energy, stocks of fuel and provisions. Special agents, detailed to be at your disposal, will deliver to you explosive and incendiary devices, and a list of such persons in the country under your observation, who will assume the duty of agents of destruction.

(Signed) DR. FISCHER,
General Army Councilor

NOTE.—*Dated six weeks before the rest of the world knew it was to be waged upon, and even then making exact plans for a campaign of incited strikes and incendiary fires in the industrial plants and the yet uncreated munition plants in the United States.*

DOCUMENT NO. 56.

Circular, June 9, 1914.—General Staff to all intendencies. Within 24 hours after receipt of this circular you are to inform all industrial concerns that the documents with industrial-mobilization plans and with registration forms be opened, such as are referred to in the circular of the Commission of Count Waldersee and Count Caprivi, of June 27, 1887.

N. 421 DE MOBILIZATION.

NOTE.—*Issued on the same day as No. 55. German industry mobilized for war three weeks before the assassination of the Austro-Hungarian heir apparent, Ferdinand, and his wife.*

NOTE.—*This is the content of circular of which I have original German printed circular in form it was sent to German officials. See my report, Document No. 3.*—EDGAR SISSON, July 6, 1918.

DOCUMENT NO. 57.

Circular, Nov. 2, 1914.—From the Imperial Bank to the representatives of the Nia-Banken and the agents of the Diskonto-Gesellschaft and of the Deutche Bank. At the present time there have been concluded conversations between the authorized agents of the Imperial Bank and the Russian revolutionaries, Messrs. Zenzinov and Lunacharsky. Both the mentioned persons addressed themselves to several financial men who for their part addressed themselves to our representatives. We are ready to support the agitation and propaganda projected by them in Russia on the absolute condition that the agitation and propaganda noted by the above-mentioned Messrs. Zenzinov and Lunacharsky will touch the active armies at the front. In case the agents of the Imperial Bank should address themselves to your banks we beg you to open them the necessary credit which will be covered completely as soon as you make demand on Berlin.—(Signed) RISSER.

Addition as part of document: Zenzinov and Lunacharsky got in touch with Imperial Bank of Germany through the bankers, D. Rubenstein, Max Warburg, and Parvus. Zenzinov addressed himself to Rubenstein and Lunacharsky through Altvater to Warburg, through whom he found support in Parvus.

NOTE.—*Lunacharsky is the present People's Commissar of Education. Parvus and Warburg both figure in the Lenine and Trotsky documents. Parvus is at Copenhagen. Warburg is believed to have been lately in Petrograd.*

DOCUMENT NO. 58.

Circular, Nov. 28, 1914.—From naval general staff to the naval attachés: You are ordered to mobilize immediately all destruction agents and observers in those commercial and military ports in Canada and America where munitions are being loaded on ships going to Russia, France, and England, where there are storehouses of such munitions and where fighting units are stationed. It is necessary to hire through third parties who stand in no relationship to the official representatives of Germany agents for arranging explosives on ships bound for enemy's countries, and for arranging delays, embroilments, and confusions during the loading, dispatching, and unloading of ships. For this purpose we are specially recommending for your attention loaders' gangs, among whom there are many anarchists and escaped criminals, German and neutral officers, and agents of enemies' countries who are receiving and shipping the munitions. Funds required for the hiring and bribing of persons necessary for the designated purpose will be placed at your disposal at your request.—(Signed) N. 93, Secret Service Division of the Naval Staff. KOENIG.

Translator's comment (as part of document:) The above document was among the documents seized during the investigation of the fire of the storehouses of the firm of Iversen, and among the documents of Consul Gering and Vice Consul Gerold.

NOTE.—*This is the content of circular of which I have original German printed circular in form in which Germany sent it to the naval attachés. See my report, Document No. 3.—Edgar Sisson, July 6, 1918.*

DOCUMENT NO. 59.

Circular 15, Jan. 15, 1915, from the general staff to the military attachés in the United States: Inclosed you will find (trans. note; or, we are sending you) the circular of Nov. 2, 1914, for your guidance and its application on the territory of the United States. In this connection your attention is called to the possibility of hiring destruction agents among members of anarchist organizations.—(Signed) General Army Councilor, Dr. FISCHER.

Translator's comment (as part of document): This circular is recited in the letter of Dr. Klassen to the board of the Pan German League in Stockholm, which was intercepted in Stockholm.

Notes by Edgar Sisson, July 6, 1918.—The date of Nov. 2 appears in typed version as I have seen it, but probably this is error, as instruction is a direct sequel to document of Nov. 28 (No. 3). (Later: Nov. 2 is right. Nov. 28 was to naval attachés. This is to military attachés. E. S.)

DOCUMENT NO. 60.

Circular, Feb. 23, 1915.—Press Division of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

To all Ambassadors, Ministers, and Consular officials in neutral countries: You are hereby advised that in the country to which you are accredited special offices are established for the organization of propaganda in the countries of the coalition of powers which is in a state of belligerency with Germany. The propaganda will be connected with the stirring up of social unrest and strikes resulting from it; of revolutionary outbreaks; of separation among the component parts of the State; of civil war; and will also comprise agitation against disarmament and the discontinuation of the war butchery. You are requested to co-operate and to favor in every way the managers of said offices. These persons will present to you proper certificates.—(Signed) BARTHELM.

Translator's comment (as part of document): According to reliable information to this category of persons belonged: Prince Hohenlohe, Bjornson, Epeling, Karsberg, Sukennikov, Parvus, Furstenberg (Ganetski,) Ripke, and probably Kelyshko.

NOTE.—*Here is the exact German formula for the incitement of war "from the rear"—strikes, efforts at revolution, the use of humanitarian appeals to weaken the arm of its foes.*

DOCUMENT NO. 61.

From President of Kirdorff's Rhenish-Westphalian Industrial Syndicate to the central office of "Nia-Banken" in Stockholm, to Svensen-Baltzer, representative of the "Diskonto-Gesellschaft" in Stockholm, and to Mr. Kirch, representative of "Deutsche Bank" in Switzerland.

"The Rhenish-Westphalian Industrial Coal Syndicate charges you with the management of the account of which you have been apprised for the support of Russian emigrants desirous of conducting propaganda among Russian prisoners of war and the Russian Army.—(Signed) KIRDORFF."

NOTE.—*This document already figures in the archives of several Governments, having been intercepted in the correspondence of Prince von Buelow. It has new and direct pertinency on the Lenine-Trotsky data which follows herewith.*

DOCUMENT NO. 62

COPENHAGEN, *June* 18, 1917.

MR. RUFFNER, *Helsingfors.*

DEAR SIR: Please be advised that from the "Diskonto-Gesellschaft" account 315,000 marks have been transferred to Mr. Lenine's account in Kronstadt as per order of the Syndicate. Kindly acknowledge receipt. Nllandeway 98, Copenhagen, W. Hansen & Co.—SVENSEN.

NOTE.—*Kronstadt, the navy base, was the nerve centre from which Lenine's activities radiated during the summer, both before and after he fled from Petrograd. He was not always there, but it was the Bolshevist domain. The sailors were and still are his first dependence. Hansen & Co. are named in Document No. 54.*

DOCUMENT NO. 63.

"CONTRE-REZVIEDKA."

GENEVA, *June* 16, 1917.

Mr. FURSTENBURG, *Stockholm*:

Please note that at the request of Mr. Katz, francs 32,000 have been paid for the publication of Maximalist-Socialist pamphlets. Advise by telegram addressed to Decker of the receipt of the consignment of pamphlets. Number of Bank and date of arrival. —(Signed) Kriek-Deutsch Bank.

NOTE.—*Furstenberg is named in Document No. 54 and is Ganetsky in Petrograd.*

DOCUMENT NO. 64.

STOCKHOLM, *Sept.* 21, 1917.

Mr. RAPHAEL SCHOLAN, *Haparanda.*

DEAR COMRADE: The office of the banking house M. Warburg has opened in accordance with telegram from President of Rhenish Westphalian syndicate an account for the undertaking of Comrade Trotzky. The attorney purchased arms and has organized their transportation and delivery up to Luleo and Varde. Name to the office of Essen & Son in Luleo, receivers, and a person authorized to receive the money demanded by Comrade Trotzky. —J. FURSTENBERG.

NOTE.—*This is the first reference to Trotsky, and connects him with Banker Warburg and Furstenberg. Luleo and Varde are Swedish towns, the former near to Haparanda, which is on the border of Sweden and Finland.*

DOCUMENT NO. 65.

STOCKHOLM, *Sept.* 8.

Mr. FARSON, *Kronstadt (via Helsingfors)*: Carried out your commissions; passports and the indicated sum of 207,000 marks as per order of your Mr. Lenine have been handed to persons mentioned in your letter. The selection found the approval of his Excellency, the Ambassador. Confirm the arrival of said persons and the receipt of your counter receipts.—SVENSON.

NOTE.—*See Document No. 61. Lenine had received more than half a million marks at this date.*

DOCUMENT NO. 66.

LULEO, *Oct.* 2, 1917.

Mr. ANTONOV, *Haparanda*: Comrade Trotzky's request has been carried out. From the account of the syndicate and the Ministry (probably Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Berlin, press division,) 400,000 kroners have been taken and remitted to Comrade Sonia, who will call on you with this letter, and will hand you the said sum of money.—J. FURSTENBERG.

NOTE.—*Antonov is the chief military leader of the Bolsheviki. He was in command of the forces that took Petrograd. He is now in the field against Kaledin and Alexieff. At the date of this letter Trotzky already was at the head of the Petrograd Soviet and the Bolsheviki revolution was only a month away.*

DOCUMENT NO. 67.

BERLIN, *August* 25, 1917.

Mr. OLBERG: Your desire considered together with the intentions of the party. By agreement with the persons known to you 150,000 kroners are transferred to be at your disposal at Furstenberg's office, through Nia-Banken. Kindly advise Vorwärts about everything that is being written by the newspaper about present events.—SCHEIDEMANN.

NOTE.—*This letter from Scheidemann, the German Socialist leader, links him with Furstenberg-Ganetsky, with the Nia-Banken, and with the subsidy of the Russian revolution. Trotzky published a newspaper during the Summer. Another newspaper spoke for Lenine. Vorwaerts would seem to refer to Scheidemann's organ at Berlin. Scheidemann's rôles both as German peace propagandist and as German strike queller are illuminced by this letter.*

NOTE, Sept. 12.—*A few days ago a more extended version of this letter was published in The New York Times, in translation from a Russian newspaper circular in southeastern Russia last Winter. This version named Gorky, the novelist, as the head of the Russian "newspaper." The interesting deduction is that the persons who prepared the Petrograd circulars familiar to me were desirous of protecting Gorky from the imputations that would follow the appearance of his name. Gorky did support the Bolsheviki before they came into power, but almost immediately afterward turned bitterly against them and fought them daringly throughout the Winter.—E. S.*

DOCUMENT NO. 68.

BERLIN, July 14, 1917.

Mr. MIR, Stockholm: We are transferring to your name through Mr. I. Ruchvergen 180,000 marks for the expense of your journey to Finland. The balance will be at your disposal for agitation against England and France. The letters of Mallanik and Stocklov, which were sent, were received and will be considered.—PARVUS.

NOTE.—*Mir is the Russian word for peace. Lenine was in hiding i July. Report placed him, among other places, in Stockholm. Notice that the agitation is to be against England and France. It took the form from the opening days of the Bolshevik revolution of attacks upon them as "imperialistic nations." Parvus is Copenhagen banker already referred to.*—EDGAR SISSON, July 6, 1918.

APPENDIX II.

Illustrating the "offense tactics" of the Bolsheviki leaders against Great Britain and the United States. A conversation by telegraph between Tchicherin at Petrograd (who is speaking) and Trotsky at Brest-Litovsk in first week in February, a few days before Trotsky made his "No peace No war" gesture, with its practical aspect of demobilizing the army and opening Russia's unarmed breast to Germany.

With reference to the Allies the situation is evidently favorable. Separate peace will not cause a rupture. England has reconciled herself to this in advance. The recognition of us is a matter of the near future. England and America are playing up to us separately. A few days ago there appeared a so-called head of a commercial mission, Lockhart, with a letter from Litvinoff stating that the bearer is an honest man who indeed fully sympathizes with us. Indeed, he is a subtle, alert Englishman; expresses very liberal views; runs down his Government. He is a type of the diplomat of the new school. At present he is not an official representative, but de facto he is an envoy, having been sent by the War Cabinet. After our recognition he will obtain an official position with us. He promises all kinds of favors from England.

He explained that if we should not spoil the situation our recognition is a question of the near future, but something would have to be ceded on our part. He said that no government could tolerate intervention in its internal affairs. If we are going to raise the British people, if our agents in England will attempt to cause strikes, England will not tolerate this. It proved later that this had reference to Petroff's mission. Concerning the latter specially Lockhart said that his appointment would be difficult for England to swallow, and should he be arrested in England or not be allowed to land we would probably reply by reprisals, and thus the whole business would be spoiled. He begged that we postpone this matter for ten or twelve days.

Simultaneously Ransome tried to persuade Petroff not to go to England. His journey in case of a conflict would put the question of a revolution in England on edge, which would be exceedingly risky. We discussed this question and decided that our strength was in attack and that whatever would happen it would be the worse for Lloyd George & Co., and the revolution would be the gainer. We sent Petroff's passport to be visé. Lockhart came running to us. I arranged for an interview with Petroff. Lockhart stated that the question had been referred for decision to London. We said that Russia represented a part of the world's revolutionary movement and that in this was its strength. We and our comrades in England would proclaim that this is not a concrete organization of strikes. We explained the aim of Petroff's mission—i. e., the clearing up of misunderstandings between two nations. He will appeal to all organs of the British nation. This has also been sent by radio.

Lockhart stated that he was very well impressed and promised to telegraph advising that the visé should be granted. We await further developments. He stated that according to English information the German troops on the eastern front were so badly infected by our propaganda that no second course of barrack régime could cure them. He said that our method of fighting militarism was the most effective. I listened to this and laughed up our sleeves.

NOTE.—*There in the last sentence we have it. The Bolshevik plot in Russia could be placarded a cynical farce if it were not a world tragedy.*

DENIES BANK WAS IMPLICATED

Recent Director of Stockholm Institution Says It Did Not Finance Bolsheviki.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 20.—Olof Aschberg, until recently managing director of the Nia Bank of Stockholm, has issued a statement denying that the bank financed the Russian Bolshevist Government, acting as an intermediary for Germany in the transactions.

"I have explained to the Entente legations in Stockholm," he said, "that there is no foundation whatever for these allegations. I offered to permit the legations to examine the bank's transactions through any Swedish trustee, to prove that the assertion is false. This offer is still open."

The revelations of the Committee on Public Information at Washington of the relations between the Bolshevist Government and Germany, based upon documentary evidence, named the Nia Bank as the depository for the funds which were to be paid to Lenine, Trotzky and their colleagues.

DANES PRAISE REVELATIONS.

Newspapers Credit Them to Our Intelligence Efficiency.

Copyright, 1918, By The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 20.—The Danish press publishes very complimentary comments on the power of penetration of the American Intelligence Department regarding the recent disclosure of the Bolsheviki. The Politiken writes that America's secret intelligence Department already twice last year achieved masterpieces of efficient investigation which, used at the right moment, were of great political importance. It goes on:

"Now the third great American sensation has come, or is about to come, as it is quite likely that this is only the beginning of a whole series. This time the secret Intelligence Department has beaten all, even its own, records. One might take it for granted that the documents are authentic. Only a few dates seem strange, but this might be explained by the Russian calendar.

"On the whole and in detail, the documents seem genuine enough. It is probably not an accident that they are published now. It is very likely that they have been ready for some time awaiting the new situation. Count Burian's peace manoeuvre became the background. Not long ago the Bolsheviki published extensive material making out that the Entente diplomatists at Moscow were in a great conspiracy to kill Lenine and Trotzky. The American disclosures now show how Germany had a hand in the game about disintegrated, ruined, revolutionary Russia."

Other papers express themselves in similar terms, and wide publicity has been given to the whole matter.

Belgian Labor Unions Gaining.

German newspapers received here quote Eduard Anseele, the Belgian labor leader, as saying in the Socialiste Belge of Aug. 10: "In Ghent the labor movement has greatly increased. The membership of the union Vooruit has risen from 90,000 to 142,000 and the newspaper Vooruit has gained several thousand readers. If my information is correct the situation all over Belgium is about the same as in Ghent."

J. M. Gidding & Co.
804-808-810 Fifth Avenue, at 40th St.

Announce the readiness of their Dressmaking and Custom Tailoring Departments to reproduce, to individual order, Paris Models just received from

PREMET—DRECOLL—JENNY—LANVIN—DOUCET—DOEUILLET—BULLOZ—GEORGETTE—PAQUIN—MARTIAL ARMAND AND OTHER COUTURIERS

AND PRESENT

an exclusive showing of HATS from

REBOUX—MARIA GUY—TALBOT
LEWIS—LOUISON—DESCAT—JULIA
HERMANCE AND OTHER MODISTES OF NOTE

B. Altman & Co.

The New Styles in Men's Silk Neckwear

now prominently displayed in the Men's Wear Department on the First Floor, include many novelties of more than average interest.

Silks "made in America" are an important feature, sharing the honors with those contributed by the looms of France and Switzerland. A large proportion of the handsomer scarfs were made in B. Altman & Co.'s own workrooms, from rich silks imported exclusively by them.

The prices, in stock, range from $1.50 to $4.50.

KNITTED SILK MUFFLERS

for street and dress wear, are shown in a great variety of novelty effects, as well as in the plainer and more conservative styles.

Prices range from $4.75 for a plain muffler to $15.00 for a more elaborate one.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Come on, Fellers, says Bobby, and eat POST TOASTIES (MADE OF CORN)

They're immense, and they Save Wheat

Harvard University

Students Army Training Corps—Naval Unit

ADMISSION

Both the Students Army Corps and the Naval Unit are open to men between the ages of 18 and 45 who are not physically disqualified for military service, have completed a good high school education, and present a transcript of their school records at the time of application. No entrance examinations are required. The medical examination will be given at the University.

TERMS

Members of the S. A. T. C. and of the Naval Unit will be quartered, rationed, uniformed and taught at the expense of the Government; each member will receive the pay of an enlisted man.

INSTRUCTION—S. A. T. C.

The military instruction will be given by army officers (American and French) and will include the tactics now used at the front. Each member of the Corps will take a course in the aims of the war and select his other studies from a wide range of courses and subjects. As the requirements of the service demand men will be transferred to officers' training camps, or to the depot brigade or detailed for further instruction in technical subjects. At the time of transfer men will be given the opportunity to express a preference for the branch of the service which they prefer.

INSTRUCTION—NAVAL UNIT

The Naval Unit will be in charge of a naval officer detailed for the purpose. The course of instruction as approved by the Navy Department is designed to supply the preliminary training necessary for admission to a Naval School for Officers. The school for training officers in the First Naval District is at Harvard University. Those members of the unit who meet the requirements of the Navy will be candidates for admission to this officers' school.

REGISTRATION

Registration at the University takes place on September 23, when all courses of instruction begin. Official induction into the S. A. T. C. or the Naval Unit takes place on October 1. Permanent quarters will not be assigned until October 1. For those desiring them the University will, in so far as possible, supply sleeping accommodations without charge and meals at a low cost between September 23 and October 1.

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION

Application for admission to either the S. A. T. C. or the Naval Unit should be made at once, and a transcript of the high school record submitted with the application. Those having only a high school education should address Mr. J. G. HART, 20 University Hall, Cambridge. Those having a college education should address Mr. G. W. ROBINSON, 24 University Hall.

For students in Harvard University not desiring to be inducted into either the S. A. T. C. or the Naval Unit, the regular course of instruction with slight modifications will be conducted as usual. Those under 18 years of age will have an opportunity to receive a certain amount of instruction in military subjects.

EXTRA

A Colored Map of Russia

In this week's LITERARY DIGEST—September 21st—there is a fine, full-page colored map of Russia. This Map shows in detail all towns, rivers, and railway-lines. By its aid you can visualize the territory where the American and other Allied troops are engaged with the Russian Reds.

At this moment, when events in Russia are taking on such critical importance, this Map will be of great service. Accompanying the Map is

A Comprehensive Article on the Russian Situation

drawn from various sources, which will give the reader a clear understanding of the chaotic conditions in that country to-day. Other striking news features in this week's "Digest" are

Germany's Back to the Wall

A Gleaning of German Papers, as Quoted in This Article, Shows That the Enemy Has Now Lost His Bluster and Is Protesting Loudly That He Is Flourishing His Trusty Sword Merely to Protect Himself

Sniping at the New Tax Bill
Canada's Mighty Arm
The War as a Life-Saver
The One-piece House at Last?
Making a Stream Build Its Own Dams
Back to Old Music Loves
Books Our Soldiers Must Not Read
The Kaiser as a Church Liability
A Message to School Teachers from President Wilson
Current Poetry
News of Business and Finance
A Nationwide Drought in Sight
As Japan Sees the Siberian Move
China Going Back to Opium
How Alcohol Enslaves Us
The Doomed Cities of France
Noonday Prayers for Victory
Rallying the Church to the League of Peace
High Cost of War Charity
War-time Food Problems (Prepared by U. S. Food Administration)
Glimpses of Men and Events

Many Illustrations in Half-tone, and Reproductions of the Most Striking Cartoons.

Read "The Digest" and Keep Up to Date

No matter how busy you may be, no matter how little time you have to spare from the rush of affairs that presses on you afresh every day, there is one duty you owe to yourself, there is one thing you can not afford not to do. That is to read THE LITERARY DIGEST faithfully every week. You can't pretend even to skim half the magazines published nowadays, but here is one it is actually vital to you to read with care. It won't take long—a couple of hours perhaps—and it will repay you a thousandfold. Without it you simply can not be at your best anywhere, socially, in the world of business, in the field of ideas, or in matters of art or religion. It summarizes, epitomizes them all for you, week by week, gives you the wheat of facts threshed clear of the chaff of rumor and freed from the blighting mildew of bias. It keeps you informed on all important world-events everywhere. Read it and stay abreast of the times.

September 21st Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

SAVE W.S.S. SERVE

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

DE FORD TELLS WHAT HE DID FOR BRISBANE

His Office Formed the Growing Circulation Corporation as Editor's Personal Enterprise.

WAS TO DELIVER PAPERS

Plan Fell Through, Lawyer Asserts —Felgenspan Resents Charges and Tells of His Loyalty.

William A. De Ford, general counsel, for the Star Publishing Company, publisher of William R. Hearst's New York American and New York Evening Journal, was the only person in New York yesterday in any way connected with Mr. Hearst or Arthur Brisbane, or the enterprises of either, who had anything to say about Mr. Brisbane's purchase of The Washington Times with money supplied by some of the biggest brewers in the country. Mr. Brisbane was said to be in Chicago. Alexander Konta of the American Hungarian Loyalty League, who advised Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, at one time chief German propagandist in this country, as to the feasability of obtaining control of a newspaper for the brewers, also was said to be in Chicago. His son, Geoffrey Konta, Mr. Brisbane's lawyer, sent word yesterday from his office in the Equitable Building that he had nothing to say.

In making the statement he did Mr. De Ford wanted it understood that he was speaking only for himself. He said that Mr. Hearst would have nothing to say, because the disclosures made by A. Mitchell Palmer, the Enemy Alien Property Custodian, in regard to Mr. Brisbane's financial connection with the brewers had nothing to do with Mr. Hearst and did not remotely concern him. As for Mr. Brisbane, Mr. De Ford said that he had never been his attorney and had never acted for him in any capacity but once, and that was when he incorporated, at Mr. Brisbane's request, the Growing Circulation Corporation, and, for convenience, had acted as one of its incorporating Directors, as had also two of his office associates, John A. Sturdevant and Thomas E. McEntegart. Mr. Sturdevant is the Secretary of the Star Company, The Evening Journal and The New York American.

Mr. De Ford's Statement.

Regarding his activities in and for the Growing Circulation Corporation, Mr. De Ford said:

I am General Counsel for the Star Company, publisher of The New York American and New York Evening Journal. Mr. Arthur Brisbane is one of the principal employes of that company.

The Growing Circulation Corporation, referred to in Mr. Palmer's statement, was incorporated on Jan. 15, 1916, by my office, at the request of Mr. Brisbane, who stated that the contract of the Star Company with the Interborough Delivery Company for the delivery of The New York American and New York Evening Journal was about to expire; that he expected as a personal business enterprise to arrange with the Star Company to deliver its papers in the future, and that he desired to do this through the instrumentality of the corporation which he asked my office to organize, under the name of the Growing Circulation Corporation; that it was necessary (in view of the fact that the Star Company's contract with the Interborough Delivery Company was about to expire) that the proposed corporation be expeditiously organized, and requested that Mr. Sturdevant, Mr. McEntegart and myself act temporarily as incorporators and directors, for the purposes of effecting a quick organization.

I became one of the three incorporators and incorporating Directors of the company, the other two being John T. Sturdevant (who now) associated with me, and Thomas E. McEntegart, then a clerk in my office, now serving with the American Army in France. The Star Company afterward declined to contract with the Growing Circulation Corporation for the distribution of its newspapers, preferring to renew its then contract for their delivery with the Interborough Company. The Growing Circulation Corporation thereafter remained a mere shell, and, while I was connected with its directorate, carried on no business whatsoever.

Mr. Brisbane later advised my office that he desired to take over the nominal (as he had the actual) ownership and control of the corporation, and that he wanted Mr. Sturdevant, Mr. McEntegart, and myself to resign as Directors, so that he might elect Directors of his own choice.

The first and only meeting of the incorporators and Directors of this company which either Mr. Sturdevant, Mr. McEntegart, or myself attended was held on March 11, 1916, at which time the by-laws were adopted, the corporation organized and authorized to issue its capital stock of $10,000 to Mrs. Alice Brisbane Thursby, Mr. Brisbane's sister, for $10,000 in cash. At this meeting Mr. Sturdevant, Mr. McEntegart, and myself, as incorporating Directors, resigned from all connection with the company, and Seward Carey, Mr. Brisbane's father-in-law, was elected President and a Director and Mr. Steinhauser and Mrs. Wheeler, Mr. Brisbane's secretaries, were elected Directors and Secretary and Treasurer, respectively. At this time I turned over the corporation in its entirety and all of the corporate records to Mr. Brisbane.

The corporation transacted no business while I, or any member of my staff, was connected with its Directorate or while its records were in my possession; and therefore I never knew, until the publication of Mr. Palmer's statement, that the corporation possessed any funds or had transacted any business.

That part of Mr. De Ford's statement which says that the Growing Circulation Corporation authorized that sale of the entire capital stock of the corporation to Mrs. Alice Brisbane Thursby for $10,000 in cash, it was said yesterday, was not quite correct. The resolution authorizing the sale said that Mrs. Thursby might acquire the stock by a cash payment of $10,000 or by a payment of part cash and part notes. At the time Mrs. Thursby acquired her interest in the corporation she lived at Hempstead, L. I.

Mr. De Ford was asked how it was that he knew so little about the Brisbane-Thursby company when the Corporation Directory gave the company's office address as Room 1502 in the building at 140 Nassau Street, which is Mr. De Ford's own office. Mr. De Ford seemed surprised when he heard this and said:

"Why, the company never had its offices here. The offices have always been at 13 West Forty-sixth Street, in a building which Brisbane owns."

The address in West Forty-sixth Street, which Mr. DeFord gave, is an old-fashioned brownstone house. In the basement is a dressmaking establishment and the other floors are occupied for business purposes and lodgings. The elevator girl had never heard of the Growing Circulation Corporation and neither had a man in the dressmaking shop. The oldest tenant on the top floor said he knew Mr. Brisbane and he knew about the corporation. "It never had offices in this building," he said, "at least, not so long as I have been here."

Felgenspan Makes a Protest.

C. W. Felgenspan made a statement yesterday in which he admitted as true Mr. Palmer's charge that the brewers had tried to influence legislation, both State and national, but only through reputable agents, mostly lawyers, and in a perfectly proper way, and he also admitted collecting the money for the purchase of The Washington Times, but he characterized as "a dastardly and outrageous libel, unworthy of any representative of this American Republic," any charge impugning the brewers' loyalty.

"On this point," the statement said, "I feel deeply and keenly, for it has been my pride, as it has been my purpose, that, while bearing a German name, on every occasion that presented itself I did my very utmost. I have given and I have worked beyond my rightful means, in comparison with many whose patriotism consists largely in loud mouthings. * * * I, with my immediate family, have purchased Liberty bonds and Treasury certificates and have made donations to the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, and numerous other wartime agencies to a total of $772,880. And all this in the full knowledge that my business was about to be destroyed and much of my property practically confiscated, because of its value being depreciated through Federal legislation now in process of enactment.

"I am well within the draft age and am ready to answer my country's call anywhere and at any time. I have a son and a brother who volunteered immediately when war was declared. The latter now is on the firing line in France, which is the proudest circumstance in the history of our family.

"These are times when material things have comparatively little value, when sentiment and patriotism are the only things really worth while. I have tried to do my utmost, and language fails to express my resentment and the hurt I feel by these groundless charges. I can submit to the legalized destruction of my material wealth, if our nation's chief feels it is for the nation's good, but I cannot and I will not rest under the charge of disloyalty."

Wilson J. Vance, Assistant Secretary of the United States Brewers' Association, yesterday sent a letter to United States Senator William H. King, Chairman of the sub-committee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, asking that, in view of the charges made against the brewers by A. Mitchell Palmer, and in view of the statement Mr. Palmer gave out about the purchase of The Washington Times, that he, Mr. Vance, be called as a witness before the committee at the earliest possible date that he might be questioned without limit on all the charges involved in Mr. Palmer's communication."

ADMITS AID TO BRISBANE.

Miller Regarded Him as Agent to Fight Prohibition.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 20.—C. A. Miller, manager of the Miller Brewing Company, today admitted the contributions of individuals of his family to Arthur Brisbane for the purpose of "saving our business," and denied any disloyal intention or any part in keeping from the public the purpose or backers of The Washington Times.

"You can say to the public for us," said Mr. Miller, "that we individually contributed to Mr. Brisbane to work for us to fight prohibition. Mr. Brisbane offered to work with us in favor of light wines and beer. We looked upon him as our agent in this matter. The contributions were not made from the company, but from individuals."

In answer to further questions about the contributions Mr. Miller said:

"There was no effort on our part to keep the transaction secret, or to conceal the purpose of The Washington Times to fight prohibition. That was Mr. Brisbane's business. Our books show very plainly the records of the contribution.

"There was absolutely no politics in it, and no connection with pro-German propaganda."

Gustav Pabst and Joseph E. Uihlein, other Milwaukee contributors, were reported to be out of the city today.

BISHOP IS NOT SURPRISED.

Prohibitionist Leader Discusses Disclosures of Brewers' Activities.

Olin S. Bishop of Utica, Chairman of the Prohibition State Committee and candidate for the nomination for Governor in the Prohibition primaries this year, said yesterday that he was not surprised by the disclosures showing that the brewers had backed Arthur Brisbane financially in his purchase of The Washington Times.

"We have known for years and openly charged that the brewers and liquor interests were reaching out for the control of newspapers, and that in some instances they had succeeded," said Mr. Bishop. "Our charges are merely beginning to be verified."

Mr. Bishop said that he had spent several days visiting counties adjacent to this city and that he had found the Prohibitionists more active than they have been at any time within his memory.

"The prohibition wave that is sweeping the entire country naturally has stimulated interest," said Mr. Bishop. "The Prohibitionists in this State will cast at least 100,000 votes this year, and the prohibition vote will go solidly for Governor Whitman."

GIBBONS CALLS FOR UNITY.

Tells Catholics to Work with All Others to Help Win War.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.—Cardinal Gibbons, in a letter addressed to the laity of the Catholic Diocese of Baltimore and read at a meeting at the Catholic Club here tonight, asked that all differences in creeds and denominations be cast aside, and that the Catholics of Maryland work side by side with other religious organizations for the common good, to make the American Army victorious.

"It is an American campaign," wrote the Cardinal. "Its appeal is one that no American can refuse, and America's answer will be another triumphant announcement that we are in this war as one people and as one nation, to see it through to victory.

"America in this war has done what no other nation ever did. She has carried in the presence, the atmosphere of home into the camps across the seas that everywhere the soldier may realize there are fatherly hands to help him, motherly hands to console him, friendly hands to entertain him.

"Into this splendid work of maintaining the morale of our fighting men, of making them realize that we, their loved ones, are ever with them, the great social organizations of America have thrown themselves generally, are again about to appeal to the American people for the financial support necessary to carry on this work. That work is of a single character, as expressed by the Secretary of War, the recreational work for the men of our army and navy. All these seven organizations now stand upon one platform, that of providing entertainment and home comfort for our troops. From that common platform all, with one voice, will make a single appeal to the American people."

My, how that
Resinol
is helping to clear my skin!

Resinol Ointment helps to make it possible for every woman to have a clear, soft, healthy skin, the first and indispensable requisite of beauty and attractiveness.

Irritation and burning of the skin can be relieved and usually removed by Resinol Ointment aided by Resinol Soap.

Sold by all dealers.

31 NEW INFLUENZA CASES IN NEW YORK

Health Department Begins a Campaign of Education to Combat the Disease.

SEEK GERM OF THE MALADY

Surgeon General Blue Asks State Health Authorities to Send Cultures for Study.

Eighteen new cases of Spanish influenza were reported yesterday, five in Manhattan, eleven in Brooklyn, one in the Bronx, and one in Queens. Six of the Brooklyn cases were British sailors from an Australian ship lying alongside a Brooklyn pier. Among the Brooklyn cases one was the wife of a soldier and another a patient who came from Massachusetts and brought the disease with him.

In addition to the cases reported to the Health Department it was said late yesterday that ten cases of influenza had developed on Staten Island. They were all admitted to the United States Marine Hospital at Stapleton. None of the cases was serious, and all originated on ships just arrived from foreign waters.

Three seamen from a steamship at the foot of Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, were taken to the Holy Family Hospital in Dean Street last night.

The Brooklyn Navy Yard reported that there had been 173 cases among the personnel of receiving ships from Sept. 15 to this morning. There are seventy-five cases under quarantine at Ellis Island. The health authorities hope to keep the disease from spreading among the civil population by strict enforcement of quarantine.

Health Commissioner Dr. Copeland reported the discovery of a new micro-organism by the Bacteriological Bureau of the Health Department in its search for the cause of Spanish influenza, but gave no details.

Beginning today the authorities will concentrate upon a campaign of health education. Dr. Copeland said he has asked the clergy to advise their congregations on Sunday and to request all to assist the Health Department in combating the disease.

"It is the duty of every one to be on his guard not only to avoid contracting the disease but also against spreading it among others," said Dr. Copeland. "The symptoms are similar to cold in the head but more severe; sneezing, headache, rise in temperature, a decided cough, and marked prostration.

"As soon as any of these symptoms are noted, particularly sneezing or coughing accompanied by a rise of temperature, consult the family physician.

"To avoid contracting the disease keep properly clothed so as to prevent all minor colds, live regularly, eat proper food and get sufficient sleep, so that the body will be able to resist the infection.

"Inasmuch as Spanish influenza is highly infectious and is communicated from one person to another, avoid as much as possible all crowds and places where persons come into close contact."

By direction of Chairman Charles B. Hubbell of the Public Service Commission, the various department heads of that organization have circulated among employes a bulletin warning against the perils of influenza and suggesting preventive measures.

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who recently returned from Europe suffering from Spanish influenza and has since been confined to the home of his mother, Mrs. James Roosevelt, at 47 East Sixty-fifth Street, is now suffering from a slight attack of pneumonia according to his physicians. It was announced yesterday that he had spent a comfortable night and that his condition had improved.

In a letter addressed to Major Richard M. Pearce, Chairman of the Division of Medicine of the National Research Council, by Surgeon General Rupert Blue, of the United States Public Health Service, the Surgeon General requests the aid of laboratories throughout the country in determining the exact cause of Spanish influenza. "It is well known," said the Surgeon General, "that the influenza which swept a large part of Europe and this country in 1893 was caused by a very minute bacterium usually spoken of as Pfeiffer's bacillus. On the other hand, fairly extensive outbreaks of an influenza-like disease have been found to be due to other bacteria, notably pneumococci, the germ of lobar pneumonia.

"It is important to know whether we are dealing with Pfeiffer bacillus, or with some other germ. Moreover, we should know whether the outbreaks in various parts of the country, such as New Orleans, Mobile, Boston, and New York, are all due to the same germ. I hope my request will soon furnish us with cultures from different places so that comparative studies can be made at the Hygienic Laboratory."

In a telegram to all State Health Officers, Surgeon General Blue said: "In view of the importance which outbreaks of influenza will have on war production, request you to wire Bureau Public Health Service immediately information outbreaks influenza in your State. Appreciate your keeping bureau constantly advised influenza situation."

Miss Catherine Janelli, 30 years old, died of Spanish influenza at 42 Clifton Place, Jersey City, yesterday. Hers was the first fatal case reported in Hudson County. Her brother, Private Anthony Janelli, of the Military Police at Camp Dix, came home ill of influenza ten days ago, and is in a serious condition. Four new cases were reported in Jersey City yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Outbreaks of Spanish influenza at five additional army training camps were announced tonight by Surgeon General Gorgas, making a total of nine camps in which the disease has been discovered.

The total of cases reported from all camps up to noon today was 9,313, with eleven deaths. The greatest number of cases, 6,583, was reported from Camp Devens, Mass., while Camp Lee, Va., had 1,211, and Camp Upton, N. Y., 602. Camp Devens also reported 43 new cases of pneumonia, which medical officers believe resulted from the influenza epidemic.

The camps included in tonight's announcement, with the number of cases at each, were Camp Gordon, Ga., 138; Camp Syracuse, N. Y., 64; Camp Humphreys, Va., 56; Camp Merritt, N. J., 182, and Camp Lewis, Wash., 11.

In response to a request from Surgeon General Blue of the Public Health Service, health authorities in many States sent word today as to the development and spread of the epidemic. Two vessels with influenza aboard were quarantined at Newport News, and in all parts of the country steps were taken by health officers to check the spread of the disease.

Reports from some European countries indicate that 20 per cent. of the population has been affected this Summer by Spanish influenza. Surgeon General Rupert Blue said today, in reminding the public that it was well not to underrate the disease. While the epidemic in some places has been mild, it was attended in others, he said, by considerable mortality. A fatal outcome is not uncommon, the Surgeon General said, when the infection takes the form of pneumonia.

"In this connection," he added, "I wish to call renewed attention to the instructive report issued last year by Surgeon General Gorgas with regard to the occurrence of respiratory infection in army camps. Much emphasis was placed in that report on the evil effect of overcrowding, a fact fully borne out by the high pneumonia mortality in camps where overcrowding prevailed.

"Cover up each cough and sneeze; if you don't you'll spread disease," was offered by the Surgeon General as the best slogan for everybody while influenza is raging.

AYER, Mass., Sept. 20.—Fifteen deaths from pneumonia, developing from cases of influenza, were reported among soldiers at Camp Devens today. While the total of deaths was the largest recorded for a single day, camp medical authorities said the epidemic was waning and that the number of admissions to hospitals was decreasing daily. An order issued by Major Gen. Henry P. McCain suspending passes temporarily on account of the epidemic, will prevent soldiers visiting their homes unless these are within walking distance. It was explained that this order did not mean that the camp was quarantined, but it was desired to have soldiers who might be taken sick cared for at the camp hospitals. Last week about 100 men who had received leave were stricken with influenza while at their homes and are still absent from camp.

PASTEUR INSTITUTE ENDS.

Major Rambaud, Now in Army, Says Hospitals Can Handle Rabies.

Dr. George Gibier Rambaud, who has been head of the Pasteur Institute in this city since 1900, has been commissioned a Major in the Medical Corps of the United States Army and has left for active duty overseas. The institute was conducted for many years at 361 West Twenty-third Street, formerly the home of Lady de Bathe, (Mrs. Langtry,) and when that was sold a short time ago, offices were maintained in a building at the rear, 348 West Twenty-second Street.

The Pasteur Institute's work, Dr. Rambeau announced prior to his departure, has in recent years been considerably limited, owing to the fact that the Pasteur treatment for rabies can be obtained at many hospitals.

During the last eight years the institute cared for 10,020 patients. Among these patients, 1,803 received the Pasteur treatment for threatened rabies. Of the total there were 8,292 free patients received. The mortality of patients treated by the institute since its establishment in 1888, said Dr. Rambaud, has been only 15 per cent.

J. R. MANN, JR., A SUICIDE.

Son of Congressman, a Victim of Tuberculosis, Shoots Himself.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—After shooting and killing his pet dog, James R. Mann, Jr., son of the Illinois Congressman and Republican leader in the House, killed himself here today.

In a note addressed to his mother, who is in Washington, the young man said he did not expect to live much longer, "and that I might as well end it now." He was suffering from tuberculosis. He was 28 years old.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Mrs. James R. Mann was called to Chicago today by news that her son had committed suicide. Friends of the family said the youth had been depressed by failure to qualify physically for service in the army.

Highest Draft Registration in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Complete returns from the draft registration in Washington State on Sept. 12, announced today by the Provost Marshal General's office, showed 102,573 enrolled there for military service against an estimate of 140,853. This was 131 per cent. of the estimate, or the highest registration so far reported by any State. Officials said today that enrollment in the nation to date was 101.5 per cent. of the estimated total, 12,778,000.

18-OZ. SERGE UNIFORMS

At $33—Which Is Actual Cost

MADE by the Kirschbaum shops especially for overseas service and winter wear.... The fabric is a close-weave serge, affording the needed warmth and wearing strength.... The linings, canvases, every detail of the materials and workmanship, of the staunchest quality.

KIRSCHBAUM UNIFORMS AT COST

14-oz. Serge,	$27	Officers' Overcoats, satin	
14-oz. Whipcord,	$27	yokes and moleskin fabric	
HeavyMeltonOvercoats,	$30	bottom,	$36.50

STERN BROTHERS

WEST 42d AND 43d STREETS

Largest Retail Distributors of Officers' Uniforms in the United States

GOMPERS WINS OVER PACIFISTS

Sways Labor Conference in England to Adopt Strong War Aims Report.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Interallied Labor Conference has been more protracted than had been expected, but after another extended discussion today, arising mainly through the criticisms of the small pacifist group, it adopted the entire report of the Committee on War Aims with virtual unanimity.

This result is regarded a triumph for Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who, in a vigorous reply to the pacifist objections, said that he had been in England three weeks and had seen no flame of peace flying through the world, as had been described by some one calling himself a Socialist.

What he had seen, said Mr. Gompers, was a spark here and there of fire from a torch carried by British and French labor movements on their way to discover an opportunity to live their own lives and prevent Prussianism from any longer becoming a menace to the world's liberties. Until that way was made clear for the world democracies, he said, the labor movement of the United States would stand undivided behind the Allies.

In its report the War Aims Committee recommended that the conference call upon the Governments of the allied nations to adopt President Wilson's fourteen peace points in a joint declaration of allied policy.

The report further suggested that the conference protest against the continuation of the war for a single day to obtain any objects aimed at by secret trade agreements which are not in accord with President Wilson's propositions or the war aims of the Interallied Labor Conference.

A motion by Samuel Gompers that "we will meet in conference only those of the Central Powers which are in open revolt against their autocratic Governments," was defeated on the nationality vote by 63 to 26, whereupon William Bowen, of the American delegates, declared that, if another interallied conference was held during the war and enemy delegates were admitted, representatives of the United States would not participate.

The conference adopted as amended the report of the International Relations Committee regarding Russia, in which it was declared that the Brest-Litovsk treaty, if permitted to stand, would confirm the collapse of the Russian revolution and affect adversely the future of the democracy of the world. The report reads:

"This conference is of the opinion that in conformity with Article VI. of President Wilson's fourteen points, the present efforts of the allied governments to assist the Russian people must be influenced only by a desire to preserve liberty and democracy in order to obtain a durable world peace in which the beneficial fruits of the Russian revolution shall be made permanently secure."

DISAGREE IN PRIETH CASE.

Federal Judge Discharges Jury in Newark Conspiracy Trial.

After deliberating for six hours, the jury in the trial of Benedict and Edwin S. Prieth, publishers, and William von Katzler, editor, of The New Jersey Freie Zeitung, yesterday informed Judge Thomas S. Haight, in the United States Court at Newark, that it was unable to reach an agreement. The Prieths and von Katzler were indicted for conspiracy to violate the espionage law by the publication of articles intended to hinder and prevent recruiting for the army and in other ways to interfere with the military operations of the United States. The jury was discharged.

The jury retired at 12:30, after a charge by Judge Haight that lasted a few minutes more than an hour.

District Attorney Lynch was not present when the jury was discharged, and his subordinates would not say whether there would be a new trial.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Jonathan Makes a Wish" will be withdrawn from the Princess Theatre after tonight's performance.

Helen Hafter has been engaged for one of the leading roles in "Take it from Me," a musical show which William Moore Patch will produce.

The next attraction at the Shubert Theatre, following the departure of the San Carlo Opera Company, will be "Somethine," a musical comedy by Rida Johnson Young and Rudolf Friml. In the cast will be Ed Wynn, Dorothie Bigelow, Frances Cameron, Mae West, Mildred Le Gue, Harrison Brockbank, John Merkyl, De Haven and Nice, Hallen Mostyn, and William Dorrian. The piece will have its premiere during the week of Sept. 30.

"By Pigeon Post," an English war play, by Austin Strong, will be produced in New York in the near future by Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr. The author is en route to this country to assist in the staging.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mischa Elman, Anna Fitziu, and the Metropolitan Orchestra under Captain Nahan Franko will give the last of the Park Department's open air concerts next Saturday evening, Sept. 28, on the Mall in Central Park. The soloists have volunteered and the expenses of the concert are contributed by Mrs. Philip Berolzheimer.

Wilbur A. Luyster will open popular sight-singing classes of the Brooklyn Institute at the Academy of Music in that borough next Wednesday evening. There is no "trial" of voices and no previous training is required.

Besides "La Boheme," the San Carlo Opera Company will mark its farewell week at the Shubert by singing "The Barber of Seville" on Thursday night and "Martha" next Saturday afternoon.

Sunday night concerts will be held during the season of the Society of American Singers at the Park. The prices will be popular and the important members of the company will appear.

TO OUST SLACKERS IN WAR INDUSTRIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

ficials who could be reached said they had no knowledge of any serious curtailment in their force, while men who quit said the number that left the yard is large.

Charles Scott, general organizer of the Boilermakers and Shipbuilders, and D. J. Cavan, general organizer for the American Federation of Labor in the Delaware district, were quoted tonight as saying that there is too much welfare work in the shipyards, and that it retards the progress of shipbuilding. Privately owned yards, such as Cramps', they said, never had any welfare agents until the Government sent them there at Government expense.

Francis T. Bowles, Assistant General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, in a statement today regarding the alleged failure of riveters at the Hog Island Shipyard to speed up, said that an investigation of that plant was neither necessary nor desirable at this time. While the majority of men at the yard were doing their best, there were shirkers among them, and they would be eliminated, he said.

Conditions at Hog Island, he said, were similar to those in other yards and war industries. Unable to draw skilled men from other places, Hog Island had been required, with a very small sprinkling of skilled workers, to obtain, educate and organize a large force from a variety of material.

Only 13,422 rivets were driven into the sides of the vessels at the Hog Island plant on Wednesday, when an average of 14 an hour was made. On the same day the Submarine Boat Corporation at Newark, N. J., had an average of 20 an hour, and the Merchant Shipbuilding Corporation at Bristol, Penn., 21.

These figures were revealed today in a telegram sent by Charles M. Schwab, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, to the management of the three shipyards. While the statement of the Emergency Fleet contained no reference to the comparatively low average at Hog Island, it is believed to have been due to some extent to a havy rain, which retarded work on the unprotected ways.

As compared with the best riveting record set at the Hog Island plant, Wednesday's total shows a decrease of 181,800. When the top mark was made 512 gangs were at work, whereas on Wednesday only 121 reported for duty.

W. M. Chase's Net Estate $34,956.

The estate of William M. Chase, artist, who died on Oct. 25, 1916, was appraised yesterday at $80,525, but debts and other deductions reduced the net estate to $34,956. The bulk of the estate consisted of $44,044, realized at the auction sale of his paintings. Mr. Chase gave a third of the estate to his wife, Alice G. Chase, and divided the rest among six daughters and two sons.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., at 2:15. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy **THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN** "Brightest and Most Melodious in Years."—World.

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LIGHTNIN GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.

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CENTRAL Theatre, Broadway & 47th St. Phone Bryant 17. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wednesday at 2:30. **ALICE BRADY** Returned to the spoken stage in **Forever After** "The girls will love this new drama." —Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail. SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT. EXTRAORDINARY BILL

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. MAT. TODAY & WED. 2:20. **T For 3** A NEW COMEDY By Roi Cooper Megrue. "Brilliant." "Amusing." "Sparkling." "Unique." "Dramatic."—The Critics.

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ASTOR THEA., 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:20. Mr. and Mrs. SIDNEY **DREW** Personally in a Spoken Comedy **KEEP HER SMILING**

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GROWING YOUNG WITH THE YEARS

OF itself age is nothing to be proud of. Any man and any business can grow old by merely sitting still and letting Nature take her course. It

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NO "EXCHANGE OF IDEAS."

The prompt rejection of the peace proposal of Austria-Hungary by President WILSON and the Allies is more than justified by the terms of Germany's acceptance. The German reply delivered at Vienna expresses only a readiness for "an exchange of ideas." The Central Powers can make no successful approach to the Allies until, one and all, they have accepted the ideas set forth in President WILSON'S "Fourteen Principles," and they must guarantee that acceptance by withdrawal from Belgium, France, and all other wrongfully occupied territories and by the abrogation of the Brest-Litovsk treaties.

Germany is still unrepentant, unwilling to perceive her defeat and the necessity for reparation. She invites the use of "force to the utmost," and force to the utmost will be used until she can no longer even pretend to have any voice in the matter.

There will be no peace by negotiation with a Hohenzollern or a Hapsburg.

THE BRITISH GENERAL ELECTION.

Knowing the activity of our politicians, of the partisanship, eagerly loyal on the one great issue, yet incapable of not keeping an eye on Democratic and Republican fortunes, we need not be surprised at the attempt to make a sensation out of a letter in The London Times signed "An Ex-Minister," a letter shuddering at the prospect of a general election, with its "dissipation of energy" and all that stock of horrors. England is full of "Ex-Ministers," and the attribution of this letter to Lord ROSEBERY, the sometime Premier, LLOYD GEORGE'S "soft-nosed torpedo," is presumably only a piece of clever political advertising, probably not discouraged by Lord NORTHCLIFFE, who is in favor of a general election.

The new Franchise act, which increases the number of the British electors, say from twelve millions to twenty millions, must be put into effect without long delay. In previous acts broadening the franchise the date at which the act should go into effect has always been particularized. In the case of the present act, unless we are mistaken, the Privy Council is to set the time. But it would have been absurd greatly to enlarge the British electorate and yet not to give its new members an opportunity, within a reasonable time, to exercise their new privileges. The present Parliament has continued its mandate year after year. A new people of England has come into existence. There is no sense, there is only an unwise fear, in postponing the election of a House of Commons that represents the newly enfranchised, as well as the old, electors. It has been generally admitted that, in ordinary justice, there must be a new election, either this Fall, or next January, at the latest. Why should there be any distrust of the verdict of the broader electorate? In this war for democracy, is it a more democratic England that will be untrue to democracy?

The new registration, including women over 30, and soldiers and sailors irrespective of their age, will be interesting to the "sociological" observer, but it can only record the deepening sense of the belief of the people, and a larger number of the people, in the cause of all free peoples. Some of the politicians, naturally, are at sea. For the moment, at least, party government has ceased to exist in Great Britain. In the House the Unionists have the most voices, but to speak of the Unionists is to speak of something as dead politically as the "Old Whigs," as WALPOLE, or PELHAM and NEWCASTLE, and the King's Friends, as Lord GEORGE BENTINCK or Lord RANDOLPH CHURCHILL. The combination of Tories and Birmingham Radicals of 1895 is but a name, if it is even that. The unhappy situation in Ireland makes it peculiarly difficult, in fact impossible, to raise the cry of Union. It is not around the protuberant chest of Sir EDWARD CARSON, the Unionist protagonist of division, that Unionists would rally. Lord CURZON is still a "most superior person," but he has been weak about woman suffrage and privileges, if any privileges be left, of the House of Lords. Mr. BALFOUR and Mr. BONAR LAW are useful and able patriotic statesmen, but there is no Conservative Party. There is no apparent program for such a party, and even Mr. BONAR LAW has seemed at times to lie upon the bosom of the Fabians and to toy with confiscation.

What is left of the straight, old-fashioned Liberals, the party of Mr. ASQUITH, Mr. RUNCIMAN, and Mr. HERBERT SAMUEL, adherents still of Free Trade and the Manchester School, is perhaps more strictly a party than any other one now visible on the British political scene. But a considerable part of the Liberal Party is uninterested in its old leaders, however eminent, and old principles, that seem hollow in the presence of the instant and inescapable duties made by the war and the political, economic, and social changes which, with or without legislation, it has brought about. There are at least three Labor parties, varying among syndicalism, pacifism, and internationalism. There is also a "National" Party, which it is not for outlanders to pretend to understand.

Irrespective of the mint and cumin of political domination, the Coalition Government represents the purpose of united Great Britain to "carry on." Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, supported, so far as anything of political support can now be attributed or is now necessary to him, is estranged from his old politics, from the old partisanships that brought him into power. He is the voice and purpose of all Great Britain to smash Germany. Strong by the help of his old enemies, by the old aristocratic elements that he challenged ten years ago, he is invincibly strong because he stands for the resolve of all Great Britain, of all classes and of all politics, to win the war. A new general election can but confirm and strengthen his mandate. Steady to carry on the war, steady against any peace that would make the war futile, he will be honored by the larger, as he has been by the more restricted, electorate, another "Pilot that weathered the storm."

AUSTRIA'S PLIGHT.

Why do not the Austrians snap the bonds of the alliance that binds them to the body of moral, political and military death and be done with it? Their plight is pitiable, they are groping for a way to escape, but they go about it blindly, nervelessly. When they would talk about peace, the peoples of the Allied Nations look over their heads at the more massive figure of their ally. Potsdam, even though silent, fatally discredits everything they would say. Insults and reproaches enough have been heaped upon Austria from German quarters to justify her sundering the relation. Courage lacks; she fears the resentment and punishment of her powerful ally. So Baron BURIAN, her Minister of Foreign Affairs, continues to discuss the peace proposal from Vienna, to protest that it is still open, after the doors of the Allies have been violently banged against it. President WILSON, Secretary BALFOUR and Premier CLEMENCEAU have, with remarkable plainness, told Austria that her offer is rejected, which is the plainest intimation that it need not be "kept open."

It is rejected because the peoples of the Allies put no faith whatever in the overtures of Germany's partner. If the partnership were dissolved, Austria would stand a chance of a better hearing. But she can have no hearing at all save on the conditions President WILSON has definitely laid down. As for her fear of punishment from Germany, that she may safely put aside. Germany will not long be in a position to punish anybody.

THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY COMES TO LIFE.

It was an important and cheering statement that Mr. KERENSKY made to the Interallied Labor Conference in London, when he said that the members of the Constituent Assembly were meeting secretly in Russia and attempting to create a government for the whole country. Dispersed, scattered, humiliated, assaulted, some of them murdered and many imprisoned, the Constituent Assembly seemed to be as dead a thing as could be imagined. Yet it should not be forgotten that it was and is the only thing in Russia which has any legal right to claim to represent the people. It was elected for that purpose after the Czar's authority was overthrown, and though overthrown by violence, its mandate has never been withdrawn by the people.

In Siberia General SEMENOFF has been fighting all along under the watchword, "Convene the Constituent Assembly." So the idea is not dead there. There is an organized government in Siberia, and he commands its army; and it is in Siberia and Archangel that the new hopes of freedom in Russia gleam. The Archangel Government announces its purpose to be to form the nucleus of an all-Russian Government when the present tyranny shall be overthrown.

During all the long years when the friends of freedom were working for the overthrow of the Czar, if any one of them had been asked to name the day when that freedom would be secured, he would have replied, "The "day on which a Constituent Assem- "bly shall meet." Half a century of longing and labor and warfare looked to that day for its culmination. When the day came, which was on Dec. 11 of last year, what a fiasco it was!

The Constituent Assembly had been elected by the people, and the Social Revolutionists had a landslide majority in it. The Bolsheviki were in a miserable minority. They determined, therefore, that the Assembly should not meet; and before the day of its meeting they began arresting those of its members who got within reach of their claws. A week before the day they abolished the law courts and substituted revolutionary tribunals, as a sign of what the arrested might expect. When the great day came, only fifty members appeared out of the 600 whom the people had elected. The night before, as a further warning of what was coming, the Bolsheviki arrested SHINGAREFF and KOKOSHKIN, and the day following they decreed the arrest of all Cadet leaders.

The Bolsheviki, however, did not yet dare to break with the Social Revolutionists and were still hoodwinking those of the Left in that party. It became necessary to let the Constituent Assembly meet, though the Bolsheviki announced their intention of excluding all Constitutional Democrats from it, so as to make it purely Socialist. This was doubtless for the purpose of throwing more dust in the eyes of the Social Revolutionists. For a month the matter dragged along, the Bolsheviki seeking every way imaginable to pack and control the Assembly in spite of their numerical inferiority; and on Jan. 19 of this year it was allowed to meet. The Bolsheviki had formed an alliance with their future victims, the Social Revolutionists of the Left, and hoped to control it.

But when the Assembly met their hopes were disappointed. Their prunings and decimations and the fear of them had excluded about 200 of the 600 members. Four hundred met; and of these the Bolsheviki and the Social Revolutionists of the Left had about 150 votes altogether. The Social Revolutionists of the Right controlled it by an enormous majority. They elected TCHERNOFF Chairman by 244 votes to 151 for MARIA SPIRIDONOVA, the leader of the Left, who last July was to discover at last how the Bolsheviki had betrayed her party and to launch against them the war of underground terror.

The Bolsheviki instantly presented a resolution declaring that all power was lodged in the Soviets. By a vote of 273 to 140 the Assembly voted to defer consideration of this abdication. Immediately the Bolshevist delegates withdrew, and the sailors who acted nominally as a guard fell upon the Assembly and drove it out of the hall. That night SHINGAREFF and KOKOSHKIN were murdered in their beds. The Constituent Assembly was dispersed to the four winds. The Bolsheviki counted it as dead, and erected their irresponsible tyranny on its grave.

It seems, however, that that grave does not hold the body of the Constituent Assembly. Its name flames on SEMENOFF'S banner in Siberia; and now we have KERENSKY'S word for it that the Assembly itself is alive and at work, actually doing now that work which the people elected it to do. Though it works in secret, and though it may be long before the work it does can be felt, the fact of its stubborn refusal to die is a good sign for Russia.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

Germany will learn of the enrollment of 13,000,000 more Americans for service in the war of humanity against her, along with certain other pieces of news which will relate themselves to it. She will learn that the battle of St. Mihiel was a defeat and not an "evacuation." She will learn that German Lorraine is threatened. She will learn that, although her retreating armies in other sectors are "established in their new positions," they are unable to take the offensive. She will learn that FOCH'S offensive is still going on, alternately hammering off pieces of the German line at one place and another in preparation for the great offensive which will aim at the transference of the war to German ground.

She will learn that the Czechoslovaks and their allies have redeemed Siberia. She will learn that her friends the Bolsheviki are threatened from all sides, and that the overthrow of anarchy there will not mean the installation of any government friendly to her. She knows now that her intrigues in other nations have failed and that there is no hope, for instance, of setting Japan against the rest of the alliance; the sound of Japanese guns in Siberia, the sight of Japanese and Americans marching side by side, have ended that dream. She will learn of the new draft at a time when everything combines to tell her that for her there is no relief in sight.

The news will come to her at a time when it is no longer possible to conceal the depletion of her army units, the lessening of man power, and when the hard conditions of life at home are more nearly unendurable than they ever have been. The effect of it upon her desire for peace must be good. Though Mr. VON PAYER still waves haughtily away the idea that Germany can permit any foreign Power to interfere with her domination of Russia and Rumania, the time is coming when he will have to sing another song; and the news from America will have its influence upon that musical selection.

A VOICE FROM SWEDEN.

Neutral correspondents who have in times past found the German censorship inimical to the task of telling the truth have usually made up their minds to take it as it came, and let the outside world be content with only so much of the truth as the German officials saw fit to let out. A different course was taken by GUSTAF SJOESTEEN, a well-known Swedish writer who finally came out of Germany and began to tell the truth by word of mouth in Sweden. His determination to get the truth before his people may be accounted for not only by the difference between what he had seen and what the Germans would let him telegraph, but by a firm conviction that the Swedish people needed for their own sakes to know these things.

"One cannot keep silent," he says, "when one has lived in Germany. At "first we got the impression that the "war was one of defense, but after- "ward we found out that it was a wild "war of conquest, with the object of "subjugating other peoples and "creating an entire system of vassal "States. Our own country has the "greatest interest in the annihilation "of a policy of vassal States."

There is more in his testimony that is of interest, for it confirms from a source very highly esteemed in Sweden, and hitherto regarded as anything but anti-German, some things already reported by other witnesses. The Germans went into last Spring's offensive with joyous confidence of a victorious peace within two months; it was then high treason to talk of conciliation, or of restoring Belgium. But now battles are being lost, the air is controlled by the Allies, the army is dispirited, and rebellious fists are being shaken at Hindenburg.

But the matter of chief interest is the conviction of this able writer that Sweden has the greatest interest in the defeat of Germany's policy of a ring of vassal States. Russian policy in Finland was before the war a reminder to Sweden of an ever-present danger, and contributed largely toward the friendship for Germany which was strong in certain classes. And now Germany has swallowed up Finland, which had seemed a few months ago on the way to becoming a new partner in the Scandinavian group. The great military power now at the door, striving to reduce small States to dependency, is not Russia, but Germany. There has been much evidence that Swedish sentiment has taken note of this.

PHILIP GIBBS AT WORK.

A Colleague's Tribute to His Skill and Energy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a vivid pen-picture of your famous war correspondent Philip Gibbs in a recent issue of an English magazine, which must be of great interest to the hundreds of thousands of your readers who have followed his amazing descriptions of the fighting day by day. It is written by a brother correspondent and runs as follows:

"I met Philip Gibbs late in August, 1914, off to free lance in France—the enemy had hunted us out of Belgium. He is still alive. I cannot quite make that out. On Charing Cross Station that day so long ago he already looked as if he had been dead, but had come to life for a few hours. Anxious, he didn't know where he was going; for the matter of that he rarely does. Like a sound modern journalist he gives himself into the charge of events, to let them do what they like with him. He hands himself over to luck and trusts solely to Joss.

"Since that day, accompanied by Philip Gibbs, I have been through scenes and circumstances which were so hideous and horrifying that they seemed unreal, like the dark, rapid, and senseless panorama of a nightmare, exhausting both to body and mind. My life has been reduced by years as a consequence; but Philip Gibbs still goes on, pallid as ever, tense, frail, his small mouth a little open like the beak of a startled bird. He always reminded me of a bird, acting by instinct, quick, capricious, uncertain whether he was on the right perch, apparently delicate, but able to travel further than a locomotive. I give him best. The dance he led me! It is needless for me to recount our adventures. He has done it. I believe he could write in his sleep. For months we tested the movements of the enemy by going toward him. Nervous work! Gibbs, who didn't botner about maps, gayly led us on, while our hearts were in our boots. The boche was honeycombed—heaven knew where—in front, and the French blew up bridges behind us. We went out of villages at one end while Fritz came in at the other.

"If to live dangerously is to be really alive, then Philip Gibbs saw to it that he lived. It is true that we have had to carry him, limp and spent, to bed, and have wondered whether we should be found holding his lady-like hands and trying to catch his last whispered word when the boche arrived next day. But since then he has got his second wind and has continued in a way which is nothing less than miraculous to those who think they know him. If any fond and foolish amateur thinks that, had he the chance, he could do as well as Philip Gibbs, I can assure him that that war correspondent's diabolic activity, pallid but obstinate courage and fecundity of dispatches would daunt and sicken him in a week's free competition. I have tried and know. His capacity for work is unreasonable. Worn out with a day's toil in the mud and tangle of the battleground, stunned by the sights and sounds of it, having had no food all day, by the aid of countless cigarettes Gibbs goes tensely spell-bound, and drops the sheets of his dispatch on the floor endlessly, with the apparent ease of a snowflake. He takes nothing but cigarettes till he has finished. No. In Philip Hamilton Gibbs's fragile frame there ought to be the vitality of ten men, and The Chronicle was extremely lucky in getting the loyalty of such a writer who is one of the outstanding figure of the war."

COSMO HAMILTON.

Greenwich, Conn., Sept. 13, 1918.

MR. SMITH'S RECORD

Sufficient Reason for Believing He Would Make a Good Governor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I want to congratulate and commend THE NEW YORK TIMES for the attitude taken in its editorial comment on the candidacy of Alfred E. Smith, as published in THE TIMES of today. It is typical of an attitude of fairness ever present in the editorial columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

This letter is not actuated by partisan motives, as the writer has no political affiliations whatever. On the other hand, it is actuated by motives purely in the interest of good government—a government representative, not merely of a certain class or faction, but a government representative of the people as a whole, a form of government and a form of administration which Alfred E. Smith has always stood squarely behind. The record achieved by Mr. Smith in public life is a sufficient platform on which to come before the electorate of New York State. It is an enviable record. During all his years of public service, has there ever been one occasion where Alfred E. Smith betrayed the confidence reposed in him? He has always been a champion of the cause of righteousness and fair play, and he is remarkably well qualified for the office for which he is a candidate. In a word, he is the type of executive the country and State need in this hour of trial.

In conclusion, I join with you in asking: "If the Governor of New York should know the business of the State of New York, who in modern memory has been better qualified for the post in that respect than Mr. Smith?" JOS. J. CAMPBELL.

Yonkers, Sept. 19, 1918.

OFFICER CANDIDATES.

Training Camps Association Understands All Are Not Bound to Serve.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in your report in today's TIMES under the heading "Officers' Schools Ready to Enroll" you state that "applicants who fail to obtain their commissions will remain in the service and be subject to all of the provisions of the selective service legislation."

I beg to state that this is not strictly correct, as our advices from Washington are to the effect that only applicants in Class 1 are inducted for the period of the war, and failing to qualify as officers return to their status or privates. Men in the deferred classification who fail to qualify are given the privilege of remaining in the service as privates or returning to civil life. The importance of this is obvious. Under the new conditions, many older men, who are in deferred classes or the draft, are applying for permission to enter the officers' schools. Heretofore, these men have had to enlist as privates for the period of the war, regardless of whether or not they qualified as officers. Under the new conditions, however, these men are now given the privilege of showing whether or not they have the stuff of which officers are made, and should they not qualify as officers, then they may return to their business and professional life and continue to perform their regular work.

This is most important, as practically all of the older men who contemplate going to the officers' camps are men having dependents and responsibilities in life and in the community and would make a material sacrifice should they enter the army.

In view of the misunderstanding which might be created by your dispatch in THE TIMES, will you not give this letter publicity?

MILITARY TRAINING CAMP ASSOCIATION OF UNITED STATES,
By ARTHUR F. COSBY,
Executive Secretary.

New York, Sept. 20, 1918.

CARE FOR AMERICAN GRAVES.

Frenchwomen Undertaking That Service Send a Message.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are sending you herewith a communication which we address to those American mothers whose sons have fallen in the service of France.

We shall be deeply grateful if you will lend us the powerful aid of your paper in acquainting your countrymen with our work. Your assistance will be particularly valuable. GAFFARD,
L'Idée Française à l'Etranger, 11 Place de la Bourse.

Paris, Aug. 17, 1918.

To American Mothers:

"L'Idée Française à l'Etranger," to which organization is due the initiative in opening French homes to American soldiers, continues its work for moral solidarity.

The women's section of the organization, participating in the sufferings of American mothers whose sons have already gloriously fallen, arms in hand, is doing everything it possibly can to preserve the graves of foreign soldiers who died upon our soil. We intend that those graves that are identified shall be kept in order and decorated with flowers, as are those of our own children. This work will be particularly pursued after the war. We shall watch over these last resting places, and assure them the same reverent care as those of our own sons whose perils they shared and at whose side they fell in a common fight for the liberty of the peoples.

American mothers, dear sisters in sorrow, come to us. This is for French mothers a grateful duty which they assume with heartfelt appreciation.

The President of this society is M. Leygues, former Minister of the Interior, and the head of the Women's Section is Mme. Paul Deschanel, wife of the President of the Chamber of Deputies. The Honorary Presidents are MM. Poincaré, Loubet, Dubost, and Deschanel.

"COME WALK ABROAD WITH ME."

"Oh, lay your clicking needles down,
My pretty Sallie Lee;
Forget your socks a little while
And walk abroad with me."

"'Tis I would lay my needles down
And walk abroad with thee,
If 'twere not that a soldier lad
Hath need of them o'er sea."

"Oh, many others hath this lad
And needeth naught from thee,
So lay your clicking needles down,
And join your hand with me."

"'Tis I would lay my needles down
And join my hand with thee,
If 'twere not with this little sock
My heart goes out from me."

FLORENCE TUCKER OSMUN.

SEES MILITARISM IN ITS LAST STAND

Senator Lewis Says America's Blow Has Humbled Rulers of the Germans.

MASSES ABROAD WITH US

British Look to Wilson as to a Leader of Their Own Choice—Praise for Army and Navy.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 20.—United States Senator James Hamilton Lewis returned today on an American transport from his visit to England and the war zones in France, where he collected first-hand evidence of the methods of the Germans by witnessing what they did to a country before retreating with the Allies pressing them closely in the rear. The Senator did not look any the worse for his experience on the Mount Vernon when the transport was torpedoed off the French coast. He said the voyage across this time was without any incident of an exciting nature.

Before leaving for Washington Senator Lewis gave out the following statement:

"Three important things are now established in the war—the submarine has failed in its purpose of either starving England, destroying the commerce of France, or preventing America from landing troops at the battlefront.

"The boast of the German Generals that 300,000 would be the limit of men who could ever land has been answered by us by the landing of 300,000 in a month and, as I saw in one port, 50,000 in one day.

"The credit for this magnificent work must be given to the War Department of the United States, and the providing of ships which have landed supplies equal to the population of the men, women, and children of either Boston, Philadelphia, or Chicago must be credited to the great work of Chairman Hurley and Director General Schwab of the United States Shipping Board.

"The convoying of ships by the United States Navy was the first undertaking of that form in the war, and it must have credit for setting the example. All the countries of the Allies now follow our lead and convoy their ships of supplies and soldiers.

"The military spirit of Germany has been broken and her leaders are confessing it and her people expressing their astonishment at the effect of the advance of America.

Germany Humbled by America.

"It had been represented," Senator Lewis continued, "that the contribution of America would be insignificant. Now Germany recognizes that it was not until America came in tha the first offensive was successfully made against her. Previous to the coming of America, France and Britain had been content to stem the tide of the advance.

"It was the United States whose counteroffensive led th eway to driving the Germans fifty mile to the rear, saving Paris, the capital, and wrenching from them fifty positions previously won, capturing thousands of men and valuable arms and property, and finally forcing them to take refuge in a stand of mere defense and retreat, and withdraw from all attempt at further offensive.

"This humiliation of the German military by the fresh troops of America has filled Germany with a sensation of wonder and terror. It recognizes that, if such can be the result of the first move of America with her first installment of troops at the first assault on the field, then the millions who are waiting and who will soon be at Germany's doors mean destruction for the military hopes of Prussia, and the end of the boast and the efforts of Germany to further military success.

"German rulers," Senator Lewis said, "see that this American surprise is the sure forerunner for the German people cleaning their own house of the military monsters, and establishing authority at Berlin of their own choice, which will no longer deceive them as to the truth of their military situation, nor impoverish them to maintain a war of destruction of peaceful nations, to give glory to military masters and kingships and principalities to a select few.

Militarist Spirit Shattered.

"The spirit of German monarchs and the German military captains has been shattered by the knowledge that the people of Germany have wakened to realize that Prussia has brought upon Germany the weight and power of America, which means the end of German domination and the destruction of what was the hope of the German people, a great commercial and scientific people, in what was a peaceful Germany.

"In my conferences with the leading officials of the allied countries," the Senator continued, "I was struck with the unanimous feeling toward America and the constant expressions of admiration for our great achievements in the war.

"Premier Clemenceau of France was free to express to me his wonder at what we had done. He spoke of our soldiers and of our officials having shown a quality of achievement that had surpassed any prophecy, and frankly admitted that our coming and our performances were the salvation of the hour, for which France was loud in the expression of her gratitude.

Sees Allied Peoples United.

"Prime Minister Lloyd George of Britain was free to say to me that the influence of President Wilson and America upon the institutions of Britain and the spirit of her people was equivalent in itself to a new British Army—indeed, that the influence of President Wilson upon public opinion in Britain was as great as if he had been their own selected officials.

"The members of the Cabinet of both France and Britain paid most exalted tribute to the Navy and War Departments of America. Above all these was to be seen the attitude of the masses in France and Britain toward the United States. The men praised us. The women poured every courtesy upon our soldiers and gave tribute of honor in every expression. The children in the street corners of the public square sang the American war songs.

"It is plain to any one in the world who may traverse the land of the Allies that this war in which America has entered is one conflict of one people for one cause, 'Liberty and Justice,' and for that all the Allies in one union seem ready to give every contribution of all their possessions and make every sacrifice of all of life.

"All this has broken the morale of Germany and has begun the crushing defeat of her armies. It is the knowledge of this by her people that has taken the support from the military tyrants of Prussia and brings in sight the end of the war."

On Transport When Attacked.

Speaking of the torpedoing of the Mount Vernon, upon which the Senator had taken his first passage home, he said:

"America must be proud of the discipline shown by her sailors and her officers. Captain Dismukes and Commander Staton of the Mount Vernon seized the situation promptly, directed every officer to his place, and the seamen, who had been on the ship but a short while, and who had never been on a ship before, many of whom were fresh from their schools, acted as seasoned sailors experienced in many disasters.

"No excitement, no panic," exclaimed Senator Lewis, "but a solemn consciousness that death was around. Every one moved with complete regularity and system that inspired confidence in all on board and made possible the saving of the ship, the preventing of more deaths and the possible drowning of wounded soldiers returning home and that of the crew who were below the decks.

"It was a proof," he concluded, "of what the American Navy under its present command has achieved in discipline, in courage, and in perfection."

Senator Lewis would not discuss his part in the rescuing of the wounded soldiers who were on board, as reported in the cables at the time of the torpedoing.

LIEUT. RUTHERFORD HOME.

Yonkers Officer Brings Back War Cross with a White Star.

Lieutenant Kenneth Rutherford, 158 Alta Avenue, Yonkers, who was the first American officer to lead his troops over German soil, arrived home unexpectedly last night bringing with him the Croix de Guerre. A white star on the cross signified that he had been cited for bravery before an entire division.

On June 17 Lieutenant Rutherford was ordered to take a wood infested with Germans. As the Americans were advancing a German shell struck near them, killing four men and wounding Lieutenant Rutherford in the back. He was unable to rise from the ground, but directed his men while lying on his back. The wood was taken in quick time.

Lieutenant Rutherford was removed to a field hospital where he was visited by General Pétain and congratulated for his bravery. When he was able to leave the hospital the cross was presented to him while the 32d Division looked on.

While he is invalided in this country, Lieutenant Rutherford will act as instructor at a training camp. He was one of the first graduates of Plattsburg and trained at Spartanburg with the Rainbow Division. He was sent abroad last Winter as a casual and was later assigned to the 47th New York Infantry. He is 26 years old and has made his home with his sister, Mrs. A. K. Clarke.

PERSHING LAUDS BRITISH.

Tells Haig That His Veterans Inspire Our Own Young Army.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Field Marshal Haig issued today an Order of the Day in which he repoted an appreciation from General Pershing of the British Army's congratulations over the recent American victory.

The order says that General Pershing's message expresses appreciation for the sentiments of "the veteran British Army, whose heroic conduct is an inspiration to all," and that General Pershing "extends to that splendid army the affection and regard of the young American Army and assures us it will battle side by side with us until a permanent peace is secured."

BEGIN TAX SALE INQUIRY.

Swann to Investigate Complaints Against Lien Buyers.

District Attorney Edward Swann and Nathan Hirsch, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee on Taxation, have joined forces to investigate the evils of tax lien sales. The District Attorney started an inquiry yesterday into a number of complaints that had reached the committee and assigned Assistant District Attorney Theodore Waugh to the work. Proceedings are to be conducted before Magistrates and the Grand Jury. A number of witnesses, several of whom have fallen into the hands of tax lien buyers, will be called upon to testify.

"We have some breaks from the inside of the ring which carried on the inquitous practice of selling a man's property at a tax sale without ever letting the owner know that he owed any taxes to the city," said the District Attorney. "The larger number of the victims of this practice are small property owners in Queens, Brooklyn, Nassau County, and other suburban points.

"The scheme has been worked for twenty years or more, and the courts, although recognizing the lack of justice and absence of protection for the taxpayer, were unable to afford relief under the law. The original law was supposed to penalize nontaxpayers or slow payers, but its effect has been to take the title of property frequently from owners who supposed they had paid their taxes."

SEEK SCHOOL EXEMPTIONS.

To Prepare Blanket Affidavit for Teachers and Other Employes.

President Somers of the Board of Education conferred yesterday with the Federal Board of Exemption and later with Assistant Corporation Counsel McIntyre with regard to teachers and other employes of the board who are within the draft age. He announced at the meeting of the board yesterday afternoon that Mr. McIntyre will prepare a blanket affidavit that Mr. Somers will sign.

A copy of this affidavit will be given to all the district and local boards as a claim for exemption by all teachers between the ages of 19 and 36 years, in case they should be drafted. Exemption is asked on the ground that the education of the young is an essential industry at this time, and that teachers are essential.

Mr. Somers has arranged the following divisions of the exempt: First, teachers and Principals; second, Inspectors and examiners; third, Superintendents; fourth, district Inspectors and supervisors; fifth, attendance officers; sixth, janitors and janitor-engineers.

Mr. Somers explained that there might be some difficulty to prove the need to the department of men in the sixth division. He wants them in deferred Class 3.

WILL TRAIN WAR PHYSICIANS

Infirmary Needs Funds to Fit Women for Service at the Front.

Dr. Martha Woolstein, Treasurer of the Campaign Executive Committee, organized by the women physicians of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, 321 East Fifteenth Street, to raise $200,000 to carry on the work of the infirmary, announced yesterday at a meeting at the campaign headquarters in the McAlpin Hotel that no part of the $200,000 would be used for any purposes other than the immediate needs of the infirmary. The expenses of the campaign have already been provided by a few friends of the infirmary.

Dr. Marie L. Chard, director of the department of surgery at the infirmary, spoke of the great number of women physicians from the infirmary who were now in the war zone in France and Belgium, and said that other women physicians of the infirmary were holding themselves in readiness for a call to service at the front.

"The great need for women physicians both in military and civilian service demands that the wards of the infirmary, which have been closed for lack of funds, be opened immediately so that young women physicians may obtain adequate hospital experience to fit themselves for greater service. The infirmary is the only hospital in this city which admits women as staff physicians."

"CLEAN THE FURNACE DAY."

Fuel Heads Ask That Repairs Be Made Before Winter Sets In.

Yesterday was "Clean the Furnace Day," so designated by the Fuel Administration, and the object of which was to have every furnace in good condition when it comes time to light the fires. Where defects or breaks were discovered the State Fuel Administrator expects each householder and business concern to have them promptly looked after.

Captain Patrick F. Gargan of the West 125th Street Station said last night that he has arranged with Weber & McLoughlin, coal dealers of 132d Street and North River, for a supply of coal sufficient to provide for the needs of small dealers. The Captain says the firm told him it will supply him with a list of persons requiring coal, so that small dealers can see to it that no one will be without coal this Winter. He says he has already received applications for from 3 to 5 tons of coal from more than 100 persons.

Cornelius G. Hayes, former Police Inspector and now with the Fuel Administration, with offices at 151 Fifth Avenue, has adopted a similar plan for the district, Captain Gargan says.

CANDIDATE SMITH TALKS TO WOMEN

Tells Them to Get Their Political Sisters Out to Register First of All.

WANTS LOAN WORK KEPT UP

Would Rather Lose Chance to be Governor Than to Have That Slighted, He Says.

Alfred E. Smith, the Democratic candidate for Governor, spoke at the meeting of the Women's Democratic League, of which Mrs. John Sherwin Crosby is President, at the National Democratic Club, 617 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. George H. Childs, President of the Women's Democratic Club, guest of honor of the day, introduced Mr. Smith to the women as "your own beloved Al Smith."

Mr. Smith told the women he supposed they had come to the meeting to learn how to get votes.

"The first thing to do is to get the women out," he said. "There will be a good many women in this State who will not register. We must see that the Democratic women do, and let the others take care of themselves. We have the machine, though with a shifting population you can't reach everybody.

"They say that up-State women are not going to vote for me because I belong to Tammany Hall. That is an insult to their intelligence and judgment. I don't think they will close opportunity to me because I belong to the biggest Democratic organization in the State." He said that the Democrats who, since 1910, had been at one another's throats, were now united.

"They used to go back to Jefferson and say what Alexander Hamilton thought," he said, "but that kind of an argument won't do now. The people know too much about government. Why, at one time if you had talked about holding a political meeting in a school house, people would have gone up to the ceiling."

The women applauded when he said that they must not let politics interfere with work for the Liberty Loan.

"Much as I should like to be Governor," he said, "I would rather lose my chance for it than have work given to the Democratic Party which should go to the Loan."

Mr. Smith took the questionnaire issued by the Woman Suffrage Party to all political candidates and went through it point by point, showing how he stood and told the deficiencies in the present Government at Albany. He said that, while he had not been for woman suffrage originally, he had pushed it after the Democratic Party came out for it and the people of the State had given the vote to the women.

"I'm against the ratification of the prohibition amendment," he said, "without previous submission to the people. Federal prohibition marks a new movement. If the people of the State are in favor of it I will give it a more intelligent support than the present Governor would be able to do."

Mrs. Childs told Mr. Smith that she had appointed seven women campaign managers from her club and that they were at his service for political work. The candidate was escorted to the floor where the women held their meeting by Major Edith Totten and Captain Kate Weenlau of the theatrical branch of the Women's Police Reserves.

Women were given almost complete charge of arrangements for the opening days of the Queens County campaign for Mr. Smith and local Democratic candidates at a meeting of the Queens County Democratic Committee in Long Island City yesterday.

Mrs. Joseph Sinclair of Flushing and Mrs. Julia A. McLaughlin of Long Island City were authorized to form a committee of women, who will occupy rooms in the Long Island City headquarters. They are to arrange for women speakers from Queens County and from the Democratic State Committee.

FOREIGN LEGION TO CAPITAL.

War Veterans Parade, Then Leave to be Received by the President.

The ninety-three members of the French Foreign Legion who reached New York Thursday under the command of Captain Maurice Chastenet made a tour of the lower part of the city yesterday morning and left at 1:08 P. M. from the Pennsylvania Station for Washington, where they will be received by President Wilson.

The seven officers and guests left the Columbia Club, 4 West Forty-third Street, in five automobiles at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and went south on Fifth Avenue to Twenty-fifth Street, where the eighty-six noncommissioned officers were waiting in four chartered Fifth Avenue buses. The procession then moved south to Wash

THOUSANDS KNEEL AT CARDINAL'S BIER

Body of Prelate Taken from the Archiepiscopal Residence to Cathedral.

CHURCH DRAPED IN BLACK

Coffin Laid in State on Catafalque —Funeral Service on Tuesday.

The body of Cardinal Farley, clad in the purple robes of his high office, was placed on a catafalque in St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday evening. There under the deepening shadows of the trifforium arches, the prince of the Church lay all night. Up to a very late hour men and women passed into the Cathedral, knelt for a few moments in prayer, and passed out.

All night long the pews were dotted here and there by kneeling figures murmuring over their rosaries the prayers for the dead.

The body of the prelate was carried from the archiepiscopal palace, where it had lain in state since Thursday night, into the Cathedral shortly after 4 o'clock. Throughout the morning thousands of callers passed through the Cardinal's residence. Most of those who came at noon to pay their respects to the departed priest were toilers, artisans, and clerks who found in the noon hour their only opportunity to gaze for the last time upon the face of a beloved priest of the Church.

Touching Tributes in Church.

In this stream of visitors was an old woman who brought with her a rose she asked permission to place at the feet of the dead Cardinal in memory of the help he had given her in an hour of trial and sorrow many years ago. Others came with like memories.

While such scenes were taking place in the Cardinal's residence hundreds of men and women were kneeling in the Cathedral offering prayers for the prince of the Church, all this amid the din caused by the hammers of carpenters engaged in erecting a double throne on the gospel side of the altar preparatory to the services in the Cathedral. About 12,000 yards of black and purple cloth were being used in the funeral decorations of the Cathedral. Twelve men and ten women under the supervision of decorators were draping the shafts of the pillars in black and the capitals in purple. The fourteen interstices of the arcades on the high altars and the double throne were also being covered with black and purple draperies.

Shortly after 4 o'clock, accompanied by a procession of priests, the body of Cardinal Farley was removed from his residence to the Cathedral, where it will lie in state until placed in crypt. In a drizzling rain the bronze coffin was carried by eight pallbearers through a lane of several hundred children in mourning to the entrance of the Cathedral. Here, according to custom, the procession halted while Mgr. Lavelle again blessed the body.

In the group of priests which preceded the body were Mgr. Chidwick, Mgr. Dunn, Mgr. Kenny, Mgr. Edwards, Mgr. Mooney, and Mgr. Carroll. Bishop Hayes was accompanied by Father Joseph P. Dineen and Father William Hughes, an army chaplain. The Rev. Father George Joseph Waring, Chaplain of the 11th Cavalry and Chancellor to the Chaplain Bishop, carried the crozier of Cardinal Farley, inverted in significance of his death.

Hundreds at Short Service.

As the procession entered the church the choir chanted prayers for the dead in Latin. First in line came three acolytes, one in the centre carrying a crucifix and one on either side carrying a candle. Behind them followed 200 more acolytes, then the Monsignori, then Father Waring with the Archbishop's crozier, and then the coffin containing the body of the prelate, upon the cover of which appeared the brilliant red cap of the Cardinal.

The coffin was carried up the main aisle of the church and deposited in front of the high altar. Every seat in the church was taken and crowds were kneeling in the aisles when Father Bernard F. McQuade ascended the pulpit. The short service was confined to the reception of the body, the recitation of the rosary with responses, and the prayers for the dead, the latter two sections of the service being held in English.

Following the services, Father McQuade announced that in order to remove the body to the catafalque the church would have to be emptied immediately. As the angelus was ringing, the body of the Cardinal was laid in state upon the catafalque and ten minutes later the doors of the church were reopened. Crowds who had been waiting outside in the rain began flocking into the church, and it was estimated that between 6 and 7 P. M. 3,000 persons had viewed the body of the late Cardinal.

A glass tablet donated by Tiffany & Co., through their Vice President, Dr. George F. Kunz, as a tribute to the late Cardinal, was accepted by the Monsignori of St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday afternoon. The tablet read as follows:

His Eminence,
JOHN M. FARLEY,
Cardinal Priest of the Holy Roman Church, Title Santa Maria Sopra Minerva, Fourth Archbishop of New York, 1902-1918.
DIED TUESDAY, SEPT. 17, 1918.
Entombed Sept. 24, 1918.
Requiescat in Pace.

Among the noon callers yesterday was the Rev. Cornelius J. Cronin, pastor of St. Mary's Church, Rosebank, S. I., who was the last pastor appointed by Cardinal Farley. When Father Cronin received his appointment he was serving as an assistant to Mgr. Daniel McMackin, who at one time was Cardinal Farley's secretary.

The funeral will take place on Thursday.

CARDINAL'S SUCCESSOR MAY BE A YOUNGER MAN

Bishop Patrick J. Hayes of This City and Archbishop Mundelein of Chicago Spoken Of.

ROME, Sept. 20.—The selection of a successor to Cardinal Farley of New York will be considered at the November meeting of the Consistory. It is said that owing to the important duties of the office a young and vigorous man probably will be chosen.

Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal Secretary of State, has sent the following message to Mgr. Mooney of New York:

"The Holy Father has learned with the deepest sorrow of the death of his Eminence, Cardinal Farley. He deplores this great loss which the Sacred College, and also the Archdiocese of New York, has sustained. While he offers his hearty sympathy to the clergy and people of New York, he praises God for the repose of the soul of the great Cardinal."

Appointment of a successor to Cardinal Farley as Archbishop of New York, the world's greatest Catholic diocese, is regarded in ecclesiastical circles here as one of the most important problems awaiting action by the Consistory at Rome.

Clergy and laity in close touch with Catholic affairs speak of the Rt. Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Auxiliary Bishop of the diocese and Chaplain General of Catholics in the army and navy, as one prelate who might be chosen for elevation to the Archbishopric, unless the Pope and his advisers should decide to bring back to the metropolis Archbishop Mundelein of Chicago, former Auxiliary Bishop of Brooklyn. Both men, it is pointed out, possess the youth and vigor said in Rome to be essential to administration of a Catholic community of 1,325,000 persons.

Well informed Catholics here do not expect appointment of another American Cardinal at this time. Intimation has come from Rome, they say, that the Pontiff prefers to leave further gifts of the red hat in this or other countries, until the end of the war. When a selection is made, they say, it would be no surprise if Archbishop Mundelein, whose success as head of the Chicago diocese has been regarded as phenomenal, should be so honored. He is 47 years old.

The vigorous management of the New York Diocese, Metropolitan See of the province embracing the States of New York and New Jersey, under Cardinal Farley, strengthens the belief in the minds of church authorities here that the governing powers at Rome will desire to have the late prelate's policy continued. His logical successor, then, they assert, is Bishop Hayes, who has stood at the Archbishop's hand throughout his incumbency. They find a precedent for his elevation in the appointment of Cardinal Farley as successor of Archbishop Corrigan, with whom he served as auxiliary.

Bishops in the New York province who might succeed to the Archbishopric are McDonald of Brooklyn, O'Connor of Newark, Gabriels of Ogdensburg, Hickey of Rochester, Grimes of Syracuse, and Walsh of Trenton. The Albany and Buffalo Bishoprics are vacant.

Bishop Hayes's selection to head the nation's Catholic chaplains is termed by his admirers a recognition of his executive ability. His age is 50.

CONVICT 2 OF CONSPIRACY.

Lawyer and Physician Plotted to Spread German Propaganda.

TRENTON, Sept. 20.—Otto Bruno Reichell, patent attorney of Newark, and Dr. Fred Bishoff of Irvington, N. J., were both found guilty in the Federal Court today of conspiracy against the Government. The men will be sentenced later by Judge Rellstab.

Both were involved in a plot whereby German propaganda was to have been scattered broadcast through notes placed in bill folds. Assistant United States District Attorney Andrew J. Steelman of Newark prosecuted the prisoners.

T. W. Lawson to Run for Senate.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—In consequence of the enthusiastic efforts of Mrs. J. F. Lord, daughter of Thomas W. Lawson, indications tonight were that the financier's name would appear on the ballot on Nov. 5 as an independent candidate for United States Senator. Mrs. Lord personally obtained nearly 2,000 signatures for nomination papers. Senator John W. Weeks, Republican, who seeks re-election, and former Governor David I. Walsh, Democrat, are the other candidates.

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11 GERMAN BALLOONS HIS BAG IN 4 DAYS

Lieut. Luke Also Destroyed Three Airplanes in the Same Period.

USES INCENDIARY BULLETS

In One of His Flights the American Downed Two Foes on a Few Gills of Gasoline.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—The shooting down of two enemy balloons and three airplanes in his patrol of Wednesday, instead of two of each type of aircraft as had been reported, is claimed by Lieutenant F. Luke of Phoenix, Ariz. The destruction of the balloons has been confirmed by scores of witnesses, who saw them burning. One of the airplanes landed within the French lines and confirmation of its destruction was obtained by the aviator on the spot. His superior officers believe that confirmation as to the others will soon be available.

All of the eleven balloons that the aviator has destroyed within four days were accounted for by means of incendiary bullets. Lieutenant Luke carries special permission from his chief to use such bullets for this purpose. The majority of the attacks on the balloons were made at the greatest personal risk to the flier, because he was the objective of quantities of the type of anti-aircraft projectiles called "flaming onions," which set an airplane ablaze if they hit it fairly and must be nimbly dodged in the air.

On the flight in the course of which Luke brought down three balloons and an airplane his gasoline became exhausted and he was forced to depend upon the small emergency tank with which all American airplanes are equipped. He turned on this supply, sufficient only for ten minutes, and, although he was on the German side of the lines, went after his two opponents in Fokker machines.

The first was an easy victim, falling in the French lines. The second fell on the German side and Luke was unable to follow him because of his shortage of fuel, and so landed near the first German. He had only a few gills of gasoline when he entered the fight, the last few minutes of which he had devoted simultaneously to fighting, guiding his machine, and operating his hand gasoline pump.

Lieutenant Luke originated the idea of night raids on enemy balloons, and he has been very successful in carrying them out. He was late in returning one night from a raid and came down in a wheat field, discovering that it was not too difficult to land at night by the aid of rocket flares. He ascertained the hour when the enemy balloons were to be filled, and most of his attacks have been carried out as the balloons were about to ascend.

On the first day of the American offensive Lieutenant James Knowles, Jr., of Boston, flying over the retreating German artillery, saw that the roads were badly jammed. He added to the confusion by flying at a height of about thirty yards and shooting at and frightening the horses. He reported the condition of the roads, and an American night bombing squadron was sent out, which worked havoc in the enemy artillery and greatly increased the congestion on the road.

Lieutenant Edward V. Rickenbacher of Columbus, Ohio, has downed two more airplanes during the last week, the destruction of one being officially confirmed. Lieutenant Rickenbacher is now officially credited with six victories. The group to which he and Lieutenant Luke belong has twenty-eight enemy airplanes and balloons to its credit since the offensive began. Confirmation of these victories has been complete in nearly all cases.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 20.—In celebration of the achievements in France of Lieutenant Frank Luke, Jr., of Phoenix, the citizens of Phoenix will set aside "Frank Luke Day" next week and devote it to war work. The Chamber of Commerce today sent a cablegram of congratulations to the aviator.

CALLS OUR AIRMEN EQUAL TO BRITISH

Trenchard, Head of Independent Air Force, Lauds Their Daring and Capacity.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 20, (Reuter.)—In the course of a statement on the extent and importance of the work of the British independent air force, Major Gen. Trenchard, its commander, spoke today in highest praise of the American airmen. He said they were as good as his own men, and more praise he could not give, as he did not believe anything better could be said.

Their daring, ability, discipline, and organization could hardly be improved upon, said General Trenchard. He added that he recently bestowed the distinguished Flying Cross on an American airman.

Among some captured German letters that General Trenchard quoted was one describing the destruction wrought by allied aircraft. This said that the Opera House and the greater part of the splendid street, "Die Zieb," in Frankfort was a heap of ruins and that 120 persons had been killed.

He did not think the aerial offensive likely to result in doing more than bear its part, though an important one, in bringing the war to a conclusion. He added that he did not believe the attainment of absolute superiority in the air was a profitable idea.

Those who indulge in such an idea, he went on, had no conception of the number of planes it would require nor the staff that would be needed to serve them, as every pilot must have some fifty men behind him and for every airplane in use nine would be needed in reserve.

AMERICAN FORCES ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 20, (Associated Press.)—The commander of the American aero squadron on this front has received the following letter from the chief of the British squadron with which the American aerial forces have been co-operating:

"I would like very much to express in writing the gratitude felt both by myself and the personnel under my command for the exceptionally fine escort work done by your squadron when escorting in bombing raids. We all have agreed that when the squadron is escorting in our raid that we have nothing to fear from the enemy aircraft. Although it often is imperative to fly low, thus making a very long trip over the lines, nevertheless your squadron always has stuck to us.

"On one or two occasions one of our machines would straggle owing to engine trouble, but these machines had no need to fear the attacking enemy aircraft, as one of the escorting machines would always look after the straggler. On many occasions enemy aircraft have attempted to attack our bombing machines over the target, but they never have been successful owing to the excellency of the escort.

"Finally, I can only say that I do not consider any squadron in France is supplied with a better escort than is my squadron."

AMMUNITION FROM THE AIR.

British Aviators Deliver It to Machine Gun Outposts.

LONDON, Sept. 20. — The following official communication dealing with aviation was issued tonight:

Clouds and a strong wind interfered with air work yesterday, and observation was carried on with difficulty. Squadrons working on the Third and Fourth Army fronts kept in close touch with the troops, reported positions of enemy batteries, and delivered ammunition to machine gunners in the forward areas.

Five and a half tons of explosives were dropped, and two hostile machines were downed and two sent down out of control. None of our machines is missing. Night flying was impossible.

COL. WESTCOTT TO ACT AS ADJUTANT GENERAL

Major Hutchinson, in Charge of Draft, Is Made Responsible to Governor to Prevent Friction.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—To provide against further friction at the office of the Adjutant General, Governor Whitman today issued an order taking Major Franklin S. Hutchinson from the authority of the Adjutant General and making him responsible to the Governor alone. Colonel Edward J. Westcott, ranking officer of the Adjutant General's office, is detailed as Acting Adjutant General.

Governor Whitman today issued a statement on the subject, but declined to make any comment on the reasons for the resignation of General Sherrill. The order of the Governor after reciting that Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer will become acting commander of the division, says:

"I have detailed an Acting Adjutant General of the State, Colonel Edward J. Westcott, who is the senior in rank in the Adjutant General's office and has been attached to that office for the last twenty-five years.

"There will be no interruption in the expeditious and orderly conduct of the selective draft under the general direction of Major Hutchinson, who was detailed by the War Department on Dec. 3, 1917, to assist me, and whose successful handling of the draft has given satisfaction to the Federal and State authorities."

Governor Whitman also issued an order creating a selective service headquarters in this city. It reads:

"A selective service headquarters for the execution of the selective service law is hereby created. Said headquarters will be established at Albany, and will operate under the direct command of the Governor.

"Major Franklin S. Hutchinson, infantry, United States Army, is hereby appointed executive officer and assigned to duty as chief of the selective service headquarters, charged with all the powers and duties prescribed by the selective service law and regulations."

RAILROADS SHOW GAINS.

July Earnings Best Since the Government Took Control.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Railroads in July showed the best earnings record up to date under Government operation, and for the first time this year got more net income than in the corresponding month of last year. Operating income amounted to $135,699,000, or $40,000,000 more than in July, 1917.

This record was caused largely by the 25 per cent. increase in freight rates. It was apparent that the rate advance was more than sufficient to cover the higher wages and other increased operating costs. These reports, however, did not include the big sums spent for extensions, betterments, new equipment and other capital purposes under the Railroad Administration's billion-dollar improvement program for the year.

Revenues in July were reported as $468,379,000 as compared with $348,893,000 in July last year. This included freight receipts of $327,151,000, which was $86,000,000 greater than the record of July, 1917, and passenger receipts of $104,403,000, which was $30,000,000 more than the corresponding figure last year.

Expenses amounted to $316,813,000 as compared with $237,800,000 in July last year, the principal item of increase being in transportation expenses, amounting to $164,127,000, nearly $40,000,000 higher than in July, 1917.

For the seven months of Government control ended with July, operating income was reported as $309,373,000, as compared with $553,895,000 for the corresponding period of last year.

The approximate amount the Government will have to pay the railroads as guaranteed compensation for that period is about $532,000,000. Future increased revenues are expected to come near to wiping out the Government's loss by the end of the year.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND DYING.

Vicar General Byrne Says Prelate May Not Live 48 Hours.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 20.—That Archbishop John Ireland, 80 years old, may die in the next forty-eight hours, was the belief expressed late today by the Rev. Father James C. Byrne, Vicar General of the St. Paul Diocese. Doctors and nurses are in constant attendance at the bedside of the prelate, and it is hoped he will rally from his illness as he did last Spring.

The statement of the Vicar General indicates the gravity of the Archbishop's condition, who has been in frail health many months.

Ford Spent $32,621 for Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Sept. 20.—The Ford Motor Company announced today that the amount spent by Henry Ford in the interests of President Wilson's last campaign was $32,621.54 and not $23,529.53, the figure announced by the company on Thursday. It was explained that the latter figure was taken from an early tabulation which did not include all the bills.

Page Receives Plymouth Gift.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Walter Hines Page, the retiring American Ambassador, was the recipient today of the honorary freedom of the Borough of Plymouth, enclosed in a silver medel of the Pilgrim ship Mayflower. The presentation was made privately in London.

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WHITE HOUSE LETTER IS A HELP TO GRAY

Report He Was Placed in Jersey Senate Race to Split Republicans Called "Foolish."

WILSON DIRECTED REPLY

Tumulty's Answer to Hansberry Note Given Out at Congressman's Headquarters.

A letter from Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, written at the request of the President, expressing a high opinion of Congressman Edward W. Gray of New Jersey, was made public yesterday at the campaign headquarters in Newark of Congressman Gray, who is running against Governor Walter E. Edge of New Jersey for the Republican nomination for United States Senator.

The letter was written in reply to Thomas M. Hansberry of Newark, a Democrat, who wrote to President Wilson, asking him to dispel rumors that Congressman Gray had been "placed" in the race for the nomination in order to divide the Republican Party in New Jersey and increase the prospect of electing a Democrat. Mr. Hansberry's letter, written over three weeks ago, was as follows:

49 Burnet Street,
Newark, N. J., Aug. 28, 1918.
Hon. Woodrow Wilson, White House, Washington, D. C.:

My Dear Mr. President: A story is being circulated in New Jersey in reference to Hon. Edward W. Gray, who is a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, to the effect that he was placed in the race in order to break up the Republican Party and make the election of a Democrat possible. Now, as a Democrat, I greatly admire Congressman Gray for his stalwart Americanism and for the loyal way in which he has supported your Administration in legislation pertaining to the war. I believe the story I refer to is being circulated by Mr. Gray's political enemies in his own party with the intention to injure his candidacy at the primaries. Of course, the story is as absurd as it is malicious, but no doubt some people in New Jersey are giving it credence, and I am, therefore, writing to ask you most respectfully if you will not write a brief refutation of the slander in the interests of justice and fair play. Your obedient servant,

THOMAS M. HANSBERRY.

The reply is as follows:

White House, Washington,
September 13, 1918.

Mr. Thos. M. Hansberry,
49 Burnet St., Newark, N. J.

Dear Mr. Hansberry: The President requests me to make reply to your letter of Aug. 28th. Of course, the whole story is ridiculous and foolish. Congressman Gray has been a loyal supporter of the Administration and has supported House measures that looked for a vigorous prosecution of the war in every way. We all have a high opinion of him, but it would be highly improper for the President to interfere in the selection of a Senator in the Republican primaries.

Sincerely yours,
J. P. TUMULTY,
Secretary to the President.

BUSCH BREWING PLANT OFFERED TO NATION

Ordnance Department Asked to Take Over St. Louis Properties for Production of Munitions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—August A. Busch, President of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company of St. Louis, tendered today to the Ordnance Department the entire Anheuser-Busch brewing properties in St. Louis, providing the Government can use them for the production of munitions. Mr. Busch requested General Tripp of the Ordnance Department to reach an early decision on the proposal as the Busch interests intended to enter upon the production of munitions as a private corporation if the Government does not assume control.

Some army officers here believe that the plants can be equipped for the production of small shells within a few weeks. The discussion today related entirely to the production of small shells and cartridges.

The Anheuser-Busch property has been one of the show places of St. Louis. A description of the property, as given to General Tripp by Mr. Busch today, emphasized its magnitude. The buildings offered cover 145 acres of ground, with many times as many acres of floor space. There are seven miles of railroads within the plant and ten modern machine shops.

OCT. 5 TO BE WOMEN'S DAY.

Named by McAdoo as Feature of Coming Liberty Loan Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—In recognition of the war work being done by millions of American women, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo today designated Saturday, Oct. 5, for observance in the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign as "Women in War Work Day."

"The women of America," Secretary McAdoo said, "are doing their share in the winning of the war, both by actual war work and by the tremendous force of their moral influence. It is fitting that their service should be memorized."

Mr. McAdoo said 700,000 women were actively engaged in the organization of the National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

Two Naval Aviators Killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Navy Department was notified today by Admiral Sims of the death of Ensigns Clyde N. Palmer of Malden, Mass., and Philip Frothingham of Portland, Me., in an airplane accident in France. The bodies of the Ensigns were buried in the Calais military cemetery.

To Unveil Statue of Depew.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Sept. 20.—When the City of Peekskill unveils the life-size bronze statue of ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew here on Tuesday Mr. Depew himself will be the orator of the day and will describe the statue as a good likeness. Mr. Depew is at present living at Briarcliff. Peekskill is his birthplace, and he has never forgotten the place. He gave the city Depew Park, and citizens obtained funds for the bronze statue through popular subscription.

E. H. Ripley Marries Miss Loring.

The marriage was announced yesterday of Ernest H. Ripley, the Secretary and Treasurer of Griffen, Prince & Ripley, and Miss Mildred Loring, a daughter of Frank Loring of 11 East Thirty-second Street, which took place on Monday last. The marriage was hastily arranged, owing to the bride's father's sailing for France to engage in Red Cross work, and only the immediate families were present at the ceremony, which took place at the Stratford, where the Lorings have been living.

Wurzburger-Kohn Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Kohn of 251 West Ninety-fifth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Kohn, to Siegfried Wurzburger, sergeant in the Quartermaster's Corps, U. S. A., and a son of the late Adolph Wurzburger and of Mrs. Wurzburger of 342 West Eighty-eighth Street.

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Born.

HILLSTROM. — Sept. 19, 572 East 26th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hillstrom, a daughter.

Married.

MATHEWS—THOMS.—On Thursday, Sept. 19, at 91 East 18th St., Brooklyn, by the Rev. Albert E. Roraback, Clara Bergen Thoms to Charles P. Mathews.

Died.

ACKER.—Sarah C., daughter of the late Rev. Henry J. and Sarah Dowle Acker, Sept. 19. Services Saturday morning 10:30, 50 Woolsey St., Astoria, L. I. Interment Pleasant Valley, N. Y.

BARLOW.—George Whitfield, Jr., suddenly, Sept. 20, 1918. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BLASHFIELD.—On Sept. 20, Edith A., beloved mother of Violette Blashfield. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Sunday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment private.

BUENZ.—On Sept. 15, Karl Buenz, aged 76 years. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday, Sept. 24, at 11 A. M., at the Chapel of the Crematory of the New York and New Jersey Cremation Co., Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J.

CARROLL.—On Sept. 19, Teresa Regina Carroll, widow of the late John F. Carroll. Funeral from her late residence, Hotel Savoy, on Monday, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Kindly omit flowers.

COHN.—Suddenly, on Friday, Sept. 20, Michael Cohn, beloved husband of Lena, (nee Keyser,) devoted father of Edward Daniel, Mrs. Ida Erlanger, and Mrs. Hazel Harris. Funeral from his late residence, 11 South Stratton Av., Arverne, L. I., Sunday, Sept. 22, at 11 A. M. Interment at Mount Neboh Cemetery at 11:30 A. M.

COMBS.—On Sept. 19, Zillah Combs, aged 69 years. Funeral services at Ocean Parkway M. E. Church, Sunday, at 2 P. M.

CONNELLY.—On Thursday, Sept. 19, 1918, John J. Connelly, in his 48th year. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. Kissel, 488 Lincoln Av., Midland Beach, S. I., on Sunday, Sept. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

DAVIDSON.—Suddenly, in the service of his country, at Kingsville, Texas, 2d Lieut. Edward Crawford Davidson, Jr., United States Aviation, age 22 years, beloved son of the late Edward Crawford Davidson and Marie A. Davidson of Elizabeth, N. J. Notice of funeral later.

DU BOIS.—Died suddenly, Sept 19, Henry C. (Harry) Du Bois, residence, 1,703 Bronxville Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services at late residence, 8 P. M., Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918. Interment, private, at Catskill, N. Y. Catskill, N. Y., and Lansing, Mich., papers please copy.

FANNING.—Sept. 20, 1918, Maria Fanning. Funeral Monday, 9:15 A. M., from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Julia O'Connell, 550 West 150th St., thence to St. Catherine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Mass 10 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

FARLEY.—JOHN CARDINAL—

The Board of Managers of The Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in the City of New York, deeply regrets the sudden death that purpose on the 19th day of September, 1918.

Resolved, That the death of our beloved Cardinal, though a great personal bereavement to each member of this board, has a greater and wider significance. It is an irreparable loss not alone to charity, religion, and the country, but to Christianity itself. His life was devoted not only to the amelioration of the conditions of the sick, and the poor of this city, but to the maintenance of the highest ideals of patriotism and religion. Though his heart went out to the poor and unfortunate, his sense of right and justice made him an inflexible conservator of personal and property rights. He was strongly imbued with true sentiments of love of country, which it was his constant effort to have inculcated in all the schools under his jurisdiction.

He was not only a great prelate, but a true American, and a model of every virtue which should form a good priest and a virtuous citizen. Conspicuous for his courage, firmness, and justice, he was no less marked for gentleness, meekness, and mercy.

With a mind stored with knowledge, with a heart full of generous emotions, with a strong will, able to surmount difficulties, all these were devoted in the highest and best services that a man could render to his fellow-men.

We who have been intimately associated in one of the many charities dear to his heart—the care of orphans—feel most deeply the loss of his wise counsel and guidance, and sympathize with the orphans who are deprived of his fatherly protection. As President of this board for more than fifteen years he assiduously labored for the comfort and happiness of those committed to its care. No sacrifice was too great, no labor too onerous, when it was a question of providing for these little ones.

Mindful as we are of his great and important work for the country, State, and city, and of his valuable services to religion and charity, we deem it especially appropriate that there should be entered upon our records a minute expressive of his invaluable services to the homeless orphans, and of their and our sentiments of esteem and affection, and of our sense of the irreparable loss sustained by his death.

As a testimonial of our loving respect, it is ordered that this minute be spread upon the minutes of our asylums be draped in mourning for the space of thirty days, and that the members of this board attend his funeral in a body.

Right Rev. JOSEPH F. MOONEY, V. G., Vice President.

FRANCIS O'NEILL, Secretary.

FARLEY.—The Board of Trustees of the Catholic Institute for the Blind has learned with profound regret of the death of his Eminence John Cardinal Farley. With a great love for all children he took a special interest in the afflicted little ones of his flock, and was ever ready with counsel and assistance for those who had them in their charge. Members of the Board of Trustees of the Catholic Institute for the Blind are therefore invited to be present in the Cathedral at the funeral services of their devoted honorary President, John Cardinal Farley, Archbishop of New York.

STEPHEN FARRELLY, President.
MARY BROWN, Secretary.

FLORSHEIM.—On Friday, Sept. 20, at the residence of Sister-in-law, Esther Asch, Morris Florsheim, husband of the late Augusta and beloved father of Louis, brother of Joseph. Funeral from Martin Fleck's chapel, 230 Lenox Av., on Sunday, Sept. 22, at 2 P. M.

FLORSHEIM.—Truth Lodge, No. 881, F. and A. M.—Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral service of our late brother, Morris Florsheim, Sunday, Sept. 22, 10 A. M., from the funeral parlors of Martin Fleck, 230 Lenox Av., corner 122d St. OTTO ROTHSCHILD, Master.
SAMUEL A. ATLAS, Secretary.

FORST.—On Sept. 20, Jacob Forst of Kingston, N. Y., beloved husband of Jacobina, beloved father of Sophie Davis, Leon, Max, Bernard, and Henry. Funeral services to be held at his late residence, 26 Abeel St., Kingston, Sunday, 2 P. M.

GERSTEL.—On Sept. 20, Leonard H. Gerstel, beloved husband of Beatie, father of Lawrence and Harriet. Funeral Sunday morning, 10 o'clock, from 1,045 Hoe Av.

HALL.—Miss Lallie Hall of Long Acre Studio died suddenly of heart failure, Tuesday morning, at 3 o'clock. Funeral at 1:30 Saturday from Winterbottom Funeral Parlor, 75 West 47th St. Burial at Mount Olive.

HAVILAND.—At 1:50 A. M., Friday, Sept. 20, 1918, C. Augustus Haviland, in his 86th year. Services at his late residence, 403 Grand Av., Sunday, at 3:30 P. M.

HIGGINS.—Thomas, killed in action in France, July 22, 1918, son of Pat and Mary Sheridan Higgins, Aughmore, County Longford, Ireland, brother of Mrs. Thomas Sheridan, Mrs. Patrick Kenny, M. T., K. tie, James, and the late Peter Higgins. Solemn requiem mass Monday, Sept. 23, at Holy Name Church, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., 10 A. M.

HOADLEY.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, Philemon Lyman, husband of Mary Olmstead Hoadley. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 544 St. Prospect Av., Newark, on Saturday, Sept. 21, at 3 o'clock.

KERR.—Killed in action July 28, 1918, at River Ourcq, France, Sergeant George Southwick Kerr, Co. L, 165th U. S. Infantry, son of Walter and the late Anna Crawford Southwick Kerr, in the 28th year of his age.

LENNON.—On Sept. 20, 1918, at Allenhurst, N. J., Margaret A. Lennon, beloved daughter of the late Edward and Catherine Lennon, formerly of 46 West 68th St., New York City. Funeral Monday, Sept. 23, at 8 A. M. at St. Mary's Church, Deal, N. J. Interment private Calvary Cemetery.

McCORMACK.—On Wednesday, Sept. 18, 1918, Selina McCormack, mother of Edward H. and Mrs. Sarah Melius, in her 77th year. Funeral services from her late residence, 60 Morton St., Saturday evening, 8 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

MOSELEY.—James A., First Lieutenant, Company C, 166th Infantry, son of the late James A. and Annie Conigland Moseley of Glen Ridge, N. J., killed in action in France on July 26.

PHILLIPS.—Roland E., Jr., died for the honor of his country on the battlefield of France, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Roland E. Phillips, 210 South Parsons Av., Flushing, in the 20th year of his age.

Died.

PETERS.—At Denver, Colo., on Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1918, Walter G. Peters of Bushkill, Penn., in the 35th year of his age. Funeral at Bushkill at convenience of family.

RELYEA.—George Wilbur, son of Mrs. Laura and the late William Roosevelt Relyea and husband of Clara Buckbee. Funeral services Sunday evening 8:45.

SCHNEIDER.—Sophie, beloved wife of Morris Schneider, 2,008 Daly Av. Funeral Sept. 22, 10 A. M.

SMITH.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Friday, Sept., 20, 1918, Harwood B., husband of Edith M. Jacobus Smith. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 50 Milford Av., Newark, on Monday, Sept. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

SMITH.—Isaiah, suddenly, after an accident. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,019 Tinton Av., Bronx, on Saturday, Sept. 21, 1918, at 8 P. M. Funeral Sunday at 12 noon. Interment Woodlawn.

TAYLOR.—Mary S. Taylor, Sept. 15, in Evanston, Ill., in her 86th year, widow of the late Dr. Charles Fayette Taylor of New York.

THRASHER.—Killed in action in France, Aug. 11, 1918, Harry Dickinson Thrasher, age 35, Second Lieutenant of Engineers, Camouflage Section, No. 4.

VON GLAHN.—Herman H., June 17, in a hospital in France, of wounds received in action. Survived by his widowed mother, Mrs. John Von Glahn, 231 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

WEIL.—Julius, aged 70 years, father of Emanuel and Louis Weil, Kattie Levy, Josie Wart, and Emma Mendel. Funeral Sunday, Sept. 22, 2 P. M., Temple Israel, Washington Heights, 181st St. and St. Nicholas Av., Subway Building.

WEIL.—Members of Congregation Temple Israel of Washington Heights are requested to attend the funeral services of our late member and Trustee, Julius Weil, at the Temple, (Subway Building,) Sunday, Sept. 22, at 2 P. M. sharp.

G. FIALLA, President.
B. HORWITZ, Secretary.

WESTCOTT.—Florence M., beloved wife of Henry A. Westcott and mother of Florence W. Whiteside and Harry A. Westcott, at her residence, 1,121 Sheila Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., passed into rest Sept. 19, 1918. Funeral services at her late residence Saturday, 2 P. M. New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad train from New York, 1:12, and 125th St., 1:23, or N. Y., W. & B. R. R. to East 3d St., Mount Vernon.

WHEELER.—On Sept. 20, 1918, at New York, Blanche Carter Wheeler, aged 66 years, beloved mother of Mrs. William B. Lewis and Mrs. F. C. Sheldon. Funeral private. Denver papers please copy.

ARCTANDER.—Annie, 994 Grant Av., Bronx, Sept. 18. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

BARRON.—Mrs. Lawrence, 2,458 5th Av., Sept. 19. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

BERCHMANS-McGEAN.—Sister Mary, St. Catharine's Convent, Sept. 18, aged 79.

BILLIG.—Gertrude, 2,124 8th Av., Sept. 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BLAK

THREE RECORDS ARE SHATTERED AT NATIONAL JUNIOR A. A. U. MEET

JUNIOR ATHLETES SET NEW RECORDS

Old Marks Supplanted in Three-Mile Walk, Quarter-Mile Run, and Javelin Throw.

PASTIME A. C. MAN VICTOR

Labowitz Leads Field and Gleans Glory in Long Heel-and-Toe Contest in National Meet.

GREAT LAKES, Ill., Sept. 20.—Scoring in eleven of the nineteen events, the well-balanced team of the Chicago Athletic Association carried off the junior championships of the National A. A. U. outdoor track and field games which opened a memorable three days' carnival at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station today.

The Chicago team piled up 34 points, with the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station team drawing up in second place with 30. The Great Lakes team bagged 28 points for third place, and the Illinois Athletic Club 22 for fourth.

Despite the icy blasts that swept the field, three junior records were smashed and another trio was equaled. The first record to fall was in the three-mile walk. Louis Labowitz of the Pastime Athletic Club of New York covered the distance in 23:57, beating the former mark of 24:29 2-5 made by Alexander Jessup of New York.

The performances of Con C. Shaughnessy, a newcomer in Eastern athletic fields, in running the 440-yard event in 0:49 flat, was another record-breaker. He clipped a fifth of a second off the record held by Frank J. Shea of the University of Pittsburgh. Shea's mark, however, was made on a course with the turn, while Shaughnessy's performance was over a straightaway.

The third record was made in the javelin throw. Racine Thompson of the Illinois Athletic Club hurled the missile 167 feet 8¾ inches. The former record of 165 feet 1 inch was held by J. H. Berry of the Meadowbrook Club.

The marks equaled were in the 100-yard dash, which Arthur Henke, a former University of Chicago athlete, now of Great Lakes, won in 0:10 flat. Walker Smith of the Chicago A. A. tied the record in the 120 low hurdles, leaping the barriers in 0:15 2-5, and Gus Desch of Pelham Bay tied the record in the 220 low hurdles, stepping one of the heats in 0:25 1-5.

One of the most remarkable races of the day was the victory of Earl Johnson, a negro from Camp Upton, who won the five-mile race from a big field in 27:22. Johnson lagged behind the leaders nearly the entire distance, but in the final lap displayed a sensational burst of speed and finished 50 yards in the lead. The pace set was so hot that Ted Johnson, the Denver Missionary, was swept off his feet.

Jay McCabe of Pelham Bay, formerly of the Pastime A. C. of New York, bagged eight points with a victory in the half-mile and third place in the mile.

Stars of the army and navy and aviation service carried off the lion's share of the honors, for even the Chicago Athletic Association team was composed mainly of athletes now on furlough.

The chilly weather and epidemic of Spanish influenza among the 50,000 Jackies at the station kept the attendance down. The Jackies were under quarantine and prohibited from witnessing the games. The wintry weather kept the Chicagoans and visitors from other cities at home.

The summaries:

TRACK EVENTS.

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Henke, Great Lakes; Hoskins, Chicago A. A., second; Mahl, Columbia A. C., St. Louis, third; Webster Camp, Fremont, Cal., fourth. Time—0:10.

One-Mile Run.—Won by Schwartz, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia; McCabe, Pelham Bay Naval Station, second; Mayo, Fort Slocum, third; Cummings, Meadowbrook Club, fourth. Time—4:37.

Three-Mile Walk.—Won by Labowitz, Pastime A. C., New York; Mertens, Hillside A. C., Toronto, second; Schultz, Ferguson A. C., Buffalo, third; Vosen, Gary (Ind.) Y. M. C. A., fourth. Time—23:57. (new junior record.)

120-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Smith, Chicago A. A.; Isaacs, Royal Air Forces, Toronto, second; Savage, Chicago A. A., third; Norton, Camp Zachary Taylor, fourth. Time—0:15 2-5.

440-Yard Hurdles.—Won by Hause, Great Lakes; Traung, Swedish-American A. C., Brooklyn, second; Bodeddeker, Great Lakes, third; Dwyer, Chicago A. A., fourth. Time—0:58 2-5.

440-Yard Run.—Won by Shaughnessey, Federal Rendezvous, Brooklyn; O'Brien, Pelham Bay, second; Rogers, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia, third; Torkelson, Chicago A. A., fourth. Time—0:49, (new junior straightaway record.)

Five-Mile Run.—Won by Johnson, Camp Upton; Powers, Ferguson A. C., Buffalo, second; Prodst, Columbia A. C., St. Louis, third; Konchanski, Illinois A. C., fourth. Time—27:22.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by Smith, Pelham Bay; Moore, Pittsburgh A. A., second; Rosen, Morris A. C., Chicago, third; Olsen, Federal Rendezvous, Brooklyn, fourth. Time—0:22 2-5.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.—Won by House, Camp Fremont; Desh, Pelham Bay, second; Leffler, Great Lakes, third; Barron, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia, fourth. Time—0:25 4-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by McCabe, Pelham Bay; Lewis, University of Chicago, second; Allen, Pittsburgh A. C., third; Marchal, C. A. A., fourth. Time—2:01 1-5.

FIELD EVENTS.

Running High Jump.—Won by Rice, Camp Zachary Taylor, 6 feet ¼ inch; Treweeke, Chicago A. A., 5 feet 11 inches, second; Krogness, Chicago A. A., 5 feet 7½ inches, third; McGarry, Boston Navy Yard, 5 feet 10 inches, fourth.

Running Broad Jump.—Won by Politzer, Mohawk A. C., New York, 22 feet 8¾ inches; Anderson, Pelham Bay, 22 feet, second; Brown, Pelham Bay, 21 feet 2¾ inches, third; Way, Meadowbrook Club, Philadelphia, 21 feet 1¾ inches, fourth.

Running Hop, Step, and Jump.—Won by Overbee, Chicago A. A., 45 feet 3¾ inches; Hoskins, C. A. A., 43 feet ½ inch, second; Arbene, Irish-American A. C., Boston, 41 feet 6½ inches, third; Anderson, Pelham Bay, 41 feet 3½ inches, fourth.

Pole Vault.—Won by Caldwell, Pelham Bay, 11 feet 6 inches; Bean, Los Angeles, 11 feet 4 inches, second; Piper, Royal Air Force, Toronto, 11 feet, third; Wilkin, Great Lakes, 10 feet 10 inches, fourth.

Discus Throw.—Won by Windrow, Great Lakes, 116 feet 4¾ inches; Gillo, Camp Dix, 110 feet 2¾ inches, second; Bartels, Hog Island, 106 feet 3¾ inches, third; Savage, Chicago A. A., 95 feet ¾ inch, fourth.

16-Pound Hammer Throw.—Won by Vranz, Illinois A. C.; Walsh, Chicago A. A., second; Gillow, Camp Dix, third; Windrow, Great Lakes, fourth. Distance—130 feet 5 inches.

Shotput.—Won by Allman, Great Lakes, 40 feet 1¾ inches; Becker, Illinois A. C., second, 39 feet 9½ inches; Windrow, Great Lakes, third, 39 feet 5 inches; Saranec, Kelly Field, fourth, 38 feet ¼ inch.

56-Pound Weight for Distance.—Won by McIntyre, Illinois A. C., 25 feet 11¼ inches; Birmingham, Illinois A. C., 25 feet 4¾ inches, second; Walsh, Chicago A. A., 24 feet 4¼ inches, third; Bartels, Hog Island, 23 feet 8 inches, fourth.

Javelin Throw.—Won by Thompson, I. A. C., distance 167 feet 8¾ inches; Fritts, New York, unattached, 147 feet 8½ inches, second; Hancock, C. A. A., 145 feet 7½ inches, third; Gille, Camp Dick, 133 feet 2½ inches, fourth. (New junior record.)

Track Meet Postponed.

The track and field meet which was scheduled for the Federal Rendezvous, Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, yesterday, was postponed because of the inclement weather. It will be held either Monday or Tuesday, according to the conditions at the naval camp.

HOTEL STAKE TO PATCHEN.

Pacer Only Favorite to Win on Grand Circuit at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Sept. 20.—Heavy rains of Thursday and cloudy skies Friday morning kept today's grand circuit race program from being started until 2:30, with the course so heavy then that the free-for-all trot was declared off, owners not being willing to start their horses.

The Hartman Hotel Stake for 2:11 pacers was easily won by Verlie Patchen, who came back to the big ring after a successful campaign through the Middle West. Orofino was her challenger each heat. Verlie never was in danger. Her victory was the first victory of a favorite so far this week.

Pacing Patch, picked to win the 2:09 class pace, won the first heat handily but tired in the heavy going, Onward Sam winning the next three heats in good finishes.

The summaries:

2:07 PACE, 3 IN 5, (PURSE $1,000.)

Onward Sam, (Patrick)	5	1	1	1
Pacing Patch, (Field)	1	2	4	4
Rex Deforest, (Murphy)	2	7	7	2
Dolly B., (Crooks)	7	3	2	3

Betty Blacklock, Charlie M., and Ardelia also started.

Time—2:11¾; 2:12¼; 2:14; 2:14¼.

2:11 PACE, THE HOTEL HARTMAN STAKE, 3 IN 5. (PURSE $5,000.)

Verlie Patchen, (Wallin)	1	1	1	
Oro Fino, (Murphy)	2	2	2	
Windsor Todd, (R. Stout)	5	3	3	
Game of Chance, (Cox)	3	4	5	

Calgary Earl and The Week also started.

Time—2:09¾; 2:10¼; 2:11¾.

THE HORSE REVIEW FUTURITY FOR THREE-YEAR PACERS, 2 IN 3 HEATS. (PURSE $2,000.) unfinished.

Peter Elliott, (McDonald)	1	2	2
Edna Early, (White)	4	4	1
Peter Fletcher, (Thomas)	3	3	3
Cochato Banks, (Valentine)	2	1	dis

Time—2:11¼; 2:13¾; 2:12¾.

BROOKSWORTHY IS BEATEN.

Young Trotter Defeated After Nine Straight Victories.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Sept. 20.—Four racing events were held yesterday at the Suffolk County Fair. The upset of the day was the defeat of Brooksworthy, a bay colt owned by Hoeffner and Gartrell. The colt had won eight straight races. The defeat was administered by Henry Mac, owned by Charles W. Lassell. Lassell not only captured first money but took second prize also, with Henry Offut, a half brother of the winner, Brooksworthy had to be content with third place.

Aimlette, a local trotter, was piloted by Bob Corwin, her owner, to a victory over Overland, who marched off with two races at Orangeburg last week.

SPECIAL RACE HANGS FIRE.

Owners Still at Odds Over Conditions for Match.

Negotiations for the proposed special race for two-year-olds at Aqueduct hung fire yesterday, as all the parties to the event could not agree to the terms of H. G. Bedwell, trainer of Billy Kelly, that the race should take place next Thursday no matter what the condition of the track. Kimball Patterson, trainer of Eternal, is willing to race Billy Kelly, rain or shine.

The feature of the race most desired is to have Billy Kelly and Eternal meet, and in all probability an understanding will be reached by having the Brighton Stable's Purchase stay out of the contest, provided the track is in poor condition.

RAIN HALTS NET TOURNEY.

Many Matches to be Played Today in Women's Title Event.

Many of the women who are concerned in the New York State tennis championship disputes, which are being argued on the courts of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, spent the greater part of yesterday afternoon at the clubhouse, wondering if the rain would stop long enough to allow some matches. But the rain was persistent and no matches were possible. Mrs. H. S. Green and Mrs. L. G. Morris, who are to play Miss Caroma Winn and Miss Gertrude Della Torre in the semi-final of the doubles, were especially anxious to play.

Those in charge of the tournament determined, if the weather permits today, to play every match that can be crowded into the daylight hours, in hopes of bringing the three divisions of the tournament to a conclusion. However, if the courts are too soggy, the final events will be held Sunday.

KIECKHEFER BEATS OTIS.

Three-Cushion Champion Retains Title in Match.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Augie Kieckhefer retained his title as the world's three-cushion billiard champion by defeating Charles Otis of New York tonight in the third block of their match by a score of 50 to 48 in sixty-four innings. The score for the three nights' play was: Kieckhefer, 150; Otis, 142.

CALDWELL TEAM IN LEAD.

New Jersey Marksmen Set Pace in National Tourney.

CAMP PERRY, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Caldwell, N. J., with a score of 3,097, was leading the five navy teams which this evening had finished the course in the national team match which opened today. The Mount Pleasant, S. C., team was second with 3,072; Virginia Beach, Va., with 3,046, was third; Annapolis fourth, with 2,994, and Glenburnie, with 2,901, fifth.

The match is being shot over the 200 and 300 yard ranges at rapid fire and at 500 and 600 yards slow fire. The remaining fifty teams have the 600-yard stage to finish tomorrow.

Wykagyl Raises $2,000.

Through the efforts of Alex Smith and his brother, Jim, the golf tourney held at the Wykagyl Country Club on Labor Day resulted in $2,000 being realized for the patriotic funds for which the various clubs of the district held tournaments. This announcement was made yesterday. The money will be divided between the War Camp Community Service, Knights of Columbus, and the Y. M. C. A.

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High Shoes
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A Lot of Cordovan Shoes
$6.65, Were $9.00

ROBINSON IN FRONT ON THREE MOUNTS

Jockey Pilots Trio of Horses to Victory Over Sloppy Track at Aqueduct.

Jockey Robinson was the one best bet at Aqueduct yesterday and for the second time since the racing has shifted to that track he had three mounts and brought each one of them home in front.

Robinson's greatest feat came when he landed T. P. Thorne's Panaman a winner in the Glen Cove Selling Stakes over the Quincy Stable's Compadre. It was the consensus that Robinson outgeneraled Shuttinger, who rode Compadre. He pulled back on the far turn and allowed Compadre to go inside, where the going was a trifle worse than a little way out from the rail. Moreover, Robinson managed to convey the idea to Shuttinger that his mount was winning with a little to spare. The latter was full of confidence until inside the last sixteenth, where Robinson quickly changed his tactics, and, riding his hardest to the finish, got Panaman home with his nose in front of Compadre.

The winning streak of Robinson started in the second race for two-year-olds in which he rode Harry Payne Whitney's Sketchy. He followed the pace set by Sherman A. until the eighth pole and outrode Wakoff from that point to score by three-quarters of a length. Those who followed Robinson through the day had a real profitable afternoon, for in the last race he won with the Beverwyck Stable's Nolawn at the nice odds of 10 to 1.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE. — For maiden 2-year-olds, purse $607; six furlongs. Time—1:14 4-5.

Sky Man, J. J. Moran's ch. c., 109 pounds, by Aeronaut-Frankie. (Robinson).....to 1. 1½
Umbala, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, ch. g., 106, by Olambala-Foneda, 7 to 5 and 3 to 5, (W. Kelsay).....2
Hindoostan, G. D. Widener's ch. g., 105, by Rey Hindoo-Gracious Dame, 4 to 1, third, (W. Bethel).....3
Precious Jewel, Florence, Marion Adler, Shoot Fair, Pluviada, Cafeteria, Bagdadine, Watch Your Stitch, and Austin also ran. Antique and Rol Craig scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For 2-year-olds, selling, purse $607; five furlongs. Time—0:59 4-5.

Sketchy, H. P. Whitney's blk. f., 109 pounds, by Peter Pan-Painthrush, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4. (F. Robinson).....1½
Sherman A., Mrs. R. L. Bresler's b. c., 106, by Von Tromp-Genna, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5. (H. Wakoff).....2
Bright Lights, R. L. Gerry's ch. c., 111, by Peter Quince-Blaze o' Gold, 1 to 2, third. (A. Shuttinger).....3
Rol Craig, Maggie Maitland, Faith, and Onuphalo also ran. Joyful and Goldvale scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For 2-year-olds, selling, purse $607; five furlongs. Time—0:59.

Toto, Brighton Stable's b. g., 113 pounds, by Hippodrome-Tipping, 7 to 10, 2 to 5, and 1 to 6. (L. Lyke).....1½
Balustrade, R. L. Gerry's b. c., 111, by Hanbridge-Oriental Queen, 6 to 5 and 2 to 5. (A. Shuttinger).....2
Minuet, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. f., 103, by Olambala-Fantasque, (W. Kelsay).....3
Young Adam, Peter, and Bonstelle also ran. War Zone, Tippler, and Fair and Square scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Glen Cove Selling Stakes, for 3-year-olds, by subscription of $25 each, starters to pay $25 additional, guaranteed value $2,000; seven furlongs. Time—1:28 2-5.

Panaman, T. P. Thorne's b. g., 110 pounds, by Magellan-Pronta, 9 to 10 and out, (F. Robinson).....1
Compadre, Quincy Stable's blk. c., 116, by Colin-Playmate, out for place, (A. Shuttinger).....2
Only two starters. Regal Lodge, Syntec, Lady Dorothy, and Lady Gertrude scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, selling, purse $607; one mile. Time—1:41 2-5.

Poacher, S. C. Hildreth's ch. g., 3 years, 106 pounds, by Star Shoot-Partridge, 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and out. (L. Lyke).....1
Jack Mount, G. C. Walsh's b. or br. g., 4, 106, by Amadie-Catana, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3. (L. McAtee).....2
Broom Peddler, S. Scheidy's b. g., 3, 99, by Sweep-Whisk Broom, 8 to 5, third. (Q. Preece).....3
Orderly, Blue Thistle, Intriguer, Stradivarius, Past Master, and Miss Bryn also ran. Prunes, Elderken, Judge Wingfield, Perseus, and Barry Shannon scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden 3-year-olds and upward, purse $607; six furlongs. Time—1:15 1-5.

Nolawn, Beverwyck Stable's b. c., 3 years, 115 pounds, by Sir John Johnson-Onaga, 10 to 1, 4 to 1, and 2 to 1. (F. Robinson).....1½
Phalaris, W. R. Coe's b. or br. g., 3, 115, by Phaleron-Last Hope, 5 to 2 and 7 to 5. (L. McAtee).....2
Assign, Quincy Stable's b. g., 3, 115, by Superman-Award, 8 to 5, third. (T. Rice).....3
Dick Miller, Impartiality, Chester Two, Golden King, Henry G. Huzza, Bill McCloy, Impetus, Bright Angel, Pollyanna, Myrtle V., and Typist also ran. Mackenzie, Santiago, Point to Point, Cousin o' Mine, Miss Fauntleroy, and Irish Lady II. scratched.

Weather, rainy; track, sloppy.

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—Publicity.

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CELTO RACES TO VICTORY.

Muddy Track No Handicap to J. S. Tyree's Mare.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Sept. 20.—Mudlarks had another outing at the races today, but with one exception the horses ran true to public form. The fourth race for three-year-olds and upward at a mile and seventy yards, brought out the best field of the day, with J. S. Tyree's Celto an odds-on choice. Parrington had little trouble in landing the black mare in front of King Neptune.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, claiming; purse $757.85; five and a half furlongs. Tommy Waac, 115 pounds, (Rodriguez,) $5.20, $4.90, and $2.90, won; Left Fielder, 112, (Huff,) $11.20 and $5.60, second; Poulney, 115, (Parrington,) $3.10, third. Time—1:08 2-5. Doctor Rae, Tidal, Frank Shannon, Royal Favorite, Wewoka, and Houdini also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For maidens; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.85; one mile and seventy yards. Candidate II., 110 pounds, (Johnson,) $5.20, $3.50, and $2.90, won; *Zinnia, 111, (Huff,) $84.60 and $26.50, second; O'Malley, 110, (Collins,) $6.20, third. Time—1:50. Goblet, Matoaka, Jack Dawson, So Long Letty, Daybreak Uncle Sand, and Machere also ran.

*Field.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.85; six furlongs. Pepper, 112 pounds, (Huff,) $15.80, $9.80, and $5.10, won; Sister Emblem, 113, (O'Brien,) $24.90 and $13.10, second; Bell Ringer, 116, (Troxler,) $3.30, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Juanlata III., Blue Bannock, Francis Crawford, Early Sight, Stout Heart, Bill Simmons, Greentree, Polly J., and Talebearer also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.85; one mile and seventy yards. Celto, 112 pounds, (Parrington,) $3.50, $2.40, and $2.10, won; King Neptune, 115, (Ambrose,) $2.70 and $2.30, second; Bar of Phoenix, 110, (Stalker,) $2.70, third. Time—1:48 2-5. Ampere II., Graphic, and Loneland also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.85; one mile and a sixteenth. Vocabulary, 97 pounds, (Sneiman,) $31.90, $11.60, and $4.60, won; Madusa, 97, (Stalker,) $6.60, and $3.40, second; Helen Atkin, 102, (Sande,) $2.50, third. Time—1:51. Greetings, Molly O., Glory Belle, and Odalisque also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.85; one mile and a sixteenth. Wood Violet, 102 pounds, (Sande,) $4.50, $3.00, and $2.40, won; Keziah, 108, (Sterling,) $4.20 and $3.20, second; May W., 103, (Sneiman,) $3.00, third. Time—1:52. Nettie Walcutt, Genevieve B., Candelaria, and Casaba also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For fillies and mares, three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $757.80; one mile and a sixteenth. Miss Filley, 110 pounds, (Pickens,) $14.80, $6.30, and $4.10, won; Tootsie, 108, (Sande,) $3.30 and $2.80, second; Fairy Legend, 111, (Johnson,) $4.50, third. Time—1:52. Julia L., Freda Johnson, and Great Dolly also ran.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For all ages; selling; handicap; seven furlongs. Peter Piper, 116 pounds; Wise Man, 114; Midnight Sun, Salvestra, 107; Whimsy, 107; Sasin, 106; Turf, 106; Gamecock, 103; Golding, 103; Gold Tassel, 98.

SECOND RACE.—Bushwick Handicap; steeplechase; for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Bet, 145 pounds; Skibbereen, 142; Trumpator, 140; Reddest, 134; Tudor King, 133; Acabado, 132.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-old fillies; claiming; five furlongs. Jacnetta, 111 pounds; Marmite, 111; Nan Knoehr, 109; Madam Byng, 107; Royal Blood, 107; His Sister, 107; Dancing Carnival, 107; Stella's Shadow, 105; Subterfuge, 103; Wilfreda, 103; Nelle Yorke, 103; Penland, 103; Blue Iris, 100; Unwise Child, 98.

FOURTH RACE.—Aqueduct Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. War Cloud, 119 pounds; Spur, 115; Corn Tassel, 113; Hollister, 111; Ticket, 102; Manister Tol, 100.

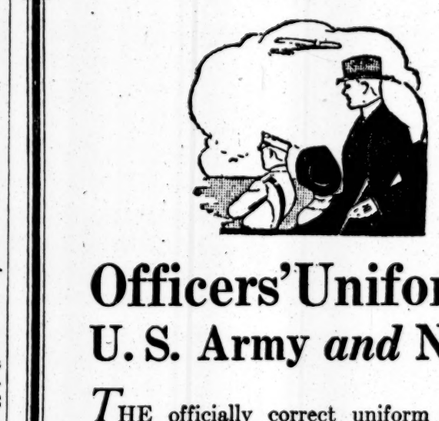
FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Wise Man, 116 pounds; Minto II., 111; Reveler, 110; Gamecock, 110; Harwood II., 110; *Smart Money, 110; Pullux, 109; Nightstick, 109; Ninety Simplex, 106; Kebo, 106; *Golding, 103; Starry Banner, 100; *Nominee, 98.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds; six and a half furlongs. Hurricane, 115 pounds; Tableau d'Honneur, 115; Pollu, 115; Balarosa, 115; Tapageur, 115; Grimalkin, 115; Leading Star, 115; War Smoke, 115; George Eliot, 112; Antoinette, 112; Looking Up, 112, Hinilltrude, 112.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Jersey City Bouts Tonight.

A card of three eight-round contests and several bouts of four rounds each has been arranged for the weekly show of the Armory A. A. of Jersey City, which will be held tonight. The principal bout will bring together Jack London, the Harlem heavyweight, and Jimmy Monohan. Stock Yards Tommy Murphy of Chicago will box Italian Joe Gans, Brooklyn's middleweight, in another match, while in the third bout Mickey Russell and Johnny Buff, Jersey City bantamweights, will be opponents.



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AGED MAN SWIMS TO CONEY ISLAND

W. J. Duffy Covers Fourteen Miles in Water to Prove He Is Still Young.

The time worn adage, "Age will tell," was knocked into a cocked hat yesterday by William J. Duffy, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. Once a swimmer of renown, Duffy, admitting to sixty-five robust years, yesterday set out to demonstrate that he still retained much of his early ability, and he succeeded. The veteran negotiated the distance between Brooklyn Bridge and about half a mile beyond Coney Island Point without incident. Duffy covered the long swim in 3 hours 32 minutes, the best time he has yet made for the swim. It was the fifth time that Duffy has covered the course.

Duffy had no inducements or motive in making his effort other than a desire to demonstrate that he is not yet at that age where he is physically worthless. "Some time ago," said Duffy, while seated comfortably in his office in the Customs House, after his swim, "I applied for a position overseas with the Y. M. C. A. I was too old for regular service, but was confident I was acceptable for Y. M. C. A. duties. They turned me down; said I was too old. Well, I just thought I would show them that there is one 'old fellow' capable of doing something a lot of young one's don't dare try. And I have."

Duffy made his swim without encountering any serious obstacles. He had originally planned to have a Police Patrol Boat accompany him, but when he made inquiry at Harbor A headquarters, was informed that his request for a boat could not be granted. The veteran swimmer went next door to the offices of the Dock Department and arranged to have the department's Tug B follow him. This change in plans required considerable time and delayed Duffy's start somewhat. It was 11:38 when he dived off the deck of Tug B under the Brooklyn Bridge.

The swimmer had an ebb tide with him and his powerful stroke carried him through the water at a fair rate of speed. The tug followed him to the Narrows, but at the point off Fort Hamilton, where the water is lined with nets, the tug had to abandon the swimmer. Duffy continued on his journey, swimming over the nets, while the tug made a wide detour and went around by way of Fort Wadsworth to pick up Duffy again and guide him to Coney Island Point. For the time he was in the water Duffy received nourishment three times, his meals each time consisting of sherry and egg. At 3:10 he was pulled out of the water. Duffy is 5 feet 6 inches in height and weighs 155 pounds.

Those who accompanied him on the tug were M. A. Elseman, Hugh Magee, Alfred Westphald, Oliver H. Marston and Captain Boden, in charge of the tug. The distance of the swim is about fourteen miles.

WOMEN TO DIRECT SHOW.

Leading Whips of Driving Club to Help at National Exhibit.

Members of the Ladies' Four-in-Hand Driving Club are taking the reins in the drive to raise $100,000 for the American Red Cross through the medium of the National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden on Nov. 11-15, the entire receipts of which are to go to the war relief fund while the officers of the association foot all the bills. Mrs. Thomas Hastings, President of the Ladies' Four-in-Hand Driving Club; Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, Mrs. Edward H. Carle, and Miss Marion Hollins are among the women whips who are forming a committee of thirty to represent the Red Cross in the management of the Garden show.

Others who will serve include Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Mrs. Frances Burke Roche, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., and Mrs. Walter P. Bliss.

Ring Entertainment Planned.

The Metropolitan A. A. U. will conduct a series of boxing and wrestling bouts at Camp Merritt, Tenafly, N. J., Wednesday night, it was announced yesterday. The program consists of seven boxing bouts and two wrestling matches between leading amateurs. It is expected that a majority of the champions of the local district will appear.

MARSH HAS RECORD CAST.

Newark Fisherman Averages 184¾ Feet in Distance Contest.

A new record for quarter-ounce distance bait casting was established yesterday, in a tournament of the Anglers' Club of New York held on the big lake in Central Park. The performance was accomplished by A. J. Marsh of the Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, who had an average of 184 3-4 feet for his five casts, which displaces the old mark of 174 feet average made by Benjamin Flegel four years ago.

Marsh displayed exceptional ability with the rod. His record was made under trying conditions. The steady drizzle, to which was added a wind, hampered the casters considerably.

Considering the conditions, Marsh's casting was unexpected. His longest single cast was one of 193 feet, but none of his efforts varied much from this mark. His work gave Marsh the premier prize in this class over John S. Schwinn, a clubmate, who finished second with an average of 148 feet.

Dr. J. G. Fulton of the Anglers' Club of New York displayed unusual form in the Class B sections. He won the quarter-ounce distance cast with an average of 108 1-5 feet and in the light tackle distance fly casting, led with an average of 80 2-5 feet.

The summaries:

Bait Casting for Distance; quarter-ounce; best average of five casts.—Class A—Won by A. J. Marsh, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 184 3-5 feet average; John S. Schwinn, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 143 feet, average, second; James S. Pettit, Anglers' Club of New York, 118 feet average, third.

Class B—Won by Dr. J. G. Fulton, Anglers' Club of New York, 108 1-5 feet average; Dr. E. C. Raynor, Anglers' Club of New York, 75 feet average, second.

Light Tackle Distance Fly; rod not over five ounces; best average of five casts.—Class A—Won by John S. Schwinn, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 88 1-5 feet average; Perry D. Fraser, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 85 1-5 feet average, second; A. J. Marsh, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 82 1-5 feet average, third.

Class B—Won by Dr. J. G. Fulton, Anglers' Club of New York, 80 2-5 feet average; James S. Pettit, Anglers' Club of New York, 79 2-5 feet average, second; Dr. E. C. Raynor, Anglers' Club of New York, 78 feet average, third.

Dry Fly Accuracy Casting; rod not over five ounces.—Won by James S. Pettit, Anglers' Club of New York, 98 14-15 per cent.; A. R. Hanners, Anglers' Club of New York, 98 13-15 per cent., second; Arthur J. Neu, Newark Bait and Fly Casting Club, 98 12-15 per cent., third.

MISS CONROY GOLF LEADER.

Fox Hills Player Has Best Gross Score in Arcola Event.

The weather man put a damper on the enthusiasm of the contestants in the two-day tournament under the auspices of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association at the Arcola Country Club yesterday, and most of the players did not turn in cards. For that, however, the aim of the event was achieved, as something between $150 and $200 was raised for the Red Cross.

Miss M. S. Conroy of Fox Hills won the tournament proper with a thirty-six-hole gross card of 99, 100—199. This eliminates her from the eighteen-hole net award for the first day, which now goes to Mrs. William Chilvers of Dunwoodie, with 96, 5—91. Yesterday's eighteen-hole prize went to Mrs. R. B. Grumbach of Hollywood, with 100, 7—93.

Miss Elizabeth Wolf of Hollywood won the selected eighteen-hole prize, with 89, 4—85, while Miss Conroy was second with 93, 5—88. The mixed foursomes event on Thursday was won by Mrs. Percy Thompson and Fred Case, both of Arcola, with 83, 10—73, and the approaching and putting yesterday was won by Mrs. Irving Brown of Knickerbocker.

Capablanca to Play Chess.

José R. Capablanca, Cuban chess champion and famous international player, will pit his skill in a performance of simultaneous play against forty opponents, under the auspices of the Correspondence Chess League of America at its headquarters, 381 Fourth Avenue, this afternoon. A number of women players will take boards against the young master.

SCHINASI BROS.
NATURAL
The *Original* Egyptian
CIGARETTE

Just as I said—You know that you have dined well when the meal ends with Natural Cigarettes.
Just twenty cents.

Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION
W. G. McADOO, Director General of Railroads

Lehigh Valley Trains
AT
Pennsylvania Station

On and after September 15th all Through Lehigh Valley trains will arrive at and depart from the Pennsylvania station, *7th Avenue and 32nd Street, New York,* with connecting trains from Hudson Terminal. Local trains will arrive at and depart from the Pennsylvania's *Exchange Place station, Jersey City,* with connecting trains from Hudson Terminal.

Tickets on sale at all U. S. R.R. Administration ticket offices in New York and Brooklyn, at Pennsylvania stations in New York and Jersey City, at Hudson Terminal and at Cortlandt and Desbrosses Street ferries.

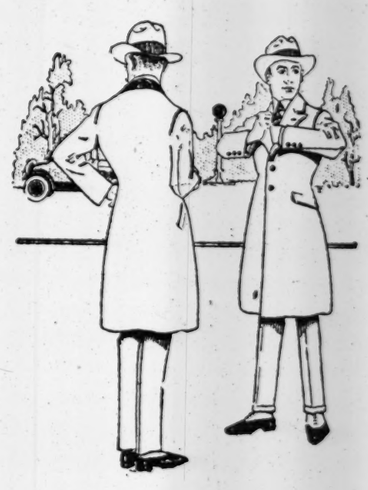
LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Men's Fall-Weight Overcoats

$25.00

All sizes, from 34 to 48.
All designs—regular, stout, long.
Colors—Oxford grey and fancy materials.
Models—Chesterfield, fully silk lined. Form-fitted, quarter silk lined.
These Overcoats have the famous GIMBEL quality, GIMBEL style and GIMBEL service.



Special for Saturday
Men's Suits at $29.75
Chiefly in dark shades.
Suitable for all-o'-the-year wear.
Quantities limited, so come early and be here when store opens.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Anticipation Sale of
Batavia and Keystone Tires

These automobile tires are so nationally advertised and so well known they need no further praise from GIMBELS.—
So you can afford to buy now and buy generously.

Here are a few prices:

Firsts—Fully Guaranteed

			List	Price
30x3	Clincher	N.S.	$18.50	$12.95
30x3½	Clincher	N.S.	$23.50	$16.45
32x3½	S.S.	N.S.	$27.45	$19.75
32x4	S.S.	N.S.	$37.40	$26.20
33x4	S.S.	Rib	$37.30	$26.15
34x4	S.S.	N.S.	$40.10	$28.10
34x4½	S.S.	N.S.	$53.25	$37.30
35x5	S.S.	N.S.	$65.25	$45.75
36x4½	Clincher	N.S.	$56.50	$39.55
31x4	Clincher	N.S.	$36.65	$25.80

Automobile Accessories
At Anticipation Sale Prices.

Electric Auto Spot Light, complete, with Mirroscope, 6 in. in diameter; 3½ in. rear view mirror; highly polished reflector; list price $5.00, $2.50
E. A. Full-Size Hand Horn, strongly made, with heavy black japanned finish over all; list price, $3.50, $1.85
Champion X Half Inch Spark Plugs, especially adapted for Ford cars,

LOSE ANCIENT RAILING ONCE AT BOWLING GREEN

Relic of Revolution, Removed for Subway Work, May Have Gone for Junk.

The railing that was built before the Revolution around Bowling Green, and which the Daughters of the American Revolution sought to save, has disappeared. Efforts are being made by the Broadway Association to discover who is responsible, if it is really lost, or to discover where it is if it is still safe. The railing is of considerable historic interest. It was first capped at the posts with large iron balls, but many of them disappeared at an early date, due, it was said, to the fact that they were used in revolutionary cannon.

In a letter sent to the Broadway Association by A. R. Shattuck, Chairman of its Bowling Green Committee, it is related how the subway contractors had asserted that they had finished their work in restoring the Green, and said that the railing had been stored with the Park Department. The railing is described in the report as of hand-wrought iron, erected prior to 1770. At the top of each post was a crown to represent King George, and a leaden statue of the King was within the inclosure. Then the report says:

"When the news of the battle of Lexington and Concord reached New York, an organization of young men known as 'Liberty Boys' pulled the statue down from its pedestal and with sledge hammers knocked the crowns down from the iron posts. The fence remained in the same position up to the time of the construction of the new subway, and the ragged ends of the posts, showing where the crowns had been knocked off, had remained the same."

When the Public Service Commission let the subway contract at that point to O'Rourke, Booth & Flinn, the firm was requested to take care of the fence and to replace it. The contractors have told the Broadway Association that the Park Department directed that the fence should be placed in its care and that it was turned over to it on July 15 or 16, 1914. On July 31 the Public Service Commission, learning that the fence was not in a safe place, wrote to Cabot Ward, the then Commissioner of Parks, concerning it.

When the subway contracting firm was ready to replace the fence, within the last few weeks, it was learned that nearly all of the iron part of it had disappeared from the Ninety-sixth Street storage yard, and had probably been sold as junk. Park Commissioner Grell, in a letter to Secretary E. W. Estes of the Broadway Association, quotes from a report by his Chief Engineer, who said that the Park Department in caring for the fence acted only as the agent of the contractor and that he could not see how the department could be held responsible. He also reported that the Park Department could not accept the park in its present condition from the contractors, and word to this effect had been sent to the Public Service Commission.

A letter from the contractors is to the effect that the fence cannot be restored to its former place in the park because "the records show that the Park Department moved the fence from its location to another on several occasions, and undoubtedly part of it has either been lost or sold for junk."

Inquiry at the Public Service Commission disclosed the fact that responsibility for the loss of the railing was placed squarely upon the Park Department.

WANT WAGES INCREASED.

Ladies' Garment Workers Make Request fpr 20 Per Cent. Rise.

The labor unrest among workers in the local garment trades was emphasized that the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in behalf of the Ladies' Tailors' Union, Local No. 80, had submitted to employers a "request" for a wage increase of 20 per cent. for all workers, to become effective next Monday. As the manufacturers are not organized, the letter was sent to every sized yesterday when it was announced Women's tailoring establishment in this city.

"Our International Union," the letter said, "has decided on this action upon the urgent request of the workers, and after a thorough and careful consideration of the situation. The request is made as a matter of absolute necessity. It represents an effort to raise the earnings of the workers in that industry to a point that will approximate a bare living wage, in view of the present prices of necessities of life, in our opinion, entirely just and fair."

It was said yesterday at the offices of the International Union, 31 Union Square, that workers would be called out of shops if the employers failed to grant the increase. So far as could be learned yesterday, few of the shops are engaged in producing army uniforms. The union has arranged mass meetings for Monday to formulate definite plans of action and insure co-operation among the 5,000 workers.

Signal Men Elect Officers.

The thirty-third annual convention of the Railway Signal Association ended yesterday with the election of officers. R. E. Trout was elected President, C. J. Kelloway, First Vice President; F. W. Pfleging, Second Vice President, and H. S. Balliet, Secretary-Treasurer. Several hundred men who direct the operation of the country's railroad systems attended the convention to study new signalling methods and to learn the Director General of Railroads' plans for co-ordinating all of the associations and societies of men engaged in railroad work.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

This Week the Advances Again Outnumbered the Declines.

While there was a lessening of fluctuations in wholesale commodities prices here this week, as compared with last week's showing, the excess was again on the side of the advances. Twenty-six items were quoted higher than last week, while eighteen were lower. Last week's record was thirty-five increases in a total of fifty-four changes. The increases in some of the foodstuffs were among the few features in the current week's trading.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on standard commodities this week at this city, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and for the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$2.00	$1.50	$2.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	11.50	11.75	14.10
Butter, cream., ex., lb.	.58	.52½	.44¼
Butter, St. D., c. to f., lb	.43	.41	.38
Cabbage, bbl.	1.00	1.00	2.50
Cheese, w. m. spl., lb.	.28½	.27	.25¾
Codfish, G'ges, 100 lbs.	11.00	11.00	9.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.09¾	.09½	.08¾
Coffee, Santos No. 4, lb.	.13¾	.12½	.09¾
Eggs, nearby, fcy., doz.	.64	.64	.58
Eggs, Wn. Sts., doz.	.44	.44	.40
Flour, Spring, 196 lbs.	†10.75	†10.90	...
Onions, bag	1.25	1.50	...
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	11.50	11.50	...
Potatoes, bbl.	4.75	4.25	4.00
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.10	.10	.07½
Sugar, fine gr., 100 lbs.	*9.00	*9.00	8.40
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.31	.31	.26
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.45	.45	.40
Bacon, 1-8lb down, lb.	.29¾	.29¾	.25½
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	10.00	10.25	7.50
Hams, big., in ces., lb.	.30	.30	.25
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	20.10	20.15	17.70
Lard, Mid. W., 100 lbs.	27.20	27.30	24.57
Pork, mess, bbl.	45.00	45.00	45.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs.	10.25	9.20	9.00
Barley, m.lt, bu.	1.13	1.15	1.40
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bu.	1.76¾	1.75½	2.19
Hay, pr. Tim., 100 lbs.	1.70	1.70	1.30
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	.84	.80½	.66½
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.73	1.72	1.97
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	*2.36½	*2.36½	*2.27
Alum'm, pig, (ton lots), lb	*.33	*.33	.41½
Copper, electro., lb.	*.26	*.26	.27
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton.	*34.40	*34.40	50.00
Lead, lb.	.08	.08	.09
Spelter, lb.	.09.6	.09.4	.09¾
Steel Billets, Bess., ton.	*47.50	*47.50	65.00
Tin, lb.	.79	.77	.61¾
Brown sh'tings, st'd., yd	.20¾	.20¾	.15
Cloths, pr., 64-60, yd.	.15½	.15½	.09½
Hides, pack., No. 1, lb.	*.30	*.30	.32½
Hides, cows, hvy. nat., lb	*.28	*.28	.27
Leath., h'lock sole, t.r., lb	*.43	.43	...
Leath., un. backs, t.r., lb.	*.73	*.73	.60
Rubber, up-rlv., fine, lb.	*.68	*.68	.68½
Silk, China, st. fl. 1st, lb	7.75	7.55	7.65

†Government basis. *Government maximums.

Of the eighteen changes in the foodstuffs this week, twelve were upward. Spring wheat per cent. flour was quoted 15 cents lower than last week, but an advance of 10 cents a barrel was shown in Winter flour of the same quality. Bacon was quoted higher at this city, but hams did not change. At Chicago, the major provisions showed fewer revisions than for some time. Live beef and hogs fell off and short ribs advanced. Live sheep, mess pork and Middle Western lard were steady at the last quotations.

In the local market for dairy products neither fancy nearby nor the best Western eggs showed change, this being the first time in quite a while that either one or the other had not fluctuated. All grades of butter and cheese, however, were higher. Government buying playing no small part in the stiffening of prices. A rise in common apples was the only change listed in the fresh or dried fruits. An advance in potatoes in the vegetable list contrasted with a drop in onions and further decreases in the prices asked for choice marrow and choice red kidney beans. Potatoes are now 75 cents a barrel higher than the corresponding 1917 price.

The sugars remained unchanged at the recent advance, and the spice list again was without change. The same was true of the teas, but both No. 7 Rio and No. 4 Santos coffees were higher, due to unfavorable weather in the producing centres. Malting barley showed the only decline in the cereals this week, the advances being contributed by corn, oats and rye. For the first time in several weeks there were neither advances nor declines in the hides and leathers.

The metals changes consisted solely of advances in spelter and tin, while in the naval stores a rise in resin was offset by a drop in turpentine. Raw silk was higher, and jute continued steady at record levels. Hemp and hops were lower. Features were again few in the changes shown in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs, and oils. Ten revisions included six advances.

Textiles were more or less bare of feature during the week. The burlaps were cheaper as a result of continued lack of real buying activity in this market and larger shipments from India. Little betterment in the local situation is looked for until a more active demand makes itself felt. With an important price-fixing meeting to be held in Washington on Tuesday next, sellers of cottons were not overwilling to do business at current figures. Most of the actual trades that were consummated were put through by second hands at prices far above the levels set for the mills by the Government. Listed revisions were few in number and without particular interest.

Small Coal Buyers a Problem.

Among other things, Saward's Weekly will say today that one bothersome feature of the local coal situation is the fact that no less than 50,000 families in Greater New York who used to buy their coal in very small lots from cellar peddlers have this year ordered from one to three tons from the yard dealers. At least they have obtained from the Fuel Administration cards authorizing and directing the dealers to supply their needs. About 20,000 of these cards have already been honored. How to take care of this class of trade without neglecting the old customers is one of the vexing problems of the day. A big drive is to be made on these small orders early in October.

Afternoon Tea Dances Beginning Today, 2 to 5.30
ALSO MUSIC AND DANCING AFTER 9 TILL CLOSING
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
Table d'Hote and a la Carte
DELICIOUS SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner.
NEW YORK

Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel Convenient to All Shops and Theatres
Apartments to Lease, Furnished or Unfurnished, 2 to 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, from Oct. 1st.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons.
Room and Private Bath, $3 to $4 Per Day.
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $4 to $7.50 Per Day
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

$10 WEEKLY
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH.
Hotel Nassau
59th St., bet. Mad. & Park Aves.
One Block from 5th Av. & Cen. Park.
Phone Plaza 8100. Restaurant a la Carte.

Hotel Sinclair
125th Street and Park Ave.
Opposite New York Central R. R. Station.
Newly furnished single rooms, $6 per week; with private bath, $8; double rooms, $10 per week, with private bath, $12; also suite rooms for families, at very attractive rates; popular-priced restaurant.

"Smartest of Motor Resorts"
Pelham Heath Inn
On Pelham Parkway
Considered New York's Most Beautiful Inn
Delightful for Luncheons and Afternoon Teas
Special Music—Dancing
Harry J. Susskind
Proprietor.

Leases Are Not Required
—BUT—
REFERENCES ARE.
Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
With or without kitchens. Maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included.
In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
RESTAURANT OF QUALITY.
Hotel Schuyler Arms,
307-311 West 98th St.
Subway to 96th. Two Blocks Up and One Block West.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, brown, burgundy, plum, and taupe. Mr. Shapiro, Madison Square 3564.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for quantity of Juilliard's, Style 110, and all colors. A 168 Times.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black, navy, brown, and taupe; 40 inches wide. Madison Square 1503.

COATS and suits wanted; better garments, any quantity; spot cash. Farragut 5154.

CREPE DE CHINE and Georgine Wanted.—Open for large quantity in white and flesh. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137-139 West 26th St.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard Fall shades, any quantity, for cash. Telephone Greeley 2197.

DELHI CLOTH Wanted.—Chase's, in all shades; will pay good price. A 109 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders serge, silk, jerseys, velvet dresses. Twelfth floor, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted, satins, serges, Jerseys, any quantity; spot cash. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, silk, and jersey only; spot cash. Farragut 3086.

FELT, all shades and all grades in quantity, wanted for cash. Stern, 149 West 36th St. Telephone Greeley 2906.

GABARDINES, Poirets, Tricotines, Velours, Serges, and Other Spring Materials Wanted.—On terms. Scheer & Meyer, Mad. Sq. 2967.

KERAMI Wanted for cash. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

KHAKI Wanted.—Nine ounce; 60 per cent. wool test. Phone John 5422.

KHAKI Wanted.—Cotton, suitable for overalls. Phone John 5422.

LINFLAX and other materials wanted for middies and smocks; quantities no object; cash. Freedman & Ehrlich, 5 West 18th.

PECO PLUSH Wanted.—50 pieces; will pay C. O. D. Call Gramercy 6040.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—60610 or 06077, in black and brown; also S. B. G. L. navy; quote best prices for cash. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1133 Broadway.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Will buy 500 pieces. M. Jaffe & Co., 44 West 28th St.

POIRET TWILL wanted, quantity; also 11433, 0036, 4718. Farragut 5709.

RAINCOATS Wanted.—Will pay cash for large lot of first-class children's, men's, and women's raincoats. L. L., 298 Times Downtown.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, navy only, $2.45; 7120 at $2.20, 54280 at $2.12½; W. F. X.—S. B. G. L. Mr. Shapiro, Madison Sq. 3564.

SERGES, Velours, Gabardines, Poirets, Tricotines Wanted.—Spring shades; on terms. Mad. Sq. 2967. Scheer & Meyer.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 navy; also 0360 reindeer, navy, and silvertone. Gramercy 6174.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433; open for quantity. Casper Davis, 33 West 34th.

SILVERTONES, H. & L., for cash; brown, oxford, pekin; also velours. Call up Madison Square 5153.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Holden Leonards, Bochmans, or Reads; all colors. Phone Mad. Sq. 3347.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Will buy or exchange Pekin and reindeer. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors and makes duvet de laine. Pasternack, 519 6th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Pekin, reindeer broadcloth, botany and navy, 315. Chelsea 9513.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonard, or Arthur Joel. Alex. Cohen, 34 East 10th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Brown, taupe, Joffre, reindeer; best cash price. B 343 Times.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors. Charles Fleischman, Murray Hill 1080.

SILVERTONE wanted, all colors. Madison Square 9056.

SILVERTONE wanted, all colors. Gottlieb & Laikind, 38 West 21st St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All makes, all shades. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—1 brown, 1 navy; also velveteens, navy. Call Mad. Sq. 4218.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades. Call Farragut 9805.

SUITS, dresses, skirts, coats wanted, Spring and Fall. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

TRICO KNITS Wanted. — American 06062. Phone Greeley 5980.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—8057 F. & H. or any other good make. Vanderbilt 3950.

TROUSERS, knee pants, boys' suits wanted; John, cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for several pieces Frederick T. Lawrence's Style 731-9. Call Farragut 2624.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 or similar, all shades; terms. Posner Marinace, Madison Square 2698.

VELOURS wanted, 0360, brown, reindeer and navy. Gottlieb & Lackind, 38 West 21st St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy 0360 navy and black or exchange for colors. Farragut 5173.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360, all colors; must be reasonable. M. Bernstein, 302 5th Av.

VELOUR Wanted. — American Deihi, all shades. Call Farragut 3250.

VELVEENS Wanted.—100 pieces 27-inch and 24-inch worsted dyed twill back velveteen. Call mornings only. Bernstein, 19 West 24th.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Single and half pieces, Spring weights; spot cash. Farragut 408.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH, Botany and F. & H.; also Duvet De Laine and velours. Farr. 5759.

COATS.—300 velour coats, snappy models, big sacrifice. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COTTON SKIRTING, novelty diagonal, satin finish, all white; 1802; below market price; 40 pieces. Chelsea 5294.

CRYSTAL CORDS.—All shades. Z 284 Times Annex.

DRESSES.—The very newest jersey tricolette serge and satin dresses, colors and sizes; immediate delivery. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Special offering in snappy-styled serge dresses at $4.75 up. Kirschner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Have 500 latest model serge, satins, and Georgette to close out. Stagg 5163.

INTERLINING.—Double linette, 20 bales; reasonable price. Call Gramercy 6046.

MOLE STRIP.—One hundred yards Sidney Blumenthal mole strip; seven strips to a yard; to be sold at a very low price. Z 277 Times Annex.

POPLINS—90610, 06077, $2.75 net cash; 767, 764, $2.25 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 8311, 8312.

POPLINS.—Serges, velours, oxfords, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av. Mad. Sq. 292.

SATIN.—180 pieces 36 Farmer's satin, 45c net. Gramercy 5120.

SERGES.—For sale, 3678 navy serge, twenty pieces; 767 navy, twenty pieces; 104 navy, four pieces; 528 black, four pieces; 7120 navy, twenty pieces; 1464 navy, five pieces, and four pieces black. Give best offer. Stylefit Skirt Co., 923 Washington Av., St. Louis, Mo.

SERGES.—11433, $2.42½; 54280, $2.22½; 7120, $2.22½; 94, $2.00; cash. 4763 Vanderbilt.

SERGES, American, poplins; also 11433, 0036; 838, 3070. Farragut 5750.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $2.25 up; also silk stripes, plaids in satins and taffetas; wonderful values; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

SILVERTONES.—Bachman, brown, taupe, burgundy, &c.; burgundy Duvet, $3.50. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES.—Garfield's, all colors, at $4.25 net; coating weight. Telephone Greeley 3877.

SNAP FASTENERS.—All sizes, best quality, interesting prices. Phone Broad 4057.

SUITS AND COATS of the better grade for immediate delivery at lowest prices. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

VELOURS.—Stevens 4281, Americans 0360; $3 net cash. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

VELOURS, F. & H. and Botany; also Duvet De Laine. Farragut 6759.

VELOURS.—F. & H., $3.50; Stevens 6094, $5. Madison Square 1520.

ZIBELINES, Strook's, for sale below market price; in all colors. Telephone Farragut 3340.

Allied Industries.

NEEDLES Wanted.—Hand sewing, any quantity, quality, brand, size. Phone Hanover 972.

PLANT of 14 machines for sale, fully equipped for immediate use. C. N. 187 Times.

Help Wanted.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, and dictaphone operator, for knit goods house; good salary for able service. Room 702, 377 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....6 per cent. for the best names
Thursday.....6 " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

More Trade Disputes Settled.

The Board of Arbitration of the United Waist League of America, which a short time ago established a new record for the prompt settlement of business disputes when it rendered a satisfactory decision in about twenty-five minutes, was called on yesterday to settle two arguments that had arisen between waist manufacturers and certain silk mills. In the first case, in which the value of the goods involved exceeded $10,000, the decision of the board favored the mills. The waist manufacturer was the successful participant in the second dispute, which concerned more than $3,000 worth of silks. In each instance the interested concerns agreed that the verdict was fair.

More Millinery Novelties Out.

Novelties in millinery are numerous here this season. Among the newest things on the market are hats combining Scotch mixture felt with beaver in attractive styles for semi-sports wear. They are made for the better class trade. Some of these hats have taffeta facings, while others have flanges on the under brims. The shapes include mushrooms, rolled brim sailors, short back pokes and large effects with drooping brims. The trimmings include satin or grosgrain ribbon bands and bows, with an occasional use of small silver buttons or bone buckles. The principal colors are purple, navy, sand, taupe, brown and black.

Gray Goods Sales Light.

Trading was light in the local gray goods market yesterday. With the approach of the meeting at Washington out of which will come the differentials for the last quarter of the year, and which will be held on next Tuesday, first hands were less inclined than ever to trade at current maximums. Second hands also were said to be firmer in their price views, apparently feeling that if mill prices are advanced for the October-December period, there will be a corresponding rise in the resale value of the goods. For immediate delivery, however, there were reports of second-hand business having been done on 39-inch 68-72s at 20½ cents, and on 38½-inch 64-60s at 18 cents. A fairly wide inquiry for bag sheetings was reported, but little actual business resulted. The trading done in special weaves was barely fair.

Waists of All Colors.

Perhaps never before at any one time has there been such a great variety of colors wanted in waists for women. It is said by local manufacturers that buyers now in town looking for late or additional supplies are ordering wide assortments in the way of colors and design, instead of, as ordinarily, sticking to just a few of those shades which have sold best. The reason given for this is that all colors have sold well in the early business over the retail counter. Both light and dark shades of blue, green, mustard, gray, and pink are sought, and combinations of these are popular. There is quite an array of trimming seen on the later Fall models, including such devices as laid-on braids, wood beads, &c., in floral as well as geometric designs.

Insurance of Men in Service.

An important meeting of the Executive Committee of the American Millinery Trades War Relief will be held late Monday afternoon in an endeavor to straighten out a tangle which has come up in regard to the payment of premiums on the Government insurance that is being furnished gratis by the organization to the men from the millinery trades who are now in the national service. Each man who wants it is insured for $2,000 without cost, and the organization now has 390 men on its rolls who are benefiting in this way. The original plan was to pay the premiums to the Treasury Department in a lump sum and have them applied by Government officials. Since that time, however, a ruling has been made that no third party can pay a soldier's or sailor's insurance. This necessitates a change in the organization's plans, and the problem now before it is either to devise some way of sending quarterly checks to the men themselves to pay the premiums, or to have the chief beneficiary of the policy given the premium money for the same purpose.

Late Fall Styles in Frocks.

There are several quite striking features in the latest semi-formal afternoon frocks for Fall now being shown. In accordance with the spirit of the times, most of these dresses have been designed for practical wear, although they are attractive as well. The long skirt effect which came out earlier in the season has been accentuated, and the narrow bottom has been made, if anything, a trifle narrower. A popular means of decoration is to have five or six tiers of heavy ribbons going around the skirt, the first tier at the bottom, the rest placed at equal intervals and reaching up almost to the knees.

Fall Negligees Selling.

Business in fine negligees for women has been active so far during the Fall season, and many manufacturers report that they are piling up a very substantial volume of business. Quite a few rich and gay colors are seen in the newer models. Buyers are said to be particularly partial to coral, soft, pale blue, and cream. On cream colored garments a great deal of silver embroidery, some of it very heavy, is used. Ribbons and fine laces are much in evidence as trimming, and many have a large silk cord to draw them in at the waistline. Both one and two piece garments are in demand.

Good Separate Skirt Trade.

Fall trade in separate skirts, contrary to the predictions made in some quarters not so long ago, has been and continues to be very good. Standard woolen fabrics are selling in the plainer models made more especially for practical wear, while in some of the other models designed for sports purposes there are quite a number of novelty weaves in demand. Silks, chiefly satins, are the leaders in the dressy models, and in some quarters it is said that business of this sort has been better than during this same period last year. Rather dark but very rich colors, such as taupe, brown, a bluish gray and one or two others, have been most widely sought. In the dressy models, however, black continues to be the leader.

Cotton Goods Bids Opened.

There were only three bids to be opened yesterday in response to the call from the Quartermaster's Department for 15,000,000 yards of 44-40 cotton goods in any widths from twenty-eight to thirty-six inches, the cloth to be proportionate to thirty-eight-inch 8.20 plain cloth. The total offered in the three bids received was 4,970,000 yards. Lawrence & Co. offered 1,000,000 yards of the desired construction in twenty-eight-inch widths at 7 11-16 cents, but because this bid was conditioned on future labor costs it may have to be thrown out. T. J. Hall was 1-80 of a cent under one from Watts Stebbins & Co. for 420,000 yards of the same width at 7.7 cents. J. Osborn, Chairman of the Fall River Manufacturers' Association, submitted the following bid: 750,000 yards, twenty-eight inches wide, 7 11-16 cents; 1,500,000 yards, thirty-two inches wide, 8 11-12 cents; 1,800,000 yards, thirty-six inches wide, 9⅞ cents.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

BILTWELL HAT WORKS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Hoffman, William Hoffman, and Samuel Merzon, who did business as the Biltwell Hat Works at 25 West Houston Street, by Moe Turman, a creditor for $1,000. Judge Hough appointed Matthew A. Henkel receiver. Liabilities are $15,000 and no assets.

SEGER & GROSS.—Petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by these creditors: Simon Albert, $432; Mossow Brothers, $171, and Arthur J. Rieser, $171. Liabilities are $10,000 and assets $2,500.

BARTLETT-YATES INSULATION COMPANY of 149 Church Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,729 and assets of $1,827, consisting of stock, $600; fixtures, $100; accounts, $1,030, and cash in bank, $97. H. N. Bartlett is President.

JACOB ROTHBARD, manufacturer of waists at 65 Fourth Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $2,338 and assets of $1,382, consisting of stock, $100; fixtures, $800; accounts, $382, and cash in bank, $100.

JACOB BANKET, grocer at 57 Lenox Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $7,383 and assets consisting of a farm at Glen Wild, Sullivan County, valued unknown, mortgaged for $4,200, and $235 cash from proceeds of sale of business assets by the assignee.

FISS, DOERR & CARROLL HORSE COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Samuel J. Goldsmith receiver in bond of $25,000, and authorized him to continue business for thirty days, on application of Olcott, Bonynge, McManus & Ernst. It was stated that the current liabilities are $110,000 and contingent liabilities $161,000 on notes of third person indorsed by the company, and discounted by the company. Good assets are estimated at $60,000, consisting of cash, accounts, merchandise, &c.

ISIDORE KLAMAN, grocer of 622 East Eleventh Street.—Judge Mayer has appointed George R. Hall receiver.

NORMAN GOTTEHRER, grocer at 1,848 Seventh Av.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Sept. 13 against him with creditors at 60 cents on the dollar.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 180 business failures in the United States during the week, against 196 for the previous week, and 228, 301, 320, and 366 for the corresponding weeks of 1917 to 1914. The New England States had 14; Middle States, 18; Southern, 25; Northwestern, 14; Southern, 5%, and Far Western, 14. Canada had 15, against 11 for the previous week. About 86 per cent. of the failures had less than $5,000 capital and 10 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Avit, Adolph. (Avit Electric Motor Repair Shop)—R. L. Polk & Co. $145.25
Barr & Hayfield—Alexander Holden Paper Co. 171.24
Connolly, James F.—E. Wies 171.90
Cecily, Morris and William—I. Brill 200.44
De Bobula, Titus—Hayek Bros. & Co. 468.50
Edelstein, Annie K.—H. Lebow 557.57
Friedman Contracting Co.—C. J. Weinert 441.66
Franklin, Julian—Sterling Holding Corp. 1,021.00
Greenberg, Nathan and Bertha—Grand Lodge of the I. S. of the Independent Order of the Free Sons of Israel 8,974.57
Hanley, John A.—Merchants National Bank 559.89
Kaplan, Wm.—I. O. Schiff 400.71
Kuchenbauer, Louis—Wilson & Co. 164.51
Lipkin, Abraham—O. Rose 335.24
Panama Finishing & Renovating Co.—H. A. Bakoff 1,000.72
Rose, Samuel E.—J. H. Tooker Printing Co. 1,576.39
Dpannheke, Otto L.—P. Klahr 269.46
Ross, Louis—M. A. Barney et al. 261.70
Shedlinsky, Harris—S. S. Pollick 716.45
Scheer, Dora J.—Colonial Bank 845.52
Schlemerl, Leonardo—Kips Bay Brewing & Malting Co. 2,247.30
Webster, John, and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. 300.00
Wocheler, Charles—J. Haberman 111.91

In Bronx County.

Ford, William J.—Travelers Insurance Co. $80.57
Gscheidle, Fred H.—M. Schwartz 170.20
Johnson, Arvid—Travelers Insurance Co. 118.02
Murphy, Thomas and Anne—D. Dugan 40.72
Romano, Joseph and Andrew—H. Nagin et al. 43.94

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Carter Construction Co.—W. H. Townsend, Aug. 19, 1918 ..... $53,133.98
Jaros, Samuel—E. Tausig, Sept. 11, 1918 ..... 351.21
Traub, Louis, and Herman Ginsberg—S. Aigase et al., Sept. 10, 1918 ..... 220.70
Candler Holding Corp.—B. B. Bosworth, Dec. 10, 1917 ..... 406.90
City of N. Y.—Alexander Pelli & Co., July 9, 1918 ..... 2,650.40
Same—Union News Co., Jan. 1, 1915 ..... 106.05
Same—same, Jan. 29, 1918 ..... 158.61
Same—A. H. Masten, June 22, 1915 ..... 104.24
City of N. Y. and Board of Education—T. A. Clarke, Jan. 16, 1917 ..... 3,719.54

In Bronx County.

Farrelly, Mary E.—G. J. Wacker et al., June 8, 1916 ..... $309.72

Opening Sale, Season 1918-19
Sale Session—TODAY (Saturday) at 2:30 P. M.
PLAZA ART ROOMS, Inc.
5-7 East 59th St.
(Near 5th Av.)
Edward P. O'Reilly, Auctioneer.
We have been Instructed TO SELL AT AUCTION,
By order of
JOHN McCORMICK, Esq.
of this city,
ADMINISTRATOR,
And Other Private Consignors,
A Magnificent Collection of ARTISTIC AND USEFUL
FURNISHINGS
From Both City and Suburban Homes
Included in this Collection are Valuable and High Class Suites for the Living Room, Bedroom, Dining Room, Library and Boudoir; Chinese Rugs, Marbles, Bronzes, Porcelains, Glassware, &c. Also a small but choice consignment of jewelry and silverware, including 3 DIAMOND COLLARS.
Now on view. Catalogue on application.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, September 20, 1918.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 427, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., October 4, 1918, for furnishing and erecting portable school buildings at the locations within the District of Columbia designated by the Board of Education. Blank forms of proposal, plans, specifications, and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications. Louis Brownlow, John G. D. Knight, W. Gwynn Gardiner, Commissioners, D. C.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock Noon on October 2, 1918, for furnishing 500,000 Grey Duck Feather Pillows. Specifications and Proposal Blanks may be obtained from the Depot Quartermaster or at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Pillows" and addressed to the Manufacturing Branch, Clothing & Equipage Division, 100 East 16th Street, New York City.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, 109 East 16th St., New York. Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at the above office until 3 P. M., Sept. 26, 1918, for manufacturing White Duck Coats and White Duck Trousers. Samples may be seen and specifications and new proposal blanks obtained at the office of the Depot Quartermaster, or at 109 East 16th St., New York, N. Y.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing 300,000 yards 36" 72x76 4.25 Sheeting made of strict to good middling grade of cotton, at least 1 1-16" staple, carefully carded to secure evenness, pieces to be not less than 30 yards in length, material to be free from imperfections as is consistent with a good manufacturing process, for delivery 30,000 yards weekly, beginning the week ending October 5, 1918, will be received here until two o'clock P. M., September 20th, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for 36" 72x76 4.25 Sheeting," and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing & Equipage Division, 100 East 16th Street, New York City.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for furnishing 4,320,000 Cotton Huckaback Bleached Towels, size 18x36, weighing approximately 2.25 pounds per dozen finished, for delivery October, November, and December, 1918, towels to be stenciled in indelible ink M. D. U. S. A. in letters not less than one inch high on each towel, will be received here until 2 o'clock P. M., September 30, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Bailing Paper" and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, 109 East 16th Street, New York City.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for furnishing 1,000,000 Sheets, 36-inch x 50-inch, Bailing Paper, waterproofed, expansive, or otherwise, delivery during October and November, 1918, will be received here until 2 o'clock P. M., September 27, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Bailing Paper" and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, 109 East 16th Street, New York City.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for furnishing 387,000 yards 32-inch 8-ounce Blue Striped Ticking, delivery in September and October, 1918, will be received here until 2 o'clock P. M., September 27, 1918. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Blue Striped Ticking" and addressed to the Cotton Goods Branch, Clothing and Equipage Division, 109 East 16th Street, New York City.

OFFICE OF QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, 109 East 16th St., New York City.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received here until 11 A. M., October 1st, 1918, for manufacturing Officers' Uniforms. Specifications and proposal blanks obtain

Following the Advance

Three thousand miles behind our boys in Khaki who are helping to roll back the Hun hordes on Berlin are the vast industrial forces who are sending an uninterrupted stream of supplies.

Turning the wheels of these industries are the essential Public Utility Companies. The investor who purchases the short-term securities of these companies NOW can expect to realize a later advance in price that will come with the advance of our boys on Berlin.

Let us send you our latest Circular TM, describing such an issue to yield

8¾%

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Int'l Motor Truck

COMMON
2ND PREFERRED
1ST PREFERRED
Bought & Sold.

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orjontment."

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GUARANTY COLLATERAL TRUST SECURITIES
Offer an excellent war-time investment for individual investors.
The largest banks and trust companies in the United States and Canada are regular purchasers of these securities. More than $44,000,000 sold to banks to date.
Denominations $1,000 to $10,000; Maturities and Rates attractive.
CONTINENTAL GUARANTY CORPORATION.
Continental Guaranty Building,
Madison Avenue and 38th Street, New York.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company

Under the terms of its Adjustment Mortgage, St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company will on October 1, 1918, pay to the party will on October 1, 1918, pay to the bearers of its Adjustment Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold bonds a semi-annual instalment of interest of 3%, being the interest for the six months ending June 30, 1918, at the maximum rate carried by the Adjustment bonds.
Payment of such interest will be made **at the office of the Company, Room 1836, 120 Broadway, New York,** on presentation and surrender of the proper coupons for such interest, and appropriate ownership certificate.
Coupons maturing prior to October 1st, 1918, must be presented for payment at Bankers Trust Company, as heretofore.
Dated, New York, September 21st, 1918.
ST. LOUIS-SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY COMPANY
By C. W. HILLARD, Treasurer.

St. Louis San Francisco Railway Company

Under the terms of its Income Mortgage, St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Company will on October 1, 1918, pay to the holders of its Income Mortgage 5% Per Cent. Gold Bonds an annual instalment of interest of 5%, being the interest for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, at the maximum rate carried by the Income Bonds.
Payment of such interest will be made **at the office of the Company, Room 1836, 120 Broadway, New York,** on presentation and surrender of coupons numbered 2, 3, being the coupons for such interest, and appropriate ownership certificate.
Coupons maturing prior to October 1st, 1918, must be presented for payment at Continental Trust Company, 30 Broadway, New York, as heretofore.
Dated, New York, September 21st, 1918.
ST. LOUIS-SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY COMPANY
By C. W. HILLARD, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY.

Coupons due Oct. 1, 1918, from the First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Sinking Fund 6% Gold Bonds of this company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Company, 9 Broadway, New York.
For registered interest, checks will be mailed.
H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.
Sept. 13, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.,
July 11, 1918.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, October 9, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:
To authorize, approve and ratify (1) the execution and delivery of a contract or contracts between this Company separately or jointly with any one or more or all of its proprietary and affiliated companies, as party or parties of the first part, and the United States, or its representative, as party of the second part, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation, and the appurtenances, of this Company and of such of its proprietary and affiliated companies, if any, as shall be parties to such contract, and to the operation, maintenance and return of such properties, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over of the said properties by the President of the United States, and (2) any action of the Board of Directors of this Company in respect thereto; to authorize the said Board (1) to alter, amend or add to such contract, (2) to collect the compensation to be paid under such contract, and, if said contract be joint, to agree with the other companies parties thereto as to the division of said compensation, and to take all such other and further action as the said Board shall deem necessary to secure adequate compensation, proper use, operation and maintenance, and a timely return of the properties so taken over; and generally to consider and act upon any and all questions and matters incidental to the purposes aforesaid or growing out of the aforesaid Federal Control of properties of this Company and its proprietary and affiliated companies.
For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, September 24, 1918, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, October 10, 1918.
By order of the Board of Directors.
HUGH NEILL, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
New York City, N. Y., September 20, 1918.
A special meeting of the stockholders of The Poale Zion Publishing Association, Inc., will be held on the 7th day of October, 1918, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of said company, at No. 240 Grand Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, for the purpose of voting on a proposition to reduce its capital stock from three hundred and twenty-five thousand ($325,000) dollars, consisting of thirty-two thousand five hundred (32,500) shares of the par value of ten ($10.00) each to two hundred and sixty thousand ($260,000) dollars, to consist of the twenty-six thousand (26,000) shares of the par value of ten ($10.00) dollars each.
RAHUCH ZUCKERMAN, President.
H. S. EHRENREICH, Secretary.

Keokuk and Des Moines Railway Co.
Des Moines, Ia., September 17, 1918.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of Keokuk and Des Moines Railway Company will be held at the office of the company, in the City of Des Moines, State of Iowa, on the third day of October, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon.
M. L. BELL, President.
WM. LA VENTURE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Generally Firm, but in Little Demand—Foreign Government Bonds Advance.

Most issues on the Stock Exchange benefited by yesterday's very limited dealings, and in a few cases gains running to two points were scored, but the market showed no new trend. The news continues to point to further important victories for the Allies before the closing in of Winter, but securities have not moved noticeably in response to recent successes, and the volume of business shows conclusively that the public is not interested in price movements.

In yesterday's market, in which Steel furnished nearly one-third of the business, there was apparent a slightly better tone for the rails, based on the showing which the companies are now making under the combined influence of higher rates and greater economy of administration, but the gains were limited to fractions. General Motors, bereft of its speculative following, gained 2½ points on a small turnover, while Royal Dutch Petroleum and Worthington Pump each advanced two points. Steel showed a gain of more than a point at one time, but closed with a net advance of ¾. Burns Bros. gained 2½. Texas Co. 1½, and North American 2¼, all on purely technical conditions.

In the bond department the expectation of an early collapse of the war was suggested by a brisk demand for some of the foreign issues which sold off so easily when the enemy was moving on Paris. The City of Paris 6s made a new high for the present movement at 96, with the French municipals a point and a half higher. The French 5½s carrying not only an attractive conversion privilege but the opportunity to profit by election to accept payment in francs at a favorable rate, 5¾ as compared to the current rate of 5½, sold in large blocks at 101, showing at that price a recovery of 7 points from the low of this year, and establishing a new high price. The Liberty issues were firm and little changed.

A report from the recent conference of Southern Senators with the President on the suggestion that cotton be regulated by the Government conveyed to the market for the first time an official intimation that not only will a fixed price be substituted for the erratic fluctuations which have been caused by speculative operations, but that the War Industries Board will direct distribution of the staple. Some such action is inevitable if the mills engaged in making army clothing are to continue to get the necessary yarns at a fair price, and in the opinion of those who have already made considerable progress by way of discounting a fixed price, but prices strengthened yesterday.

TRADING QUIET IN LONDON.

Brisk Demand for Money—Discounts Are Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The demand for money continued brisk today and discounts were steady.

On the Stock Exchange the trading was quiet, with irregular profit-taking, and there was some easing in consols, mines, and Russian oil. Other shares were steady.

British rails hardened on the settlement of the labor dispute. Argentine securities were heavy, while Mexicans were in better demand.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLATLS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High	6½
Low	6½
Renewals	6½
Last	6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATLS	ALL INDUSTRIALS
Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6
Four months	6
Five months	6
Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for retirement with Reserve	
Bank, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5¼@5¾

Commercial Paper.
Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.48⅛	5.48⅛	5.48⅛	..
Cables	5.47⅛	5.47⅛	5.47⅛	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.75⅝	5.47⅛
5.1826 Paris	5.48⅛	5.47⅛
China—		
Hongkong	91.50	91.75
Peking	145.50	145.75
Shanghai	145.50	145.75
19.50 Greece	19.45	19.50
40.20 Holland	48.125	48.025
32.44 Indi.—		
Bombay	35.4⅜	*35.7⅜
Calcutta	35.4⅜	*35.7⅜
5.1826 Italy	6.37	6.35
Japan—		
Kobe	54.75	54.875
Yokohama	54.75	54.875
19.30 Spain	22.80	22.95
50.09 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	33.00	33.50
Copenhagen	29.75	30.15
Christiania	30.60	31.10
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
24.42 Rio	23.85	24.00
5.1826 Switzerland	4.49	4.47
51.46 Russia—	Bid.	Asked.
Petrograd 100 rubles	12.50	12.75
500 rubles	12.40	12.60

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72⅜	$4.71⅞	$4.72⅜	$4.70⅛

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $375,209,389; balances, $38,493,227; United States Treasury debit balance, $2,583,556; Federal Reserve credit balance, $32,004,373.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.3125 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49½d, official; in New York, $1.01⅜, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Receipts and expendi ures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$7,841,200	$37,854,986
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	16,960,215	545,252,258
Miscellaneous	36,716,939	246,401,128
Miscellaneous revenue	9,856,405	54,476,216
Total receipts	$81,374,855	$883,984,591
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	605,269,679	2,687,344,320
Excess of tot. rec. & over tot. disb.	180,817,463	316,584,187
Expenditures	786,644,334	3,371,328,971

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	9.70	9.80	9.80	9.90
Antimony	13.5	13.87½	13.75	13.87½
Quic silv	$142.00	....	$125.00	....
Aluminum	*35.00	....	*35.00	....
Iron, No. 2X foundry	....	34.25	....	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Thursday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	122 0 0	122 0 0
Tin, spot	311 10 0	311 10 0
Tin, future	311 10 0	313 10 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	29 10 0	29 10 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 20, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	213,144	641,156	1,520,809
Year to date	93,701,313	136,149,808	130,410,861

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
45	51	100	Adams Express	50	50	50	50	+2
44½	45	100	Advance Rumely pf	45	45	45	45	+1
3⅜	3¾	4,000	Alaska Gold Mines	2⅝	3⅛	2⅝	3⅛	+ 1/8
1⅞	1⅞	4,600	Alaska Juneau	1¾	2⅛	1¾	1⅞	+ 1/4
20½	36⅝	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	30	36	30	30⅝	+ 7/8
83½	84¾	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84¼	84¾	84¼	84¼	+ 1/8
99½	99⅝	600	Am. Agricul. Chem	99	99½	99	99½	+ 1/2
44	44¼	1,400	Am. Can	44	44⅝	44	44	+ 1/8
85	85⅞	1,600	Am. Car & Fdry	85¾	86	85¾	85⅞	+1¼
42	42¾	200	Am. Cotton Oil	42	42⅜	42	42⅜	+ 5/8
78	85	100	Am. Express	79	79	79	79	+ 1/2
78	85	55	Do. odd lot	77½	77¼	77½	77½	..
19⅜	20	100	Am. H. & Leather	20¼	20¾	20	20¾	+ 1/8
88½	89	1,400	Am. H. & L. pf	88⅝	89	88⅝	89	+1¾
27	27⅜	300	Am. Ice	26¾	28	26¾	28	+ 1/8
48½	51	300	Am. Ice pf	49	49	49	49	- 1/8
53⅝	53⅞	900	Am. International	54	54¾	53⅝	53⅞	- 1/8
41	41½	100	Am. Linseed	41⅜	41⅝	41⅜	41⅜	- 1/8
77	78	300	Am. Linseed pf	77¼	77½	77	77	+ 1/4
6⅞	6⅞	400	Am. Locomotive	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	+ 1/8
3¾	4	400	Am. Malting	4	4	4	4	+ 1/8
77¼	77¾	800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	77⅝	78	77⅝	77⅝	+ 1/8
80⅝	81¼	1,900	Am. Steel Foundries	78⅝	81¼	78⅝	80½	+1¾
107¾	108¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref	107⅞	108	107⅞	107⅞	+ 1/4
108	109½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	109	109	109	109	..
111⅜	112¼	3,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	112	113⅜	112	112	- 1/8
96⅝	97¼	800	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	97¼	97⅞	96⅞	96⅞	- 5/8
54¼	55¼	100	Am. Woolen	54½	54¾	54¼	54¼	..
15	16¾	200	Am. Zinc	16	16	16	16	+ 1/4
61⅜	67⅝	3,300	Anaconda Copper	67¼	67⅝	67¼	67½	+ 1/4
82⅝	86	100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	86	86	86	86	+ 1/8
81	82	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	81	81⅛	81	81⅛	+ 1/8
8	9	100	At., Birm. & At.	9	9	9	9	..
104½	105	700	At., Gulf & West I	103⅝	105⅜	104¼	105⅜	+1
88¾	89⅜	5,700	Baldwin Loco	87⅝	88⅝	87⅝	88⅝	+ 1/4
53⅝	54⅛	100	Baltimore & Ohio	53⅝	53⅞	53⅜	53⅞	+ 1/4
93⅜	94½	600	Barrett Co	93	93⅝	93	93⅝	+ 1/4
1¼	1⅝	400	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	..
81⅜	82¼	6,400	Beth. Steel, class B	81⅝	82½	81⅝	81⅝	+ 5/8
102	103½	300	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	103	103	103	103	..
38½	39⅜	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝	+ 1/8
149½	150	3,500	Burns Brothers	148	150	148	150	+2¾
..	..	100	Butte & Superior	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ 1/4
162⅜	163¼	1,600	Canadian Pacific	162½	163⅝	162⅝	162⅞	+ 1/4
68	68⅛	700	Central Leather Co	68	68	67⅝	67⅝	+ 1/4
33	33⅝	100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	+ 1/4
49⅝	49⅝	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	49⅜	49½	49¼	49⅜	+ 1/8
77	77⅜	400	Chi. M. & St. P. pf	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	+ 1/8
94	94½	200	Chi. & Northwest	94	94	94	94	+ 1/8
69⅝	72	100	Chi. Pneumat. Tool	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	+ 1/8
25	27⅜	2,900	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	25	27⅛	25	25¼	+ 1/8
77	78	400	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf	77¼	77½	77¼	77½	+ 1/2
38⅝	39	400	China Copper	39⅛	39⅜	39	39	+ 1/8
88½	89	200	Chino Copper	88½	89	88½	89	+1
46	46⅝	500	Ccl. Fuel & Iron	46	46⅝	46	46½	+1
67¼	67⅝	100	Continental Can x d	67½	67⅝	67½	67¾	+2¼
70	72	100	Continental Insur	70	70	70	70	+ 1/2
42¼	42⅝	1,100	Corn Products Ref	42¼	42⅝	42¼	42¼	+ 1/8
64½	65	1,500	Crucible Steel	64½	65⅜	64½	65	+ 3/4
90	91	100	Crucible Steel pf	90	90	90	90	- 1/4
29⅜	30	200	Cuba Cane Sugar	29⅜	30	29⅜	30	- 1/4
9¼	9¾	200	Cuba Co	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	..
104	104	10	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	104	104	104	104	..
53¾	54	2,800	Detroit Edison Co	53¾	54	53¾	53¾	+ 1/8
89	91	1,000	Distillers' Secur	89	91	89	91	+ 1/8
15⅜	15⅝	300	Dome Mines	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ 1/8
30½	31¼	400	Erie	31	31⅛	31	31⅛	+ 1/4
28⅞	29	1,200	Erie 1st pf	28⅞	29	28⅞	28⅞	+ 1/8
180	180	100	Gaston, W. & W	180	180	180	180	+ 1/4
147	147	100	General Chemical	147	147	147	147	+ 1/2
115	116	100	General Electric	115	116	115	116	+ 1/2
78¾	78¾	1,100	General Motors	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	..
89½	89½	800	General Motors pf	89½	89½	89¼	89¼	+ 3/4
30⅜	31½	2,100	General Motors, New	30⅜	31½	30⅜	31¼	+ 3/4
77⅛	77½	625	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	77⅛	77½	76¾	76¾	- 1/4
99½	99⅝	200	Gulf States Steel	99½	99⅝	99½	99½	+1½
94½	96¾	300	Gulf S. S. 1st pf	95	95	95	95	- 1/2
..	..	100	Illinois Central	185	185	185	185	..
53½	53½	4	Ingersoll Rand	53½	53½	53¼	53¼	- 1/4
68	68	600	Inspiration Copper	68	68	67¾	67¾	- 1/8
16	16	700	Interboro Consol	16	16	16	16	..
125	126¾	100	Int. Agricultural	125	126¾	125	126¾	+1⅝
106	106	1,000	Int. Harvester, N.J.	106	106	106	106	..
62¾	63	100	Int. Harv., N.J., pf	62¾	63	62¾	62¾	+ 1/8
278	278	1,000	Int. Harvester Corp	278	278	278	278	+ 1/8
102⅜	103⅛	16,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf	102⅜	103⅛	102⅜	103⅛	+ 1/8
30⅜	30⅝	3,400	Int. Nickel	29⅞	30⅜	29⅞	30	+ 1/8
33⅜	33⅝	800	Kennecott Copper	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33⅜	+ 1/8
81	82	300	Lackawanna Steel	81	81	81	81	- 1/8
167	169⅝	100	Liggett & Myers	167	169⅝	167	169⅝	+1⅜
102	103	150	Liggett & Myers pf	103	103	103	103	+ 1/8
27½	27½	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	27½	27½	27½	27½	..
146	146	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	146	146	146	146	..
27	27	300	Maxwell Motors	27	27	26¾	26¾	- 1/4
21⅞	21⅞	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	+1⅛
104⅞	104⅞	12,500	Mexican Petroleum	104⅛	104⅞	103⅞	104⅝	+ 3/4
28	28	100	Miami Copper	28	28	28	28	..
51½	52	1,900	Midvale Steel	51½	52	51½	51⅞	+ 1/4
9	9¼	400	Minn. & St. L. new	9¼	9¼	9	9	- 1/4
24	24	1,000	Missouri Pacific	23¾	24	23¾	24	..
16⅝	17¼	600	Nat. Cond. & Cable	16⅝	17¼	16⅝	17¼	+1
50½	51	100	Nat. Enam. & Stmp	50½	51	50½	50⅝	- 3/8
20⅛	20⅝	200	Nevada Consol. Cop	20⅛	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝	+ 1/2
73⅝	73⅝	100	N. Y. Central Cop	73⅝	73⅝	73	73	..
39½	39⅝	1,000	N. Y., N. H. & H	39½	39⅝	39½	39⅝	+ 1/2
100	100	100	Norfolk & Western	100	100	100	100	..
86	90	200	North American	86	90	86	90	+3
13⅝	13⅝	700	Northern Pacific	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	..
19⅛	20	100	Ohio Cities Gas	19⅛	20	19⅛	19⅝	+ 1/2
11¼	11¾	1,100	Ontario Mining x d	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾	+ 1/2
27	27	1,000	Pacific Mail	27	27	27	27	- 1/8
81¼	82	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	81¼	82	81¼	81¼	- 1/8
44	44	400	Penn. R. R	44	44	44	44	..
43½	44½	400	People's Gas, Chi	43½	44½	43½	44½	+ 1/4
12⅜	12⅜	100	Pere Marquette	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+ 1/4
27½	27½	300	Philadelphia Co	27½	27½	27½	27½	..
16⅞	17	2,400	Pierce Oil	16⅞	17	16⅞	16⅞	- 1/4
34⅜	34⅝	500	Pitts. & West Va	34⅜	34⅝	34½	34⅝	+ 1/8
18	18	100	Pond Creek Coal	18	18	18	18	- 1/8
69	69	600	Pressed Steel Car	69	69	69	69	+ 1/4
67	67	1,400	Railway Steel Sp	67	67	66⅞	66⅞	..
23¾	23¾	300	Ray Con. Copper	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+ 1/4
87½	88	3,500	Reading	87½	88	87⅜	87⅝	+ 1/2
90	90⅝	86	Rep. Iron & Steel	90	90⅝	90	90½	+ 1/2
86	90	3,400	Republic I. & S. pf	86	90	86	90	+3
19⅛	20	700	Royal Dutch N Y	19⅛	20	19⅛	20	..
11¼	11½	200	Do., rights	11¼	11½	10½	10½	- 1/8
27	27	1,000	St. Louis-San Fran	27	27	27	27	-1
84	84	100	St. L.-San F. pf	84	84	84	84	..
20⅜	20⅜	200	Seaboard Air Line	20⅜	20⅜	20⅛	20½	+ 3/4
31⅜	31⅜	600	Seab. Air Line pf	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	+ 1/4
60½	60½	200	Shell Un. Oil Refin	60½	60½	60½	60½	- 1/2
68	68	500	Sloss-S. Steel & I	68	68	67¾	67¾	+ 1/4
85⅞	86	500	Southern Pacific	85⅞	86	85⅞	85⅞	+ 1/8
26⅞	26⅞	1,100	Southern Railway	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	+ 1/8
66⅜	66⅜	100	Southern Ry. pf	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜	66⅜	- 1/8
17⅞	18	100	Tenn. C. & I	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞	+ 1/8
161	162	161	Texas Co	161	162	161	161⅞	+1½
161	161	2,000	Texas Co., seller 7	161	161	160½	161	..
153¼	154	300	Third Avenue	153¼	154	153¼	153¼	- 1/4
66	66⅜	66	Tobacco Products	66	66⅜	66	66⅜	+ 1/8
124⅛	124½	1,200	Union Pacific	124⅛	124½	123⅞	124⅛	+ 1/4
37½	37½	100	Union Bag & Paper	37½	37½	37½	37½	+ 1/8
100⅞	100⅞	400	United Cigar Stores	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	+ 1/4
115	115	200	U. S. Indus. Alco	115	115	113	113	- 1/4
60	60	200	U. S. Rubber	60	60	60	60	- 1/4
102⅞	102⅞	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102⅞	102⅞	102½	102½	- 1/4
109½	110½	200	U. S. Steel	109½	110½	109½	110	+ 1/2
110⅞	110⅞	66,400	U. S. Steel pf	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	+ 1/2
81¼	81¼	200	Utah Copper	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	+ 1/2
53¼	53¼	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	- 1/8
18½	18½	600	Western Pacific	18½	18½	18½	18½	- 1/8
43⅜	43⅜	100	Westingh. E. & M	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	+ 1/8
88	88	400	Wheeling & L. E	88	88	88	88	- 1/8
19⅝	19⅝	100	Wheeling & L. E. pf	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+ 3/4
80½	80½	500	Willys-Overland	80½	80½	80½	80½	+ 1/4
63	63⅛	200	Willys-Ov. pf. x d	63	63⅛	63	64½	- 1/2
66	66	100	Worthington Pump	66	66	66	66	-1½
66⅜	66⅜	100	Worth. P. pf. B x d	..	..	..	..	..

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15 '20	96¾	97	8.50
Hon. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	97¼	97½	7.65
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	96⅝	97¼	6.10
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1922	101	102	5.50
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.60
Russ'n Gov.	6½	June, 1919	58	60	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	52	55	..
Do rubles.	5½	Feb. 14 '20	$121	$131	4.50
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	100¼	101	

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100¼	6.90
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	97¾	97⅞	7.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99½	99⅝	6.75
Am. T. & T.	4	Aug., 1921	90	95	8.00
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	99¼	99½	5.15
Ark. Val. Ry.					
L. & P.	6	July, 1919	97	97½	8.00
B. & O. R. R.	6	July, 1919	98¼	98½	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15 '19	100⅜	100⅝	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15 '20	100¼	100⅝	6.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15 '21	100¼	100⅝	7.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15 '22	98½	98⅝	7.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15 '23	98¼	98⅝	7.25
C.

PRESIDENT TO FIX PRICE FOR COTTON

Told Southern Legislators That Government Will Control Distribution of the Staple.

TO CO-OPERATE WITH ALLIES

British and French Commissions Will Aid in Plan to Control the World's Supply.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—President Wilson will fix the price of cotton, placing the last of the principal commodities necessary in the prosecution of the war under governmental regulation, despite strong pressure from the Southern States. In addition to determining the price, the Government will take over control of the distribution of this year's crop.

The decision of the President, which was announced at a conference this week with Senators and Representatives from the cotton States, became known today. Plans to carry out the decision are said to be under way.

Agitation for the fixing of a price for cotton has been prevalent for some time, owing to the rapidly mounting cost of cotton products and the belief in many quarters that the staple should be placed on the same basis as wheat and other essentials. The principal factor in the action of the President is understood to have been the shortage in the present crop, estimated at between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 bales.

The price to be named by the President and the means of controlling distribution have not been decided upon. Before price fixing was first mentioned, cotton sold at 38 cents a pound. Secretary Houston, it is said, has recommended that 25 cents would be fair. Southern Senators have declared that, because of the increased cost of production, a figure above 30 cents should be named.

In determining a plan for controlling distribution it is understood the President is endeavoring to work out a method of co-operation with the British and French Governments. As the needs of these two Governments and of the United States represent more than 50 per cent. of the crop produced, it has been pointed out that a price could readily be fixed which would control the world market. Commissions have been appointed by the British and French Governments which buy not only for their own Governments but for the private spinners at prices fixed by those commissions. Both commissions are now co-operating with the President in this matter.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of trade and the business of the banks, Dun's Review says:

Noteworthy outputs are still being attained in the leading industries, but the dearth of experienced labor renders capacity operations impracticable at many establishments, and manufacturers are more than ever inclined to turn aside orders from commercial sources that threaten to interfere with needs of a more imperative character. With the resultant depletion of the supplies available for civilian uses, a full measure of growth in ordinary trade is not possible, and the record bank clearings at many centres must be considered in the light of the extraordinary commodity prices. That the extreme living costs have curtailed consumptive buying there are plain indications, and economy in personal expenditures is also being practiced from patriotic motives.

Very heavy bank clearings continue the rule at all leading centres the total this week at the principal cities in the United States amounting to $5,537,332,819, an increase of 8.8 per cent. as compared with this week last year and of 11.9 per cent. over the same week in 1916.

Bradstreet's says:

Seasonable weather over a wide area, but more particularly in the West, has helped retail trade, and incidentally some of the Southern centres report that department stores are crowded with shoppers. Buying for the forthcoming holidays is being urged, and, as wages for all industrial workers, as well as employment for women, were never better, depressive features resulting from the curtailment for warfare are overshadowed. At the same time, additional nonessential lines are being restricted, but adaptable workers thus liberated readily find employment in essential industries.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—Sixteen new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $474,500; were chartered today. They include:

M. Balog, Manhattan, uniforms of all kinds and ladies' waists, $20,000; M. Balog, C. Lask, S. J. Bernstein, 115 West 20th St.

Federal Photo-Plays, Manhattan, $50,000; H. L. Geller, R. Reubens, T. Kearney, 128 Broadway.

Indian River Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Jefferson County, $50,000; G. W. Martin, I. R. McCombs, C. S. Julien, 159 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Henry Sanchez & Co., Manhattan, mercantile, mining const., and make machinery, boats, and airplanes, $20,000; J. and G. De Sagredo, E. and G. Sanchez, 38 Park Row.

Ann Metal Co., Manhattan, deal in old metal and burlap, $10,000; E. and M. E. Theodore, A. Fraucl, 209 Grand St.

Johnson-Hodas, Inc., Queens, auto and garage business, $5,000; C. Johnson, S. and H. E. Hodas, Woodhaven.

Edwin Hat Co., Manhattan, millinery, $5,000; B. and I. M. Billet, N. Wald, 637 6th St.

Eagle Union Line, Brooklyn, transportation, trade and commerce, $250,000; L. Miller, Paul Keller, R. Peller, 1427 President St.

Mocar Motion Picture Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Sulzberger, E. Egan, I. Ensleman, 38 Park Row.

Minerva Chemical Works, Manhattan, $40,000; O. Fischer, F. Borgschulte, H. Mattenhorn, 72 Trinity Place.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

The Procaline Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Walsh Transportation Co., Pleasantville, $9,000 to $25,000.

Gillies Campbell Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

Claire Belle Dresses, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Mesh & Co., Manhattan, state capital from 100 shares, no par value, and $2,500.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Nytanday Letter and Design Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $1,500.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

United West Indies Corp., Delaware, planters and farmers, 10,000 shares common stock no par value, begin business with 10 shares; representative, R. E. Forrest, 50 Broad St.

The Graphoscope Development Co., Inc., Delaware, motion-picture films, 3,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital not given; representative, R. G. Coughlan, 50 East 42d St.

James G. Heggie & Sons, Illinois, manufacturing, contracting, and construction business, $100,000; representative, C. Johnson, Albany.

RENOVATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

Armour & Co., Illinois; new representative, A. H. Van Pelt, 120 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

C. A. Theller & Co., Manhattan.

E. Lippmann & Co., Brooklyn.

Interlocking Toy Block Co., Manhattan.

World Patriots Co., Manhattan.

Louis G. Cronheim & Co., Manhattan.

Miller & Sroene, Rochester.

University Place Realty Corp., Manhattan.

McMann Supply Co., Manhattan.

Best Bros., Manhattan.

I. Budwig, Manhattan.

The Bergen Beach Co., Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Sept. 20.—Charters filed:

Air Craft Motor Corp., $1,225,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong of Wilmington.

Fernwood Coal Co., $200,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, S. C. Seymour of Philadelphia.

Frye-Sweetser Co., $150,000; H. E. Frye, Billings, Mont.; L. H. Sweetser, Buray, Idaho; Bert L. Simms, Lexington, Ky.

Saperil Mfg. Corp., $100,000; John Sallien, Oak Park, Ill.; Karl Fihl, Frank W. Anderson, all of Chicago, Ill.

Yankee Leather Tire Co., $95,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong of Wilmington.

Tavi Products Co., $80,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, F. A. Armstrong of Wilmington.

INCREASE OF CAPITAL.

The Motor Specialties of Arnold, Penn., from $5,000 to $25,000.

COTTON STIMULATED BY FIRMER CABLES

Trading Becomes More Active, Prices Advancing from 27 to 49 Points.

Stimulated by firmer cables from Liverpool, the local cotton market opened yesterday 27 to 49 points higher. There was relatively little talk about price fixing, the announcement of President Wilson's intention not only to fix a price for this year's cotton crop, but also to order Government control of its distribution, not having reached the Exchange until late in the afternoon—too late to have exerted an influence upon quotations.

Right from the start trading was active. The recent declines had strengthened the technical position of the market, and the report of low temperatures over the northern edges of the belt was a factor contributing to the firmer tendency. During the afternoon trading was relatively light in volume, while prices ruled firm. In the advance December contracts, which appeared to be in considerable demand, sold up to 32.55c, or 77 points above the previous day's final quotation. In October there was scattered evening-up, in preparation for the first notice day next Wednesday.

The Watkins Bureau report showed a condition of 55.5 per cent. on Sept. 9, as compared with 56 per cent. on Aug. 24 and 63.9 per cent. on Sept. 9, 1917.

Toward the close the market became extremely quiet. There appeared to be an indifferent support when large offerings were made from Southern quarters and from recent buyers who desired to take profits. Slight declines were scored.

The market closed steady, with December showing a net gain of 65 points for the day, while the net advance for May deliveries amounted to 40 points. October closed 28 points higher and March 32 points higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Sept.	....	....	....	32.60 bid	32.32
Oct.	32.80	33.15	32.60	32.70 bid	32.42
Nov.	32.25	32.20	32.25	32.28 bid	31.98
Dec.	32.10	32.55	32.00	32.13@32.15	31.76
Jan.	31.95	32.35	31.85	31.93@31.94	31.60
Feb.	....	....	....	31.85 bid	31.53
Mar.	31.80	32.25	31.78	31.80 bid	31.48
April	....	....	....	31.75 bid	31.35
May	31.65	32.01	31.65	31.70 bid	31.30
July	31.70	31.72	31.70	31.63 bid	31.25
Aug.	....	....	....	31.23 bid	31.00

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 25 points higher, at 33.95c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 33¾c; New Orleans, 32¾c; Savannah, 32c; Augusta, 32c; Memphis, 33¾c; Houston, 33c; Little Rock, 33½c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Lt. Wk.	Lt. Yr.
Port receipts	20,514	12,803	26,438
Exports	37,270	19,292	19,157
Exports, season	488,028	377,585	568,748
New York stocks	70,372	91,503	64,669
Port stocks	831,722	838,447	557,093
New York arrivals	....	7,758	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet and 50 points lower, at 23.34d for middling and 22.83d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 were American. Imports, 9,000 bales, all American. Futures opened steady, 27 to 31 points lower, and closed steady, 11 to 12 points higher. September, 23.89d; October, 23.35d; November, 23.35d; December, 23.24d; January, 23.12d.

Manchester: Yarn stocks smaller and cloths irregular.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close. Prev.
October	1.53½	1.50½	1.50½	1.54½
November	1.50¼	1.47¼	1.47¼	1.52¼

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 85@85½c; No. 2 white, 85@85½; No. 3 white, 84@85c; No. 4 white, 83½@84c; ordinary clipped, 85½@86½c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Last
September	73½	72¾	73	74¾ 59¾
October	74¾	73¾	73¾	73¾ ..
November	75¾	74½	74¾	74¾ ..

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
Lard—					
October	26.47	26.30	26.40	26.57	23.92
November	26.17	25.90	25.90	26.20	22.92
Ribs—					
October	23.45	23.27	23.32	23.37	25.20
November	23.30	23.15	23.15	23.27	22.90
Pork—					
October	....	....	....	41.00	41.10 43.50
November	41.40	41.10	41.15	41.10	44.25

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Close. Prev.
October	....	....	....	8.65 8.65
November	....	....	....	8.80 8.80
December	....	....	....	8.95 8.95
March	9.25	9.24	9.24	9.35
May	....	....	....	9.42 9.45
July	9.60	9.54	9.60	9.64

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.
October	1.64½	1.63¾	1.63¾
November	1.66¾	1.86	1.66

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 4,682 packages. No relief has come as yet. Supplies of fresh table grades are very short, and prices were further advanced, with a strong feeling at the close. The firmness extends to practically all grades, though the top qualities of creamery show the most strength. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 59½@60c; extras, 92 score, 59c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 55@58½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 49@54c; lower grades, 45@48c; unsalted, higher than extras, 61½@62c; extras, 60½@61c; firsts, 57@60c; seconds, 51@56c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 57½@58½c; good to prime, 53@57c; common to fair, 43@52c; renovated, extras, 48c; firsts, 46@47c; lower grades, 41@45c; imitation creamery, firsts, 43½@44c; ladles, current make, firsts, 40½@41c; seconds, 39c; lower grades, 37@38½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 39c; No. 2, 38@38½c; lower grades, 35@37½c.

EGGS.—7,535 packages. Comparatively light receipts and advances of decreasing accumulations and stronger interior markets give a little more confident tone, but trading is still light. There has been very little reduction of the accumulations and present supplies are ample on more than ample for all needs at unchanged prices. Outside figures are still rather extreme. The greater part of the Western stock is selling in range of 34@36c, with lower qualities ranging downward. Storage eggs are in steady, fair demand and held with considerable confidence. Nearby whites of extra fancy quality are scarce and held firmly. Lower grades are pressing for sale at a wide range of comparatively easy prices. Fresh-gathered extras, dozen, 51@52c; extra firsts, 48@50c; firsts, 44@47c; seconds and poorer, 35@43c; fresh-gathered whites, fancy, 38@39c; No. 2 and poorer, 32@37c; fresh-gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 34@35c; undergrades, 30@33c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 44@44½c; firsts, charges paid, 43@43½c; seconds, charges paid, 41@42½c; undergrades, 38@40c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 44@48c; ordinary to prime, 43@43c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@46c; Pacific Coast whites, firsts to finest, 59@60c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 46@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 44@56c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 43@52c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Justice	.01
Alta	.03	Mexican	.10
Andes	.01	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.02
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.03	Potosi	.04
Challenge Con	.02	Seg. Belcher	.01
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.09
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.25
Con. Virginia	.14	Utah	.01
Hale & Norcross	.04	Mexican dollars	.78½
Jacket	.07		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.75	Booth	.03
Cash Boy	.03	Florence	.10
Halifax	.08	Goldfield Cons	.18
Jim Butler	.45	Goldfield Merger	.01
McNamara	.18	Great Bend	.01
Midway	.05	Jumbo Exten	.09
Mizpah	.04	Kewanas	.02
Monarch Pitts	.03	Lone Star	.02
Montana	.10	Silver Pick	.03
North Star	.03	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.08	Manhattan Cons	.01
Tonopah Divide	1.37½	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Exten	1.45	Packard	.23
West End	1.00½	Rochester	.31
West Tonopah	.11	Round Mountain	.10
GOLDFIELD.		United Eastern	3.60
Atlanta	.02	White Caps	.10

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	4¾	McKinney	7½	10
Elkton	4½	6	Portland	82	90
El Paso	11	25	U. Gold M.	12	13
Golden C.	165	167	Vindicator	88	43
Granite	17	25	Rose Nicol.	7	8
Isabella	3¾	4¼			

TO LICENSE PIG TIN TRADE.

War Board Announces Inventory Is Being Taken of Stocks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The War Industries Board announced today that it will take control of the domestic pig tin industry under a license system. All users and dealers will be licensed and a complete inventory of stocks on hand and unfilled contracts made, and, if necessary, supplies will be redistributed to provide sufficient quantities for essential purposes.

Questionnaires are being sent to about 2,000 persons and plants calling for the information. The Tin Section of the War Industries Board has been informed that there is uneasiness in the trade as to the control, and it is believed that today's announcement will relieve this. The control plan will affect only users and dealers in pig tin.

"This action by the War Industries Board," said T. G. Cranwell, Acting Chief of the Tin Section, "was forecast when announcement was made by B. M. Baruch, Chairman of the board, that an interallied pig tin pool had been arranged in conferences held in London between the L. L. Summers Commission, representing the War Industries Board, and representatives of Great Britain and other allied nations. Under this pool, which is in the nature of a beneficent monopoly, the world's supply of pig tin is allocated, and distribution is made among the allied countries according to the supply and their needs.

"The United States will get about 80,000 tons of pig tin, or approximately two-thirds of the world production. The War Industries Board will supervise the allowance to this country. All imports of pig tin, tin ores, and concentrates will be consigned to the American Iron and Steel Institute, and will be distributed to the licensees through the United States Steel Products Company. Prices will be regulated by the War Industries Board, and will be uniform and at a level that will encourage production in the tin mining countries, which are chiefly in Great Britain and the Straits Settlements."

DISCUSS NEW STEEL PRICES.

Decision Said to Have Been Reached and Schedule Sent to President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The price which consumers, including the United States and its allies, will pay for pig iron, iron ore, and steel during the period beginning Oct. 1 and ended Jan. 1, was discussed today at a meeting of the Price Fixing Committee of the War Industries Board, at which practically all of the more important interests involved were represented.

It is understood that a satisfactory decision was reached but no announcement concerning the new prices will be made until the schedule has been presented to President Wilson for approval. At present the prices are: Iron ore, $5.50 a ton, base Lower Lake ports; pig iron, $32 a ton; steel, scrap, $29 a ton, f. o. b. consuming point.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand, increased	521,000
Silver in hand, increased	270,000
Notes in circulation, increased	24,466,000
Treasury deposits, increased	1,838,000
General deposits, decreased	84,339,000
Bills discounted, increased	11,953,000
Advances, increased	6,081,000

STRAUSS PLEASES BANKERS.

Many Express Satisfaction Over Appointment to Reserve Board.

Many expressions of satisfaction over the nomination of Albert Strauss to succeed Paul M. Warburg as a member of the Federal Reserve Board were heard in banking circles yesterday. James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce said:

"The appointment of Mr. Strauss will bring increased strength to that important body. We who have come to respect his financial abilities and to rely upon his business judgment know that he will meet his enlarged obligations with distinction."

Gates W. McGarrah, President of the Mechanics & Metals National Bank, said he thought the nomination one of the best that could have been made. Francis L. Hine, President of the First National Bank, A. J. Hemphill, Chairman of the Guaranty Trust Company and Walter F. Frew, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, were others who spoke of Mr. Strauss' qualification for the important post.

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, (via London,) Sept. 20.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany for the week ended Sept. 14 shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Total coin and bullion, decreased	434,000
Gold, increased	43,000
Treasury notes, increased	75,061,00
Notes of other banks, increased	722,000
Bills discounted, increased	486,252,000
Advances, increased	1,977,000
Investments, increased	4,879,000
Other securities, increased	6,578,000
Notes in circulation, increased	239,909,000
Deposits, increased	291,347,000
Other liabilities, increased	113,779,000

Total gold holdings, 2,348,311,000 marks.

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

MONTREAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
August gross	$844,457	$783,412	$61,045
Net	440,024	420,640	19,384
Sur. aft. chgs.	356,760	337,552	19,208
4 mos.' gross	3,411,497	3,083,290	328,307
Net	1,746,891	1,659,821	87,070
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,414,517	1,327,340	87,177

WESTERN POWER CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES for the year 1917—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oper. rev.	4,008,553	3,743,345	3,038,204
Net aft. taxes	2,475,278	2,401,895	2,082,885
Other income	40,193	108,392	208,092
Total income	2,516,171	2,513,257	2,290,957
Sur. aft. chgs.	804,298	828,288	918,692

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES eliminating inter-company items, for August—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Gross earn.	445,648	426,115	*19,533
Net earn.	108,588	151,400	42,812
Gross income	143,289	158,450	15,161
Net income	39,643	78,167	38,523
Pref. divid.	25,957	25,957	.....
Balance	13,686	47,210	33,523
12 Months ended Aug. 31—			
Gross earn.	5,352,601	4,444,721	*1,107,887
Net earn.	1,591,113	1,596,772	5,656
Gross income	1,706,512	1,641,121	*65,391
Net income	563,449	701,590	138,141
Pref. divid.	311,484	311,484	.....
Balance	251,965	390,106	138,141

*Increase.

ARIZONA POWER CO., including the Arizona Steam Generating Co. for the month of June—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$47,618	$37,031	$10,586
Net earnings	26,410	20,344	6,066
Total income	26,671	20,359	6,312
Net income	7,050	7,102	*42

Twelve months ended June 30:

Gross earnings	588,652	397,829	190,823
Net earnings	309,244	262,441	46,803
Total income	312,307	262,656	49,651
Net income	106,508	108,857	*2,348

*Decrease.

COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CO and subsidiary companies for August—

		Increase.
Gross earnings	$779,688	$59,752
Net operating earnings	347,300	25,797
Total net earnings and other income	512,727	30,445
Surplus	151,797	22,323

Eight months ended August—

Gross earnings	7,660,976	510,961
Net operating earnings	3,882,974	217,735
Total net earnings and other income	5,102,553	234,427
Surplus	2,338,737	183,066

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

W. R. GRACE & CO.'S BANK

at the close of business on the 10th day of September, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$1,290,761.72
Private securities		1,192,397.69
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,650,235.04
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral	50,000.00	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item		882,381.49
Specie		1,010.31
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		5,646.00
Other cash items, viz.:		
Cash items		710.50
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		762,254.72
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra)		312,059.01
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	$34,507.48	
U. S. Gov't certificates of indebtedness	704,000.00	
Bonds pledged	970,000.00	
		1,708,507.48
Total		$8,856,163.96

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$800,000.00	
Undivided profits	155,133.26	
		755,133.26
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	$144,650.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	4,367,566.56	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	720,000.00	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	374,273.16	
Certified checks	6,629.35	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	19,483.00	
Total deposits		5,632,602.07
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit	$982,379.63	
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	16,049.00	
Bonds borrowed	970,000.00	
		1,968,428.63
Total		$8,856,163.96

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK, located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

JOHN SCHLAGLE, Cashier.

Dated Aug. 31, 1918

DIVIDENDS.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,

43 Exchange Place, New York, MANAGERS

CARDENAS-AMERICAN SUGAR COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of CARDENAS-AMERICAN SUGAR COMPANY has declared a regular quarterly dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS ($1.75) per share on the outstanding preferred stock of the Company for the quarter ending September 30, 1918, payable Tuesday, October 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, September 24, 1918.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

THE

Citizens National Bank

OF NEW YORK

September 20, 1918.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent., (2½%,) payable on and after October 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 23, 1918.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

KANSAS GAS AND ELECTRIC CO., WICHITA, KANSAS.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 34.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared for the quarter ending September 30, 1918, payable October 1, 1918, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on September 21, 1918.

M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

GENEVA CUTLERY CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Two dollars fifty cents ($2.50) per share on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared payable October 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 28th, 1918. Transfer books will not close. Checks will be mailed.

A. D. CONVERSE & CO., Fiscal Agents, 5 Nassau St., New York City.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

81st COMMON DIVIDEND.

THE Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Common Capital stock of the Company, payable October 15th, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 30th, 1918. Transfer books will not be closed.

G. P. WELLS, Treasurer

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK.

September 20, 1918.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS TODAY DECLARED a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (5%) upon the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable on and after October 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at close of business September 20, 1918.

E. V. CONNOLLY, Cashier.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.,

N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.

Philadelphia, Sept. 11, 1918.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable October 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 30, 1918. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

TRIUMPH OIL & REFINING COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have declared the regular monthly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%,) payable October 3rd to stockholders of record September 28th, 1918. Transfer books will remain open.

A. DALLAS, Treasurer.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK,

New York, September 19, 1918.

The Board of Directors of this Bank has declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent., payable October 1, 1918, to stockholders of record of September 24, 1918.

M. W. DONOVAN, Cashier.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

At Forty-first Street

New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Fulton Trust Co. of New York

at the close of business on the 10th day of September, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$1,275,989.83	
Private securities	1,744,095.27	
Mortgages owned		414,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by collateral		4,399,325.50
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral	59,000.80	
Overdrafts, (secured)	8,986.17	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	200,019.28	
Specie	49,380.47	
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States	106,000.00	
Cash items	4,319.15	
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets	1,011,798.93	
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	6,480.54	
Estimated accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	47,337.68	
	53,838.22	
Total		$9,336,253.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$250,000.00	
Undivided profits	380,511.35	
	630,511.35	
Deposits:		
Preferred as follows:		
Deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	$124,303.43	
Deposits by the State of New York	30,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	196,868.89	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	7,320,484.75	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	213,049.28	
Demand certificates of deposit	249,633.64	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	11,911.66	
Unpaid dividends	254.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	5,524.93	
Total deposits		8,151,830.58
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	$11,699.13	
Estimated accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	41,284.87	
Estimated unearned discounts	927.49	
	53,911.49	
Total		$9,336,253.62

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

United States Trust Company of New York

at the close of business on the 10th day of September, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (including $2,000,000 U. S. Government bonds)		$3,528,500.00
Private securities		8,309,915.00
Real estate owned		1,192,500.00
Mortgages owned		4,209,655.67
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		51,250.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		24,276,285.50
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral, (including $5,418,000 U. S. certificates of indebtedness)		13,143,824.95
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets		5,067,953.40
Specie (gold certificates)		100,000.00
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		4,100,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		482,544.89
Total		$82,462,429.41

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$2,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	2,492,229.82	
		14,492,229.82
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$3,138,190.50	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	7,140,482.20	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	2,414,522.54	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	21,875,246.93	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	2,709,722.18	
Other certificates of deposit	3,684,419.28	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,724,522.89	
Total deposits		44,777,106.52
Rediscoun's		500,000.00
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$167,200.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	506,026.27	
Estimated unearned discounts	10,866.80	
	683,093.07	
Total		$82,462,429.41

DIVIDENDS.

The American Ship Building Company.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The American Ship Building Company, held on September 18, 1918, a regular dividend of 1¾% in cash, and an extra dividend of 10% in 3½% Liberty Loan Bonds (taken with their accrued interest as equivalent to par), on the common stock, were declared; payable November 1, 1918, to common stockholders of record October 15, 1918; provided that fractions of less than $50.00 of such bonds shall be adjusted by payment of such fractions in cash.

Also, four dividends of 1¾% each, on the preferred stock, were declared, payable November 1, 1918, February 1, 1919, May 1, 1919, and August 1, 1919, to stockholders of record October 15, 1918, January 15, 1919, April 15, 1919, and July 15, 1919, respectively.

ALEX. O. J. FISH, Secretary.

Distillers Securities Corporation,

40 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a regular dividend of one-half of one per cent. (½ of 1%) and an extra dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) for the third quarter of the year 1918, upon the outstanding capital stock, payable October 18, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 2, 1918.

The stock transfer books will not be closed.

THOS. A. CLARK, Treasurer.

Dated New York, N. Y., September 19, 1918.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 10th day of September, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (market value)		$2,101,246.78
Private securities,

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
Albany, September 5th, 1918.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, October 8th, 1918, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for the construction of Barge canal terminals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 746 of the Laws of 1911, and of the acts amendatory thereof, as follows:

1.
TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 212 (Revised.)
For constructing a Barge canal terminal freighthouse on Pier 1, Erie Basin, Buffalo.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 23.

2.
TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 212-H.
For installing a heating system in the terminal freighthouse on Pier 1, Erie Basin, Buffalo.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 3.

3.
TERMINAL CONTRACT No. 212-P.
For installing plumbing and water supply systems in the proposed terminal freighthouse on Pier 1, Erie Basin, Buffalo.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 4.

4.
TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 217 (Revised.)
For repairing the existing bulkhead and for constructing a freighthouse and a crane track at the foot of North Jane Street, East River, Borough of Queens, New York.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 17.

The previous advertisements for Terminal Contracts Nos. 212 and 217 having been canceled on account of the necessity for revising the specifications, bidders should take care that in submitting bids the revised specifications only are used.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, forms of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the city of Albany or New York, issued by a national or state bank or trust company in good credit within the state and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposit of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The bond required for the faithful performance of each contract shall be in such sum as shall be fixed by the Superintendent of Public Works, which sum shall not be less than twenty per centum (20 per cent.) of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work, according to the contract price; will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be indorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the state for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the state will be enhanced thereby.

W. W. WOTHERSPOON,
Superintendent of Public Works.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, D. C., Washington, D. C., Sept. 16, 1918.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 511, at 2 o'clock P. M., Sept. 30, 1918, for furnishing 750 net tons cast iron water pipe and 30 net tons cast iron water pipe specials. Specifications and forms of proposal may be had upon application to the Purchasing Officer, D. C., Room 320, District Building, Washington, D. C. Louis Brownlow, John G. D. Knight, and W. Gwynn Gardiner, Commissioners, D. C.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JEWEL LEWIS, doing business under the trade name and style of LEWIS CHEMICAL COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 25605, 1918.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of JOSEPH G. COHEN, duly verified the 12th day of September, 1918, that an involuntary petition in bankruptcy was duly filed in this Court on the 18th day of February, 1918, praying that the above-named Jewel Lewis be adjudged a bankrupt; and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to a marshal of this district, which said marshal has been unable to serve the same; and said alleged bankrupt is not now within this district so that personal service can be made upon him; and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of said alleged bankrupt; and that he is not now within the jurisdiction of this Court.

It is, NOW, on motion of Joseph G. Cohen, Esq., attorney for the petitioning creditors,

ORDERED, That the above-named alleged bankrupt plead, answer or demur on or before the 1st day of October, 1918, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on the 18th day of February, 1918, and in case of his failure to plead, answer or demur thereto, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

ORDERED that this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 14th day of September, 1918, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupt at his last known place of business, No. 297 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the date of the first publication.

Dated, New York, September 12th, 1918.

MANTON, C. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26221.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH JACOBS, Bankrupt.

Joseph Jacobs was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 18, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on October 2, 1918, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26045.—In Bankruptcy.—N. & W. J. PECK CO., Bankrupt.

N. & W. J. Peck Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on Sept. 16, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on October 2, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24768.

Notice is given that WILLIAM STEUER, bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on October 2nd, 1918, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAMILLE ADAM and EMIL ADAM, copartners, doing business as CAMILLE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, Oct. 4, 1918, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wall cases, partitions, sewing machines, show cases, office furniture, fixtures, etc.

ARTHUR C. SMITH, Trustee.
MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Attorney for Trustee, 63 Wall Street, New York.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 285 Broadway.

FOUND IN A MOMENT.

If you read it in The New York Times, you will find the date and a brief synopsis in The New York Times Index. Issued quarterly since the first day of 1913. Sent for examination. $2 an issue, $8 a year. The New York Times Index, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE ROSENWASSERS UNDER $10,000 BAIL

Vast Frauds in Aviators' Jackets and Spiral Puttees Charged by the Government.

CUT DOWN ON MATERIAL

Reinspections After Goods Left Factory Revealed Defects—13 New Under Arrest.

Morris Rosenwasser, President, and Leo Rosenwasser, Vice President of Rosenwasser Brothers, Inc., of Long Island City, who are charged with having entered into a conspiracy to defraud the Government, surrendered to the Federal authorities in Brooklyn yesterday morning. The concern, of which they are the directing heads, now has War Department contracts calling for shoes, puttees, aviators' jackets, and other army supplies, valued at nearly $9,000,000.

The Rosenwassers were held in $10,000 bail each for a hearing next Wednesday, and gave bonds. Both denied having harmed the Government, and said that in the twenty years they have been filling Government orders they have always lived up to their contracts, the total value of which contracts goes far into the millions.

One of the Federal officials concerned in the investigation said yesterday that out of 3,083 aviators' leather jackets recently inspected at Governors Island, only 143 were found to be according to the War Department's specifications. This same official added that out of 479 pairs of spiral puttees inspected on Governors Island a few days ago, which had been passed and delivered as up to specifications, and all manufactured by the Rosenwasser firm, only twenty-seven pairs were found to be according to contract specifications.

In virtually every instance, this official said, the jackets and puttees were found to contain less material than the contracts called for. Thousands of yards of cloth, leather and other materials, the Government contends, were misappropriated in this way.

Thirteen Now Under Arrest.

There are now thirteen persons under arrest as a result of the Rosenwasser investigation. The thirteenth man, who was arrested yesterday, is Harry Gersovitz of 1,336 Forty-third Street, Brooklyn. A fourteenth man still being sought is Mallor, who is said to be at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Chicago.

A Federal official told yesterday how Rosenwasser Brothers came to be investigated. He said charges that frauds were being practiced upon the Government at the Long Island City plant first reached the Department of Justice in a roundabout way.

The person through whom the first information came was a Federal employe, but he claimed that Rosenwasser Brothers had such influence with Government officials, and that he had seen irregularities going on for some time, that he had actually been afraid to report them to his superior officers. He, therefore, sought a personal friend, a member of a New York firm of attorneys.

This firm brought the matter to the attention of the Attorney General and instructions were that day issued by telephone from Washington to a representative of the Department of Justice who was in New York investigating frauds of a similar nature in raincoat cases. This representative ascertained that on the previous day one Government Inspector who was not under the influence of Rosenwasser Brothers was inspecting aviators' jackets had that day inspected 155 coats and had been compelled to reject 105. Another Inspector had inspected 141 jackets and had rejected 91. Another Inspector had inspected 148 and had rejected 80.

It was also charged that the chalk marks put on rejected garments to show the faults were being rubbed out by employes of the firm and the same garment again presented for acceptance in its original shape, sometimes to "friendly" Inspectors.

Feared Inspectors Had Grudge.

The large amount of rejections shown by the figures just referred to, were almost unbelievable and it was feared that the Inspectors were seeking to satisfy a grudge against the company. A re-inspection was arranged for at Governors Island under an independent set of Inspectors after the goods had been delivered to the Government. The first day's record of this re-inspection showed that of 278 of these aviators' jackets, which were inspected, there were thirty-four accepted and 244 rejected.

The complete record of the re-inspection of aviators' jackets is shown by the following table:

	Inspected.	Accepted.	Rejected.
First day	278	34	244
Second day	564	33	531
Third day	619	11	608
Fourth day	655	14	641
Fifth day	647	6	641
Sixth day	223	4	219
Seventh day	240	41	199
Total	3,226	143	3,083

Per cent. accepted, .044.
Per cent. rejected, .956.

Morris Rosenwasser's Statement.

In a statement issued yesterday Morris Rosenwasser said:

"For twenty years we have maintained unbroken relations with the United States Government and established and maintained a record of which we are justly proud. We can refer to the various departments of the army and navy, who will, I am sure, testify to the high character of our work.

"We have received from the army commendation for the shoes that we made. Almost 100 per cent. of our product has been at the command of the Government. Before today no one ever questioned our high standing. We are sure that these charges will fall of their own weight.

"The raid made yesterday, it seems to me, was out of the moving picture order and was entirely uncalled for. The concern has always been and is willing to produce whatever records and information are needed by the Government.

"We want an early trial, and are satisfied that we will prove our entire innocence."

The Rosenwasser brothers live in Manhattan—Morris at 332 West 110th Street and Leo at 730 Riverside Drive.

MORE PAY FOR POLICEMEN.

First-Grade Firemen Also Voted Higher Wages by Estimate Board.

At its first meeting since the Summer holidays, the Board of Estimate yesterday adopted the recommendation of its Finance and Budget Committee to increase the compensation of first-grade firemen and policemen from $1,500 to $1,650 a year, the increase to begin as of Sept. 1 last. The Board of Aldermen must concur in the resolution.

By unanimous consent the board voted to turn over to the Park Department of Brooklyn that portion of Bushwick Avenue lying between Myrtle and Jamaica Avenues for the purposes of a boulevard, Mayor Hylan lives at 959 Bushwick Avenue, within the zone of the restriction.

No Ban on Autos in Loan Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Automobiles may be used on Sundays for promoting the Liberty Loan campaign, which begins Sept. 28, Fuel Administrator Garfield announced today. He also ruled that persons who must go long distances to church or to attend to war gardens could use automobiles without being labeled unpatriotic, where other methods of transportation were not available.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Forecast:

N. C. and S. C.—Fair and cooler Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.

Ga.—Rain and cooler Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.

Fla.—Showers and cooler Sat.; fair Sun.

Ala.—Fair and warmer Sat. and Sun.

Miss., Tenn., Ky., and Ohio.—Fair and warmer Sat. and Sun.

Ind. and Mich.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

CANNOT MEET BOARD ORDER

Impossible to Run Thirty Subway Trains an Hour, Says Hayes.

Lewis O. Hayes, subway trainmaster of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, testified yesterday before the Public Service Commission that the best service the company could give in the subways was trains running at intervals of two minutes and fifteen seconds on the east side line and two minutes and three-quarters on the west side line. The testimony came in the course of the rehearing as to the Interborough's service.

Mr. Hayes explained that the temporary terminal at Wall and William Streets made it impossible to obey the commission's order for the operation of thirty express trains an hour during the rush periods. On the east side line it was the lack of inspection sheds that made it impossible, he said, to keep to the new schedules. Mr. Hayes thought it might be possible to run trains on a two-minute headway if the way was always clear and there were no interruptions of any kind. But as thirty trains an hour was the maximum service that could be given, any delay along the line would destroy it.

The only other witness was J. S. Doyle, Superintendent of Car Equipment, who told how the recent storms had prevented inspections and how difficult it was to get efficient men. He said that since the Government had placed the Interborough in the second class of essential industries many of the employes had left to accept jobs with concerns doing war work. There is an impression that James L. Quackenbush, counsel for the company, is laying the foundation for court proceedings in case the commission should insist upon compliance with the thirty-trains-an-hour schedules. The hearing will be resumed on Tuesday at 2:30.

TRAIN LABOR FOR WAR WORK

Dilution Board Will Fill Places of Skilled Employes.

"Dilution" of skilled labor, replacing workmen who have been drawn away by the demands of war, with less experienced workers in such a way that industry will not be slowed up, is now well under way, under the auspices of the Training and Dilution Service of the State Department of Labor, recently organized with Charles T. Clayton at its head. Announcement to this effect was made yesterday by the department.

"The work of this service will increase largely as the war goes on," the announcement continued. "Wherever the supply of skilled labor runs short dilution must follow; women, for example, must be trained to undertake mechanical processes, and when these processes have been mastered, must replace men in many places.

"The service will not conflict with the work of the Federal Board for Vocational Education. It is primarily a part of the department's great war program. The need of the Emergency Fleet Corporation for labor necessitated originally a comprehensive plan for training and dilution.

"England's experience showed clearly the need for training workers where a large army is raised. Thus far not nearly so large a percentage has been taken for the army as in England, but investigations already undertaken have shown the need of similar preparation."

National Oil Earns $449,120.

The National Oil Company announced yesterday the declaration of the initial quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Oct. 15 to stockholders of record Oct. 1. The annual statement said that good progress was made in 1917 in developing the company's Mexican petroleum resources. Earnings amounted to $449,120 net, and a surplus of $300,400 remained after taxes, depreciation, and interest charges had been met.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Criminal.

United States vs. John Weingel, Same vs. J. Watkins and Charles Bailey.
Same vs. L. Comancho, Same vs. Irving Weiner.
Same vs. I. Mirowski, Same vs. A. Comander.
Same vs. Peter Rieche, Same vs. John Romano.
Same vs. John Chaputt.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM, PART II.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Will for probate—Jeny L. Creed.

City Court.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Matter of Farley—Edward K. Hanlon.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Green vs. Varcoe—John D. Kelly.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—at 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Dressel vs. Leichtman—William J. Keir. Bonynge vs. Jacobs—Morris Frank. Macy & Seymour Realty Co.—Theodore M. Riehle.

MECHANICS' LEINS.

Manhattan.

LEWIS ST, 142; Max Fishman against Joseph T. Mohn, owner and contractor.....$475
57TH AV, 411; Kirk & Simpson against M. S. Improvement Co., owner; Wm. A. Burr, contractor $96
97TH ST, 35 West; Hudson Boiler Mfg. Co., Inc., against Matthew L. Johnston, owner; Longacre Construction Co., Inc., contractor.....$32

Bronx.

JEROME AV, 1,870; Jacob Levy against George D. Ebermeyer, owner; Florence A. Troughton, mortgagee, and William B. Schorer, contractor $250
JEROME AV, 1,868; Jacob Levy against George D. Ebermeyer, owner; William B. Schorer, contractor $218.50
VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 181st St, 62.8x185; Harlem River Lumber and Wood Working Co. against Ensign Improvement Co. and Joseph A. Dansky, owners and contractors, renewal $1,521
177TH ST, w s, between New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad and New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.; Charles E. Silkworth, Jr., against James P. Keer and James F. Keer Attractions, Inc., owners; James F. Keer, contractor.....$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

COLUMBUS AV, 605, store; Nathan Lemlein to Charles Crisuolo, 423 West 52d St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1917; address, 605 Columbus Av $540
EAST BROADWAY, 91, all; Henry St, 81, all; Lazarus Realty Co. to Inter-Transit Warehouse Co., 41 Park Row, 10 years from July 1, 1918; attorney, Abr. Hatprin, 41 Park Row.....$18,000
WASHINGTON ST, 731, corner store; S. H. Schwarz to Ramon Gonzalez, on the premises, 3 years from Sept. 15, 1918; attorney, Achille J. O. Hoschek, 309 Broadway..$300
29TH ST, 407 East, all; Leonardo Carlo to Antonio Tisci, 325 East 32d St, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1918; address, R. Tisci, 407 East 29th St.....$1,580
55TH ST, 154 East, all; Cath. A. Griggs to Joseph Berkowitz, 60 St. Nicholas Av, 10 years from Dec. 1, 1918.....$3,250
118TH ST, 5 and 7 East, all; Leon Tuchman to Nathan Weiss, 157 Vermilyea Av, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1918; attorneys, Feldman & S., 277 Broadway.....$6,000
123D ST, 151 and 153 East, all; Samuel M. Schwartz and another to Sam Hyman, 203 West 108th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1918, 3 years' renewal; attorney, Abr. J. Spirn, 135 Broadway $5,100

Bronx.

164TH ST, 581 East, corner store; Eliz. Anderson to Howard Friedman, 581 East 164th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1918; attorney, Howard Friedman, 581 East 164th St.....$900 to $1,200
180TH ST, 722 and 724 East, all; John Nugent to Leo Abraham, 536 West 136th St, 5 years, from Sept. 1, 1918; Leo Abraham, 3d Av and 148th St.....$3,150 and $3,400

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 159 and 161; R. I. W. Damp Resisting Paint Co., Inc., against Elsie Angiola et al., March 20, 1918....$150
49TH ST, 28 West; Rosecor Construction Co. against John W. Brett et al., July 5, 1918, $1,944

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Deal On for Broadway Lofts—Operator Buys $150,000 Bronx Taxpayers.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the six-story loft building at the northwest corner of Broadway and Walker Street, on a plot 28.4 by 103.2, by the Brooklyn Savings Bank, which took it over at foreclosure some months ago. The property is assessed at $130,000.

Heights Apartment Buyer.

The Chalmers Realty Company bought from the Economy Real Property Company the five-story apartment house at 703 West 170th Street on a plot 50 by 100 feet. The property was held at $72,000. John L. Parish was the broker.

Realty Co. Buys $150,000 Bronx Corner.

The one-story taxpayer containing fourteen stores and the four-story building with two stores at Tiffany Street and Westchester Avenue have been sold by the James McCreery Realty Corporation to the Nason Realty Company.

The property, which has a frontage of 16.8 on Westchester Avenue and 176 on Tiffany Street, was held at $150,000.

Synagogue Sold for $21,000.

The Little Mount Zion Baptist Church purchased the brick synagogue, 171 West 140th Street, from the Congregation Agudath Achim of Harlem for $21,000. The building occupies a plot 37.6 by 99.11.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

Elizabeth M. H. Rankin sold to Frederick Brown, operator, 70 West Ninety-fourth Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18 by 100.8.

The Jackson Estate sold to E. Stewart, 162 West 78th Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 100.5.

Dr. Paul W. Turrell is reported to have sold the four-story dwelling at 121 East Sixty-four Street, on a lot 20 by 100.5.

Brooklyn.

Realty Trust sold for the Alco Building Company the semi-detached dwelling at 2,059 Sixty-fifth Street, Mapleton Park, to Emma L. Van Wolff and Edna C. Layton.

John E. Sullivan sold the two-story dwelling at 528 Seventy-second Street to Rose O'Flynn.

Queens Borough Sales.

Jacob Weiss sold for the Colonial Bank of New York a corner plot of fourteen lots at Van Alst Avenue and Thirteenth Street, Long Island City, to the Gould, Mersereau Company, a Bush Terminal tenant, represented by O. G. Manss. The plot is now being improved with a large factory for its own occupancy.

The Welin Marine Equipment Company, now building small boats for the Government, has purchased a lot 50 by 50 feet adjacent to its yard at Vernon Avenue and Hamilton Street, Long Island City. This company has just filed plans for two additional buildings to be erected at the Long Island City shipyard at a cost of $40,000.

Westchester County.

The Red Roof Realty Company sold at Mount Vernon, for the Mount Vernon Homes Company, the dwelling at 667 South Seventh Avenue to George Lodge; also 657 South Fifth Avenue, for Judge Helfer to William Richter, and four lots on South Sixth Avenue to an investor.

New Jersey.

Louis Kamm sold for the Bliss estate the tenement and stores on the north side of Ferry Street, extending to Union Street, Newark, to a syndicate of Ferry Street merchants, which will erect a five-story flat.

Commercial Leases.

Huberth & Huberth leased for the Lee Tire & Rubber Company the building at 236 West Fifty-fourth Street to Cole & Dixson, Inc., distributers of the Denby & Smith Forma-Truck.

White-Goodman have leased to Frank Seaman, Inc., a Printing Crafts Building tenant, the sixth and eleventh floors in the building 470-8 Fourth Avenue, containing about 20,000 square feet, for a long term of years, at an aggregate rental of about $150,000.

Brooklyn Lot Sale Today.

The Jere Johnson, Jr., Company will sell at auction, today at 3 o'clock, on the premises, for the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company, the balance of the block bounded by Utica Avenue, Montgomery Street, Schenectady Avenue, Malbone Street, and Lefferts Avenue, Brooklyn, consisting of fifty-six lots.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

West End Av, 48, e s, 100.5 ft n of 61st St, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; trustee of Leake & Watts Orphan House against A. E. Hartcorn et al.; W. A. Kirk, attorney; due, $12,933.65; taxes, &c., $548; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

201st St, East, s s, 203.4 ft e of old line Marion Av, and 111.11 ft e of Concourse, 50x90x52.5x100.11, vacant; Nellie Creeden against Nellie Creeden et al.; Arrowsmith & D., attorneys; partition; to Peter S. O'Hara for $2,700.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

New Buildings.

11th Av, s e cor of 20th St, for a one-story office, 17x38; Consolidated Gas Co., 130 East 15th St., owner; E. Levy, 331 Madison Av., architect; cost, $1,000.

Front St, 321, for a one-story frame shed, 22.4x86; Kaufman Lowenthan Realty Co., 200 Division St., owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $300.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. The name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 75.5 ft n of 63d St, 25x100; Emil Silverman to Violet M. Egan, 599 West 190th St, mtg $20,000, all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
COLUMBUS AV, 851 and 853, e s, 25.11 ft s of 102d St, 50x80; William F. Schneider, executor, to W. F. Schneider, individually, 486 Lenox Av, mtg $34,000, all liens, Sept. 18 .....$100
GOERCK ST, 23, w s, 25 ft n of Broome St, 25x75, foreclosure Sept. 12, 1918; Jean H. Morris, referee, to Union Trust Co. of Albany, N. Y., as trustee, Sept. 20; attorney, D. D. Whitney, 44 Court St., Brooklyn $15,000
LUDLOW ST, 174, e s, 125.4 ft n of Stanton St, 24.9x90; Coppel Stugensky to Roza Gluck, 562 11th Av, mtg $27,450, April 18; attorney, I. Berman, 346 Broadway.$100
SAME PROPERTY; Roza Gluck to G. Schachter, 1,878 7th Av, quitclaim, mtg. $27,450, Aug. 22; attorney, same.....$100
1ST AV, 49, n w corner 8d St, (99 East,) 46.1x20; Mary and Nat Freedman to Morris Freedman, 1,850 7th Av, and Michael Freedman, s w corner 7th Av and 115th St.; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 118 Nassau St $1
1ST AV, w s, 50.11 ft n of 104th St., 50x75; Nettie Goetz to Jacob Wang, 170 East 103d St, all liens, Sept. 1.....$1
5TH AV, n w corner 114th St., 25.5x100; Laurette C. Schlesinger to Moritz Schlesinger, 50 West 77th St., ½ part, mtg $50,000, all liens, Sept. 4; attorney, David W. Kahn, 74 Broadway $100
20TH ST, 436 West, s s, 375 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9, (foreclosure Aug. 12, 1918;) Paul T. Kammerer, Jr., ref. to Wilton Holding Corpn., 135 Broadway, Aug. 20; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 185 Broadway $14,000
49TH ST, 318 West, s s, 300 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5; Von Glahn Realty Corpn. to Agnes Kennedy, at Hollis, L. I., all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, C. Brandt, Jr., 99 Nassau St $1
SAME PROPERTY; Agnes Kennedy to Christopher von Glahn, 83 Thomas St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, same $1
49TH ST, 356 West, s s, 150 ft e of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Von Glahn Realty Corp. to Agnes Kennedy, at Hollis, L. I., all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, Chas. Brandt, Jr., 99 Nassau St $1
SAME PROPERTY; Agnes Kennedy to Bernhard E. von Glahn, 83 Thomas St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Sept. 19; attorney, same $100
ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner 176th St, 99.11x115; Westmoreland Const. Co. to Violet M. Egan, 599 West 190th St, mtg $150,000, all liens, July 1; attorney, Jules L. Baer, 220 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Stephen J. Egan to same, q. c., July 1; attorney, same.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Violet M. Egan to Emil Silverman, 170 Amsterdam Av, mtg $140,000, all liens; attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway $100
89TH ST, 313 East, n s, 220 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.8; Charles Holbein to William Holbein, 164 East 89th St, mtg $15,000; attorney, G. A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av.....$100
127TH ST, 62 West, s s, 228.9 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; James A. Lynch, referee, to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, foreclosure Sept. 17, 1918; attorney, John A. Dutton, 80 Maiden Lane.....$7,000
136TH ST, n s, 320 ft w of 7th Av, 16x99.11; Sanford A. Taylor and Carrie V. Powers to Louis M. Bailey, 113 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, mtg $8,000, b. & s., Sept. 6; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway $25

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 157.11 ft n of 194th St, 27x72.5; Frederick Arnold to Marie D. Barbey, 2,550 Bainbridge Av, Aug. 21; attorney, Bauerdorf & T., 111 Broadway..$1
EASTERN BOULEVARD, s s, being lot 101 map Unionport, 100x166.1; Montauk Investing Co. to Electra H. Bush, 189 Milbank St, Greenwich, Conn., Dec. 27, 1917; attorneys, Thomas & H., 111 Broadway.....$100
FRANKLIN AV, n w corner of 170th St, 44x94.11; Morris Nagel to David Mark, 648 West 172d St, Sept. 11; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway $1
GRAND AV, e s, 482.8 ft s of Burnside Av, 25x89.10; Herbert Aldhous to Mary L. Whiting, Great Neck, L. I., Sept. 18; attorney, Edward Mck. Whiting, 56 Pine St..$1
GRANT AV, 1,064, e s, 25x100; Lexington Twenty-first Street Realty Co. to Louis Reisman, 385 Stockton St, Brooklyn, mtg $4,500, Sept. 13; attorney, S. Berg, 714 Broadway $7,450
JONES AV, e s, 425 ft s of Edenwald Av, 50x100; Lena Eisenstadt to Meschulem Eisenstein, 309 East 120th St, Sept. 10; attorney, Moses Wigler, 106 Rivington St..$1
SAME PROPERTY; Meschulem Eisenstein to Lena Eisenstein, 340 East 119th St, Sept. 10; same attorney $1
LAKEWOOD ST, w corner of Yarrangansett Drive, 214x165.4x181.2x97.7; Hamilton A. Wolf et al., executors, to Bernhard Lichtenstein, 50 West 77th St, July 15; attorney, Isadore M. Levy, 233 Broadway.....$100
MORRIS AV, 1,988, e s, 20x100; Rudolf Seus to James H. Post, 1,998 Morris Av, Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
PILGRIM AV., 1,920; George Robb to Charlotte Robb, his wife, 1,920 Pilgrim Av., June 19; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 7 East 42d St.
POWERS AV, 348, e s, 50x99.2; Ernest D. Gerard to Morris Polsky, 1,381 Fulton Av, July 30; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$1
WALTON AV, centre line of 140th St, 88x120.5x83x119; David B. Simpson, referee, to Karolina K. Steers, 1 West 70th St, Sept. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $5,800
SAME PROPERTY; Karolina K. Steers to Georgia L. Knight, 41 Elma St, Providence, R. I., mtg $4,500, Sept. 19; attorney same $100
WEEKS AV, e s, 95 ft n of 173d St., 50x95; Land Estates, Inc., to Elted Corp., 215 Montague St., Brooklyn, Sept. 7; attorney, N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co., 185 Broadway $100
ZEREGA AV, e s, 150 ft s of Second St, 25x100; Louis Weydanz to Annie R. Daily, 1,525 Zerega Av, Sept. 13; attorney, Frank Gass, 2,215 Westchester Av.....$1
3D AV, 3,651, 65.8x136.5x102x136; Lillie Schlimowitz to Rose Nudelman, 81 Dewey Place, Brooklyn, and another, mtg $48,000, Sept. 12; attorney, Samuel Abram, 140 Nassau St $100
137TH ST, 338 East, s s, 27.2x100; Benenson Realty Co. to Paul Schnizler, 401 East 139th St, mtg $6,000, Sept. 19; attorneys, Robe & K., 258 Broadway.....$100
152D St, n s, 25 ft w of Wales Av, 25x86.11x28.11x101.5; Wilton Holding Corp. to John E. Sheehy, 1,374 Lexington Av, 4-5 parts, Sept. 4; attorney, N. Y. Title & Mtg. Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 176th St, 99.11x115, P. M. Sept. 19; Emil Silverman to Violet M. Egan, 599 West 190th St, due Sept. 15, 1923, 6 p. c., prior mtg $140,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $30,000
WOOSTER ST, 243-45, w s, 56.7 ft s of Washington Square South, 39x52, Sept. 19; Alice Carroll to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p. c. $5,000
63D ST, 106-110 West, s s, 125 ft w of Columbus Av, 75x100.5, Aug. 29; William H. Wheeler to Columbia Trust Co., 60 Broadway, due March 19, 1923; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $45,000
107TH ST, 14-20 West, Dec. 14, 1917; Rebecca Wolkenberg to Angeling Dalola, 2,458 Grand Av., Bronx, installments, payable monthly, $50, beginning Jan. 15, 1918; attorney, Charles Wiener, 2 Rector St..$1,892

Bronx.

MORRIS AV, 1,998, e s, 20x100; James H. Post to Rudolf Seus, 1,992 Morris Av, Sept. 18, 5 years; attorneys, Weschler & K., 42 Broad Way, Bronx, installments, payable monthly, $50, beginning Jan. 15, 1918; attorney, Charles Wiener, 2 Rector St..$1,892

Bronx.

MORRIS AV, 1,998, e s, 20x100; James H. Post to Rudolf Seus, 1,992 Morris Av, Sept. 18, 5 years; attorneys, Weschler & K., 42 Broad Way, Bronx, installments, payable monthly, $50, beginning Jan. 15, 1918; attorney, Charles Wiener, 2 Rector St..$1,892
PART OF LOT 88, lying east of line 101 ft e of King Av and extending e to low water mark, L. I. Sound, with strip on w 25x1; Amy

At the request of
THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
the contemplated alterations will not be made to the
CHATHAM COURT APARTMENTS
N. W. Corner Central Park West and 67th St.
THEREFORE
The apartments comprising 8 and 10 rooms, with 2 and 3 baths, are open for rent at moderate rental.
Representatives on premises will show the apartments at all hours of the day.
F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO., Agents.
BROADWAY, COR. 80TH STREET. TEL. 3800 SCHUYLER.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

ESTABLISHED 1889
SLAWSON & HOBBS
Real Estate
Brokers—Agents—Appraisers
162 West 72d St., New York City
BUY LIBERTY BONDS.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

FLATBUSH
Ocean Ave., between Aves. S & T.
8 and 9 Room Detached Houses, with garage for 2 cars, for Sale at Sacrifice price of
$8,500.
Beautiful Homes, finished in modern apartment-house style—steam heat, electric lights, parquet floors, 2 baths and extra toilet. Laundry, instantaneous hot water heater; front, breakfast and sleeping porches. Open fireplace. Exceptional bargain.
Take Brighton "L" to Avenue U.
Agent on premises.
Owner, MANVER REALTY CO.
160 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.
Phone Cortland 2386. Room 1201.

A.—REDUCED RENT
In a nice location in Brooklyn, thirty minutes to City Hall, N. Y., or thirty-seven to Grand Central R. R. Station, a ten-room, brown-stone house to rent or for sale on special terms. The price is less than one-half of like house in New York. It will pay any one wanting a home to consider this. Address for photo and particulars Turner, Executor, Room 1922 Aeolian Bldg., 33 W. 42d St., N. Y. City.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Rew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from the Heart of Manhattan
Changed conditions cause the offering of the following attractive modern houses, really exceptional values:
7 *Rooms*, 2 *Baths*, $9,500
9 *Rooms*, 2 *Baths*, 14,800
10 *Rooms*, 3 *Baths*, 18,500
All with ample grounds.
Convenient terms of sale.
The quick trip and frequent electric train service suggests the use of some afternoon or Sunday to inspect these houses.
Edgeworth Smith
Sales Manager
1 West 34th St., N. Y.
Phone Greeley 5206
Office at New Gardens Station
Phone Richmond Hill 1718

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

RIDGEWOOD
In Many Respects the Most Beautiful Town in NEW JERSEY.
A few modern houses, with all conveniences, to rent at prices ranging from $50 to $125 a month.
A few houses about ten years old, in good condition, for sale at prices less than they originally cost, between $7,250 and $9,000.
Modern homes, attractive architectural style, on high ground, convenient to station, for sale at prices ranging from $9,500 to $30,000.
W. W. WILSEY,
Opposite Station, Ridgewood, N. J.

NUTLEY, N. J. Exceptional Country Home. For Rent—Cheerful, Roomy, 5 masters' bedrooms, 3 baths; corner plot 200x150. Fine old shade; garage; garden; 5 minutes' walk sattion and golf course; opp. field club and tennis courts. James R. Hay, 385 Passaic Av., Nutley. Tel. 1158.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Tish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

Purchase, N. Y.
Westchester County.
ATTRACTIVE ALL-YEAR HOME
5 bedrooms, 3 baths, sleeping porches; modern in every detail; large grounds; garage. Rent $125 per month. For particulars address
S. E. STURGIS, 14 Wall St. Rector 8575

AT MT. VERNON new 6-7 room and laundry, stucco and brick houses; a perfect home; plenty of large closets, storage rooms, garden and garage; everything the best; electricity, gas, city sewer, fine high ground; convenient to transit, schools, stores, churches; sacrifice for cash; pictures sent; 704 South 5th Av., 3 blocks North Dyre Av. station Westchester & Boston Railroad, 5c fare; $5,000 to $7,000.

SALE OR LEASE
Corcoran Manor, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.; modern 14 room house; large garage, admirably situated, near country clubs; plot 100x200, fronting on two avenues; trolley at rear. Apply Mt. Vernon agents or JAMES E. BARRY, 4,249 Broadway, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PORT WASHINGTON
Delightful all-year home, plenty of shade and privacy; eight room house, two baths, laundry, hot water heat, extra Pittsburgh hot water heater, screens, awnings, storm windows and doors, garden, garage; easy commuting distance, overlooking the bay. Price $12,000, easy terms, or will rent for $125 monthly.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N.Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.
Albany, August 12, 1918.
Whereas, WESTERN CASUALTY COMPANY, located at Chicago, in the State of Illinois, has filed in this office a sworn statement by the proper officers thereof showing its condition and business and has complied in all respects with the laws of this State relating to liability insurance companies incorporated by other States of the United States:
Now therefore, in pursuance of law, I, Jesse S. Phillips, Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York, do hereby certify that said company is hereby authorized to transact the business of liability insurance in this State in accordance with law, during the current year. The condition and business of said Company at the date of such statement (December 31, 1917) is shown as follows:

Aggregate amount of admitted assets	$1,031,928.84
Aggregate amount of liabilities, (except capital and surplus,) including reinsurance	593,235.57
Amount of actual paid-up capital	250,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities	188,693.27
Amount of income for the year	426,973.06
Amount of disbursements for the year	157,044.38

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of my office to be affixed the day and year above written.
(Seal.) JESSE S. PHILLIPS,
Superintendent of Insurance.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Merrick, L. I.
Several houses, thoroughly well adapted for Winter use. Moderate rents. Cathedral Schools (boys and girls) at Garden City; also Salisbury Golf Links within easy motoring distance. Tel. John 2260.
R. W. FORD, 84 William Street.

200 LOTS FOR $7 EACH.
Worth $40 apiece. Must have CASH at once. In quickest growing section of Long Island. Wonderful Investment, home or speculation. No broker. Address Given Away, 187 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

340 Madison Avenue
At 43rd St.
Pease & Elliman Building
Parlor floor and offices for rent. Immediate possession.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill

TO SUB-LET
Entire Floor, about 5,000 Sq. Ft.
Suitable for offices, drafting room, etc. Location, heart of downtown business district, in modern, fireproof building; light on three sides. Available immediately. Rent very reasonable. Address T. F. R., Room 909, 469 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

BROOKLYN.

BUILDING TO LET.
Immediate Possession.
Four-story, corner Broadway and Reid Av.; 45x100; passenger and freight elevators; will lease, sell, or exchange. LEVY BROS., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

801 WEST END AVE.
Cor. 99th St.
Corner Apartment, 8 Rooms; Southern Exposure.
RENT $2,300.

350 WEST 85TH ST.
Near Riverside Drive.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths.
RENT $2,500.

46 WEST 73RD ST.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths. Rent $3,000. Would rent, furnished, $500 month, for 7 or 8 months.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons, Agents, B'way & 79th St. Phone 9700 Schuyler.

136 & 138 WEST 65 ST.
"SHROPSHIRE"
One apartment formerly leased by Neysa McMein—consisting of large studio, foyer hall, bedroom, dining room, kitchen, and bathroom. Rent $125 per month.

NEAR SUBWAY & ELEVATED STATION AT 66TH STREET

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR
Apartments,
PARKVIEW
501 WEST 110TH ST.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,700.
LOSANNO COURT
307 WEST 79TH ST.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,700.
9 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,700.
WINTER REALTIES,
539 West 155th St.

725 Riverside Drive
South Cor. 150th Street.
HIGH TYPE OF APARTMENTS
All modern improvements. Exceptional view of the Hudson. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS, abundance of light and sunshine. Must be seen to be appreciated.
3 Rooms & Bath, $660.
6 Rooms & Bath, $1000 up.
7 Rooms & 2 Baths, $1500.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

Fifth Av.—5 W. 16th St.
SKYLIGHT
Studio, 1 Room & Bath, Kitchenette; Maid, Telephone, Valet Service; References.
$45
Also One Top Light Studio, (2 rooms.) Black and White Artist, Engravers, Sculptors.

11 Rooms,
3 Baths, $2,800 to $3,000.
8 & 9 Rooms, $1800 to $2000
Best value for the money in town.
ALL LIGHT, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
120-5 Riverside Drive
NORTH CORNER OF 84TH ST.

BONNY CASTLE
HIGHLAND COURT
St. Nicholas Av. at 191st St.
Elevator Apartments
5 to 8 Rooms
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

	Light	
	Size	
	View	

8 Rooms and Bath, $1,200.
1,425 Sq. Ft. All Light Floor Space.
Facing Central Park at 100th St. Entrance.
407 Central Park West.
	Light	
	Size	
	View	

Price $12,000, easy terms, or will rent for $125 monthly.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N.Y.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

SPUYTEN DUYVIL.—Elegant ten-room house, garage and grounds; all improvements; beautiful location; Spuyten Duyvil Parkway and Kappock St.; moderate rent; lease. Inquire premises or H. O. Heuer, 271 West 125th.

For Rent.—20-room house, unfurnished; newly decorated; good condition; running water; excellent location; reasonable rent; fine opportunity for right party. Inquire 704 West 120th St.

Lease for sale, beautiful house of 12 rooms, 3 baths, West End Av., near 71st St., city; coal in for Winter. Inquire of H. L. Prentice, Corbin Place, Manhattan Beach. Phone 920 Coney Island.

78 East 92d St.; rent $1,650.
76 East 91st St.; rent $2,000.
Electric lights; parquet floors; two baths; perfect condition. Caretaker on premises.

146th, 404 West.—Eleven rooms and two baths; $1,200. W. D. Morgan, agent, 3,573 Broadway, (147th.)

Three-story house in the 80s, near Drive. Tucker, 5050 Barclay.

Brooklyn.

$7,500—Two-family brick house; 12 rooms; all improvements; income $720 per year; owner on premises. Boldt, 129 Chauncey St., near Stuyvesant Av. Phone Bedford 8338.

Long Island.

BAYSIDE.—Immediate possession; house and garage, one and a half years old, ten minutes' walk from station, six minutes from water. Plot 40x100, seven large rooms and tiled bath; open fireplace in living room, electricity, gas, steam heat; built-in Hoosier in kitchen; price $5,750; small cash payment, and $45 per month, or terms to suit. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St., Greeley 6896.

GREAT NECK.—10-room furnished house, southern exposure; 5 minutes from station, best residential section; 2 bath rooms; open fireplace; gas, electricity; Winter supply coal; double garage; $150 monthly. Tel. F. H. Covey, 176 W.

Farmingdale, the busiest town on Long Island; $250 will buy a 7-room house, all improvements; large plot of ground; near trolley and station; balance same as rent. William Geiger, 45 West 34th St., New York.

Queens.

JAMAICA SACRIFICE, $6,250.
New, 6 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; best section Jamaica; plot 40x100. This home is actually worth $8,000. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Westchester County.

BRONXVILLE.—New house and garage; corner plot, 75x150; living room 18x35; 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, 2 bedrooms, and attic; 3 baths; mortgage $8,000 at 5½ per cent., due March, 1922. Telephone Mackintosh, 8800 Cortlandt or 952 Bronxville.

LARCHMONT.—Special bargain, $7,500; 9 rooms; hot-water heat, tiled bath, large porch, hardwood trim; 5 minutes' walk to station. H. M. OLCOTT, 51 East 42d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 2326.

Bungalow apartment nearing completion, occupancy Oct. 1; five rooms, bath, porches; best location in Yonkers; rent $480. Van Ness Bros., 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

At Mount Vernon, N. Y.
A good list of houses to rent; some have coal supply in cellar.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

Colonial cottage, (100 years old.) plot 50x130; 6 rooms, attic; macadam road; 3 miles Bedford Hills; $3,200 cash. Clark, Lee & Tibbitts, White Plains.

Bronxville.—For rent from Oct. 1, fully furnished, charming country home, 11 rooms, 3 baths; $1,500. Address George Matthew, Bronxville, or Tel. Audubon 2980.

Nine-room house, well furnished, Greenacres, Hartsdale. White Plains 2405-M.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

UP-TO-DATE NEW BUILDING,
330 WEST 86TH ST.
2 and 3 Rooms, Kitchenette.
Including Maid and Hall Service.
ONE DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.

9 West 91st St.
7 Rooms
Bath, 2 Toilets
ELEVATOR HOUSE
Rent $1100
Quiet location, near Park; southern exposure.

6-7-8 Rooms, $57.50, $70, $83.33
Elevator apartment house, very large rooms. Will decorate to suit.
Subway express station at 181st St.
523 West 187th St. Near Audubon Avenue.

512 WEST 122ND ST.
NEAR BROADWAY.
SUBWAY EXPRESS, MANHATTAN ST.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
8 Rooms, $900-$1,000

547 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
THE HAGUE APARTMENTS,
Near 127th St. Sub. Sta., Manhattan St.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE.
6-7 Rooms, $1,000-$1,200.

31 WEST 124TH ST.
Elevator. Telephone. Electricity. Etc.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION, 125TH ST.
WILL DECORATE TO SUIT TENANT.
8 Rooms, $900

MANHATTAN—East Side.

780 Madison Ave.
Between 66 and 67 Streets
Apartment Hotel
Exclusive, private Suites, beautifully FINISHED, with all hotel conveniences, including maid service.
Restaurant
2 Rooms and Bath, $750 up.
4 Rooms and Bath, $1,550 up.
Reception room decorated by Charles of London.

40th St., Nos. 34 & 36 East
High Class Elevator, all Improvements;
2 and 3 Rooms and Bath; non-housekeeping; including service.
$1,200 to $1,500.
Bohnenkamp & Schneider, Agents, 542 5th Av., N. Y. Tel. Vanderbilt 2839.

Seven Rooms.
AND TWO BATHS
1109-1111 Madison Ave.
CORNER OF 83D ST.
Every modern convenience; southern exposure; $1,800 to $2,200. See Superintendent, or
JOHN A. SCHOEN, 119 BIBLE HOUSE. TEL. STUY. 490.

940-942 PARK AVE.,
Northwest corner East 81st St.
Modern elevator apartment, 7 sunny corner rooms; rent, unfurnished, $1,380 yearly; 7 room furnished apartment, $1,600 from now until June 1st.

55 EAST 76TH ST.
NEAR PARK AVE.
High-class apartment; excellent elevator, hall, and telephone service.
7 Rooms, $1,500.

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SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION 125TH ST.
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7-8 Rooms, $780-$1,000.

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HIGH-GRADE ELEVATOR APTS.
$75 6 and 7 rooms and bath; excellent service; choice apartment third floor; special rate $75; fare 5 cents to New York; 7 minutes to Wall St.; opposite Hotel Bossert. Phone Bedford 4400. $100
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The Lorraine
Fifth Ave. at 45th St.
Under the personal direction of
FRED J. EISLER
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Apartments and Rooms with Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, by the Year or Transiently.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and mon hly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 5-cent commutation fare; 8 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; terraced lawn, trees, paved streets, steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures; concrete basement; attic, ample space for garden and garage; driveway in rear; near fine schools and station, 70 trains daily. PURCHASERS FULLY PROTECTED IF DRAFTED. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5647.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—A splendid Home in most aristocratic section of North Plainfield now available for lease; contains 11 rooms, 2 baths, with large reception hall, pantry, &c.; in splendid condition throughout, electric lights, steam heat, porches front and rear; lot 100x840, with beautiful shade trees, and garage for two cars; immediate ocupancy; $100 per month to approved parties; a real opportunity. Communicate with owner, C. W. M., Room 200, 95 Broad St., New York City. Phone 691—Broad.

SHORT HILLS, N. J.
Leaving for Russia; will sacrifice my eight-room stucco house; all improvements; ideal location; over one acre ground; price $9,000; $5,000 5 per cent. mortgage. Mr. N. Stepanoff, Short Hills on Lackawanna.

AT BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.
Attractive modern cottages, furnished, for Winter, with garages; convenient to station; fine schools; rent $35 to $150 per month. Apply Richard McNeely Agency, Bradley Beach, N. J.

For Sale.—Bargain: nine-room stucco, hollow tile house; all improvements; excellent location; garage; terms to suit. Write or call to owner, C. S. Lord, 70 Ridge Road, Rutherford, N. J.

COTTAGE—16 ROOMS
and 35 acres of magnificently situated shore land, three miles north of York Harbor. Apply to Henry W. Weare, Ogunquit, Me.

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New York State.

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Small furnished house or apartment wanted, thirty minutes Grand Central, $50. Hall, 87 Glenwood Av., Yonkers. Tel. 4245M.

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New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale or Rent—Hollow tile building, 80 ft. x 70 ft. x 18 ft — brick building, 35 ft. x 80 ft., 2 stories high, with 40 horsepower boiler, artesian well, steam pump, and engine; near railroad; suitable for factory or creamery. Apply John Schoch, 87 Chester Av., Irvington, N. J. Phone Waverly 591.

We specialize in Bergen and Rockland County real estate titles; our guaranteed mortgages are a "safety first investment." Write for Booklet A. North Jersey Title Insurance Co., Hackensack, N. J.

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We have some very desirable unfurnished houses in White Plains and Scarsdale which can be rented at $800 to $2,400 annually; also a number of well-furnished homes to rent for the Winter at $85 to $300 monthly, with coal supply assured.
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Beautiful ten-room house, Chester Hill section, Mt. Vernon; all improvements; large plot; price $8,500; $1,000 down and balance mortgage. Kent, 9 West 45th St. Telephone Bryant 2729.

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Investors and speculators in real estate should communicate with the undersigned, in view of coming developments in real estate in and about Montreal. Dubreuil & Dagenais, 90 St. James St., Montreal, Canada.

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Site for boys' camp, adjoining lake, within 200 miles of New York. Send information, including water, sewerage, lighting, buildings, acreage, transportation, &c., Z 260 Times Annex.

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Desirable, well ventilated light private office, opposite Grand Central Station; rent $30. 50 East 42d St., Room 706.

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Floors to let for business.

ATTRACTIVE SMALL OFFICE. Apply Room 404, 15 East 40th St.

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Loft about 7,500 square feet for light manufacturing; modern building, in city, below 59th St.; good light, strong floor; immediate occupancy. Write details, Akeley Camera, Inc., 531 West 21st.

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30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $18 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

37TH, EAST.—Furnished, unfurnished studios; lease; $25-$55. Apply 174 Madison Av.

49TH ST., 146 EAST.—3 rooms and bath; southern and western exposure; from Oct. 1. See Superintendent, Apartment 73.

49TH ST., 49 EAST.—Artistically furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette.

51ST ST., 40 AND 49 EAST.
58TH ST., 40 WEST.
Attractively furnished one, two, three, and four-room apartments; light, heat, elevator, and maid service; by week, month, or year.

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I have for sublease large selections of completely furnished private apartments, 4 to 12 rooms, east, west side; season, year; $150-$1,500 monthly. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 200 West 72d St. Columbus 8874.

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ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS; high-class. Call for particulars, FRANK L. RISHER CO., 50 E. at 42d St.

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49TH ST., 11 WEST.—Three large rooms on parlor floor, suitable for doctor or milliner; exclusive location; charming rooms; ready Oct. 1.

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52D, 43 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartments, one, two rooms, kitchenette, bathroom; exclusive.

52D, 43 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, kitchenette, bathroom; also one room, bathroom.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

56TH ST., 34 WEST.
Furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Elaborately furnished duplex studios, 21x30; double height ceiling; open fireplaces, 2 bedrooms, bath, kitchenette, with refrigeration; opposite Carnegie; immediate possession.

59TH, 100 WEST, overlooking park.—Exquisitely furnished small apartment, kitchenette, restaurant. Mason.

60TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.) —$50 up, 2 and 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary; open evenings.

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75TH, 324, (West End Av.)—Elegant parlor floor, private bath, kitchenette, electricity.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Furnished second floor, two large connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Six rooms, south; $2,500 yearly, $2,000 8 months; would sell, including lease, $3,500. Mitchel, Columbus 1045.

79TH, 310 WEST.—Seven large, sunny, outside rooms, handsomely furnished; river view.

81ST, 203 WEST.—Complete, well-furnished apartment, five rooms; furniture comparatively new; eighth floor; S. W. exposure; one year, Oct. 1. Telephone Schuyler 5520.

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113TH, 517 WEST.
2, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS.
Very high-class apartments, artistically furnished, and complete in every detail, including linen and silver. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

113TH, 535 WEST.—4 rooms and bath; elegant apartment; every room light and airy; 8th floor; modern fireproof house; all conveniences; excellent service; near Columbia University; rental $1,020.

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APARTMENTS, two and three rooms, kitchenettes; new, high-class apartment building, facing Central Park South; luxurious, new furnishings; available only to high-class people financially able to pay for use of exquisite home. Telephone Circle 1535.

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100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
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We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.

Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; consecutive, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

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Furnished apartments of 2, 3, and 4 rooms and bath; desirable rates. Hotel service. Restaurant. Ideal location.
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140 West 79th St., 5th floor west; 8-room apartment, 3 master bedrooms and 3 bath-rooms, for the Winter season or for two years.
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8 rooms, 3 baths, elegantly and completely furnished; silver and linen; all large, light rooms.
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Attractive furnished, steam-heated apartments, 5, 4, 7 rooms, bath, electricity, porches, garage, $50 up. Telephone Cliffside 177M, Kerby, 162 Anderson Av., Palisade, N. J.

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28 EAST 28TH STREET.
Two rooms and bath, $55 and $60.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Eight large rooms, bath; three open fireplaces; moderate rent; elevator building; near new subway station.

49TH ST., 36 EAST.—2 and 3 rooms and bath; also parlor floor and basement. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St.

54TH, 115 EAST.—To lease in private house, large second-floor front room, alcove, bath; southern exposure; steam, electricity; rent $35 month; reference; gentlemen.

73D, 133 EAST.—Seven rooms; steam heat; all improvements; $65.

79TH, 302 WEST, (Apt. 7 West Front.)—Seven rooms, recently redecorated, to lease until Sept. 30, 1919; rental $1,500 per annum; possession 30th inst.; inspection this day and Sunday, Sept. 22, between 2 P. M. and 5 o'clock.

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Attractive suburban home; has large, comfortable rooms, to rent, with board. 209 Park Hill Av., Park Hill-on-Hudson, Yonkers, N. Y.

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BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST. — Bright, willing, accurate, $15. G. T., 1,699 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

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COLLEGE WOMAN, experienced advertisement writer, organizer, confidential secretary, salesmanship. Successful. R 339 Times.

COMPANION.—Christian Scientist would attend invalid lady or act as companion, or would superintend home part of day. Address Ideal, 422 Columbus Av.

MASSAGE and electric treatment at office or at ladies' residences; hours, 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. Mrs. Johnson, 355 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE.—Licensed medical gymnast, doctor's recommendation; ladies' residences. Henriette, 160 Wadsworth Av. St. Nicholas 9683.

MASSEUSE (licensed) desires additional patients. Brook, 211 W. 88th. Tel. Riverside 3329.

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STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, experienced; $18. M. P., 673 Prospect Av., Bronx.

WOMAN, middle aged, take care small apartments; no washing; furnish best of reference. Call or write 501 West 178th, Apt. 52

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YOUNG WOMAN, college, services to offer as supervisor, secretary or first-class stenographer in position where ability and earnest endeavor are appreciated; highest credentials; conscientious, dependable; $30-$35. G. L., 1450 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN of refinement, college education, expert typist, seeks secretarial position; physician preferred. N 681 Times Harlem.

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ACCOUNTANT, credit and office manager, auditor, and executive, from Philadelphia, seeks engagement; salary $4,000 per year. Z 228 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 132 Nassau St., Room 1221 Telephone Beekman 7500.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Opens books; seeking engagements, evening or Sunday work. R 225 Times.

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ASSISTANT to executive; gentleman, (40 years,) high-class credentials; ample business experience in many directions; progressing concern; modest salary to start. R 328 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, experienced, draft exempt, best references, desires position with reliable concern with prospects for advancement. S 682 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway, Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR desires position; private family; best references. Telephone Astoria 311. Frank Heckenstein, 351 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

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Can drive any car; wife chambermaid, plain cook, waitress; country preferred. 131 East 83d St., care Banker. Phone Lenox 8631.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, married, age 31, wishes private position; 9 years' experience, 5 years in last position; salary $30 to $35 weekly. R 267 Times.

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CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, native, white, 39 years, married, 15 years' experience, sober, reliable, best references. Metzong, 2076 8th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 23, exempt, careful, reliable, wants steady position. Wiesner, 1,325 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Age 41, married; 12 years' experience; drive any car; salary $35. Vorts, 64 West 88th. 2397 Schuyler.

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CHEMIST, 46 years; married; 20 years' practical experience chemical industry; legally trained; competent in patent matters, desires executive position with chemical concern. Manufacture of sulfuric acid by contact, potass. permgte., electrolysis of chlorides, salicylic acid, red copper oxide, chloroform, cleansing, &c.; initiative making improvements; no petty jobs considered; will go West. Z 230 Times Annex.

CLERK-STENOGRAPHER.—Nights, 6 to 10 P. M.; give opportunity. A. B., 151 East 41st.

GARDENER AND FARMER SUPT., 12 years with last employer, 6 with former; recommended. Address Box 3, Hewlett, Long Island.

JAPANESE DESIRES POSITION AS COOK OR VALET. K. J., 445 EAST 87TH ST.

MAN, (35,) married, intelligent, capable, wishes outside position, reasonable wages. R 320 Times.

MAN, experienced ledger clerk, office work, willing start $25. Reardon, 230 East 46th.

SALESMAN.—Draft exempt; experienced fur traveler; established trade; good references. L 720 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

TWO COLLEGE MEN, SIX YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, DRAFT EXEMPT, SEEK POSITION WITH ESSENTIAL CORPORATION. O 508 TIMES HARLEM.

YOUNG MAN, exempt, 7 years' office experience, good penman, quick, accurate at figures, desires position essential industry. L 749 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, (19,) wishes position; 2 years' clerical experience; best reference; willing worker; $16. L 718 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, desires clerical position where capability, accuracy is recognized; experienced; $15; bookkeeping department preferable. S 636 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, business training, selling, quick to learn at anything, desires favorable connection; exempt. R 319 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position with insurance concern; clerical experience; American and Canadian Army discharge; excellent references. S 688 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, draft exempt, desires position with advancement assured. O 512 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position, office preferred. Box 50, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) accountant, stenographer, desires employment evenings, Sundays; references. S 20 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) desires position with reliable firm; intelligent, honest, and willing; draft exempt. L 717 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with reliable concern; best references. O 506 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDING MACHINE EXPERTS.—Bank; give age, references, experience, salary wanted; fine chance for advancement. A 94 Times.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING.

We will train immediately a number of young women for long distance telephone operating; any young woman, between the ages of 17 and 25, of ordinary education and intelligence, can qualify; we pay $9 a week to students during a short training period; increase in pay upon completion of training; permanent situations and increased wages with excellent chances for advancement.

This is a splendid opportunity to engage in an essential war service.

Apply in person to Mrs. Wadsworth, Room 530, 24 Lispenard St. (One block south of Canal St.)

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BANK MESSENGERS.
Give age, experience, and references; fine chance for advancement; salary $600 a year to start. A 95 Times.

BILL CLERK, on Smith machine. Call W. E. Pruden, 864 8th Av., 10 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER.—Well-educated woman who can use typewriter and produce evidences of integrity of character and reliability in work; the requirements are education, intelligence, experience, and neatness. Room 1690, 15 William St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in double entry work; salary $22 per week; steady position with advancement; references required; confidential. L 656 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, competent, trial balance and controlling accounts; state experience and salary expected. L 735 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CLERKS wanted by large corporation; good opportunity bright young ladies; state religion. S 684 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Girl, experienced bookkeeper, rapid figurer; wholesale exporter. L 669 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Apply only by letter. Jacob Bros. Piano Factory, office 539 West 39th St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, who can do some stenography. Shire & Strauss, 2 John St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced on customers' ledger and trial balance; no beginners; salary $18. S 697 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be experienced and must know typewriting; give details and references. 532 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with a little knowledge of typewriting. Call, between 1 and 2 o'clock, Union Mfg. Co., 291 Monroe St., N. Y.

CASHIER for old-established wholesale house; state experience, age, salary wanted. Address Cashier, Room 2,502, 110 West 40th St.

CASH CLERK.—Good salary, fine prospects. Hano Printing House, 806 Greenwich St., City.

CHEMIST — THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE MANUFACTURE OF ROUGE, COSMETICS, TOILET PREPARATIONS, AND PERFUMERY; SEND FULL PARTICULARS REGARDING YOUR EXPERIENCE AND PRESENT OCCUPATION. R 817 TIMES.

CLERKS, female, by a large corporation; a number of young women from 20 to 30 years of age, with high school or college education; interesting work and rapid promotion to supervising positions for those who can make good; an unusual opportunity; salary to start depends upon experience. Box L 410 Times Downtown.

CLERK.
Girl with good education and some bookkeeping experience; salary dependent upon ability.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

CLERK.—One having some experience on cost and payroll work. U. S. Printing and Lithograph Co., 91 North 3d St., Brooklyn.

COOK—WAITRESS.—Mother and daughter or sister for cook and waitress, small club, two hours from New York on Jersey Central; good wages. Z 233 Times Annex.

COOK in cafeteria; 8 hours; no Sundays or holidays; good on meats and vegetables. People's House Cafeteria, 7 East 15th St.

COOK Wanted.—Thoroughly experienced, for private family; good wages. Apply 619 West 127th St., Apt. 53.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR — Experienced only. Spero-Michael Co., 14 East 14th St.

DRAFTSWOMAN.—Large engineering publishing house in New York City wants to secure tracers who can produce neat, rapid work from blue prints; free-hand inking experience preferred; state age, experience, salary; inclose small sample; position permanent; good chance for advancement. A 99 Times.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR wanted; experience necessary; salary $12 weekly. Apply Superintendent, 16 East 22d.

ELLIOTT FISHER ENTRY CLERK wanted by stationery house; must have had previous trade experience; state age, nationality, and salary desired. S 703 Times Downtown.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, capable, energetic woman, qualified to handle all kinds of help. Address Employment, Box 48, Long Island City.

FILE CLERK.—Energetic and willing; $10 per week; excellent opportunity for a wide-awake girl. United Motors Corp., 33 West 42d St.

FRENCH TEACHERS wanted for schools in other cities; fare paid; knowledge of English not necessary. Apply in French by letter only, stating age, birthplace, studies made, references, &c., to Berlitz School, 80 West 34th St.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, 17 to 19, slight knowledge of stenography preferred; state qualifications and salary expected. S 714 Times Downtown

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
32D ST., BROADWAY,
33D ST.,
REQUIRE
YOUNG WOMEN between the ages of 18 and 21 to work in their mail order department in the capacity of shoppers; good opportunity for those who qualify. Apply Management Office, 5th Floor.

GIRLS—WANTED—WOMEN.
Large mail order house, men's, women's and children's wearing apparel, requires girls and women for packing, shipping, and order picking departments; excellent working conditions, good salary; previous experience unnecessary. Apply personally, Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station, 9th Av. "L."

GIRLS.
Goldsmith Bros., retail commercial stationers, mercantile office supplies, require the services of girls about 15 years of age or over; these positions offer excellent opportunities to girls who are bright, neat, and ambitious. Apply after 11 A. M., or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

GIRL.—Intelligent girl good at figuring; permanent office position; cost department or payroll experience advantageous but not required; start $12-$16, dependent on experience and knowledge. Apply or write Mr. Magill, General Paper Goods, 253 36th St., Brooklyn.

GIRLS for light factory work; hours, 8 to 5:30; state salary. Z 227 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS,
WOMEN.

CLERKS—
GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS, CLEARNESS OF HANDWRITING OF IMPORTANCE; PAY BASED ON PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE; FACILITIES FOR TRAINING BEGINNERS.

ORDER PICKERS—
ACTIVE GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE TO FILL MERCHANDISE ORDERS IN OUR PIECE GOODS, NOTIONS, WOMEN'S WEAR, SHOES, AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS; GOOD PAY TO START; ADVANCEMENT AS SOON AS ABILITY IS SHOWN.

UTILITY WORKERS—
THESE POSITIONS ARE IN OUR SHIPPING ROOM; EXPERIENCE IN FACTORY, LAUNDRY, OR HOUSEWORK HELPFUL, AS THESE POSITIONS REQUIRE THAT YOU WORK STANDING; ADVANCEMENT IS RAPID.

PART-TIME WORK—
WE CAN USE WOMEN FIVE DAYS EACH WEEK FROM 1:00 P. M. TO 5:30 P. M.; VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS, CLERICAL WORKERS, STOCK PEOPLE, AND GENERAL WORKERS.

OUR BUILDINGS
ARE LOCATED THREE MINUTES' WALK FROM THE SANDS ST. STATION AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

CALL AT ONCE—
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS.
$10 PER WEEK TO START.
Light handwork in stationery factory; early advancement.
CHAS. E. WEYAND & CO.,
22 HOWARD ST.

GIRLS, (16-20,) for office and clerical work in large mail order house; public, parochial or high school graduates preferred; good working conditions, steady employment, good opportunity for advancement. Apply personally, Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station 9th Av. "L."

GIRL in office of mercantile Christian firm; must be good typist and accurate at figures; call with letter of application in own handwriting. 54 Maiden Lane, Room 610, after 9 A. M.

GIRLS and women for examining, trimming, and packing leather goods. Hauser & Weil, 3 West 19th St.

GIRL FOR SHOWROOM; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 8 EAST 22D.

GIRL.—For general housework, small family; good wages; sleep out. Apply Apartment 4, 556 West 140th.

GIRL for linen room; only those with hotel experience need apply. See housekeeper, Hotel Grand, 31st St. and Broadway.

GIRL wanted, assort tobacco; 8 hours daily; no experience necessary; $2.50 per day. Charles Shavrien, 204 West 20th St.

GIRL, white, for general housework; two in family. 622 West 113th St.

GIRL.—Accurate at figures. Call Field and Stream Magazine, 25 West 45th St.

GOVERNESS wanted for two children, 4 and 5; board; good disposition and good English; require best references. 238 Riverside Drive, Apt. 4D.

GOVERNESS or NURSE for girl 4½ years; woman of experience; highest references required. A 526 Times Downtown.

HEARN,
14th St., West of Fifth Av.,
require
MESSENGERS.
Hours, 9:30 to 6.
Messengers in our employ, including those now engaged, will receive Dec. 24, in addition to wages, an extra reward for satisfactory work of Fifteen Dollars on Christmas Eve.

HOUSEKEEPER (WORKING) FOR LITTLE MODERN HOUSE ON LONG ISLAND; 30 MINUTES FROM PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, NEW YORK; SMALL FAMILY; $40 PER MONTH FOR START; STATE RELIGION, NATIONALITY, AGE, AND REFERENCES. S 658 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HOUSEKEEPER—Well brought up, reliable, experienced, competent to take entire charge; good cook preferred; family of two in apartment on Park Av.; best references necessary. Address Park Av., Room 828, 200 5th Av., New York City.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Wanted an active, capable woman as housekeeper in nearby suburban city; three children in family. Address with references and terms, S 605 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK.—Experienced on accounts receivable, books; steady position, with a good future for one who understands monthly trial balance work; state age, nationality, and salary to begin. Ledger, P. O. Box 686, New York City.

LINEN ROOM GIRL.—Only those with hotel experience need apply. See housekeeper, Hotel Grand, 31st St. and Broadway.

MIMEOGRAPH OPERATOR wanted; addressers and folders; some experience necessary; $12 per week; temporary work. Interview only after 10:30 A. M., Saturday, 37 Liberty St., fourth floor.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for three girls, 6, 9, and 10; good wages; experience and good references necessary. Call Saturday, 3 to 5, 107 West 74th St.

NURSE for two-year-old child; English or Scotch preferred; references required; adequate salary, considerate treatment; good home in suburbs in Louisville, Ky. Apply to Mrs. C. B. Robinson, 200 West 58th St.

NURSE, practical, evenings only, 7-11, and Sundays, for Catholic lady; $20 month. A 88 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT WITH TYPEWRITING; REFINED, INTELLIGENT YOUNG LADY WANTED; BEGINNING SALARY, $12 TO $14. A 89 TIMES.

OFFICE WORK.—Young lady, experienced, to assist in general office duties. Kranich & Bach, 235, East 23d St.

PIN SETTERS.—Girls (colored) for pin setters in bowling alleys. I. P. Spinella, 29 Park Row. Call between 12 A. M.-8 P. M.

PRESSER—WHOLESALE LADIES' UNDERWEAR; LIGHT WORK. 258 5TH AV., 8TH FLOOR.

PRINTING SHOP, working on flat paper, high-class bindings. High-grade work throughout, has opportunity for woman who has had several years' experience and who can issue factory tickets, using accounting forms; also want another woman whose experience enables her to make job envelopes for the factory; exceptional opportunity; location near Canal and Hudson. Address A 54 Times.

SALESLADY for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; high side position; good salary; apply after 11 A. M. or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESLADIES,
experienced, corsets, hosiery, underwear, and infants' wear; good salary, steady position. I. Bergen, 120 West 125th St.

SALESLADIES, $2.25 day as extra Saturday. Call today. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN, experienced on gowns and suits; position permanent; good pay. Bernard, 581 6th Av.

STATIONERY SALESLADY.
Must know printing and engraving. Good opportunity for right party in high-class store. State salary and experience. L 757 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMEN.
WITH OR WITHOUT EXPERIENCE.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of women from 16 to 40 years of age with selling ability to work
All Day or
11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
or
Several Days a Week.
To those with a determination to progress, ample opportunity to acquire a thorough knowledge of Salesmanship and Merchandise will be afforded in our modern school of salesmanship, with satisfactory salary arrangements while learning.
Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE SEVERAL YOUNG WOMEN AS ELEVATOR OPERATORS.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT OF DELIVERY, MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE SEVERAL YOUNG WOMEN FOR VARIOUS POSITIONS IN THEIR DELIVERY DEPARTMENT. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT DELIVERY, MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.

STENOGRAPHER. — With experience on switchboard preferred; permanent position. Apply in handwriting, stating experience and salary expected, Takito, Ogawa & Co., 101 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER wanted, in essential industry, with at least several years' experience; good, permanent position. Address, stating age, qualifications, religion, and salary desired. H. B., 192 Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted in contractor's office; must be experienced and efficient. Call or write to James Mitchell, Inc., 76 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., Room 310.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, intelligent young lady wanted with several years' business experience for position offering excellent opportunity for advancement; state experience in detail and salary desired. R 289 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Experienced; good opportunity. Call for interview Saturday after 1 P. M., John Campbell & Co., 75 Hudson.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be experienced; excellent opportunity for the right party. Apply American Fashion Co., 222 West 39th St., 8th floor.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner, who can transcribe notes correctly; a good grammarian. Peck & Co., 19 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, rapid, accurate; permanent position. Exide Battery Depot, Inc., 101 West End Av., at 64th St.

STENOGRAPHER, English-Spanish, wanted immediately; salary according to ability. Call Room 1206, 25 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. T. Y. Crowell Co., Publishers, 428 West Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Beginner in uptown office; state education, age, salary. W 31 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and General Office Worker.—Call, after 3 P. M., T. S. Barritt, 219 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER and Switchboard Operator.—$15 to start; must be experienced. Apply Room 1106, 26 Cortlandt St., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have several years' experience export house. Room 3104, Equitable Building.

STOCK CLERK.—Girl as stock clerk in large wholesale dry goods house; good chance for advancement. Loeb & Schoenfeld Co., 27-33 West 23d.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Girl wanted, telephone switchboard, law office. Room 603, 220 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Call 146 East 28th St., today, at 4 P. M.

TRACER.—ELECTRICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL WORK; ENGINEERING COMPANY DOING 100% GOVERNMENT WORK; WORK IN NEW YORK CITY. CALL AERO ALARM COMPANY, 26 CORTLANDT ST.

TUTORESS.—To enter family and prepare high school girl graduate for college. Dr. H. T. Stewart, 597 5th Av, New York City.

TYPISTS.
WE CAN USE 30 TYPISTS AT ONCE; IF YOU HAVE HAD PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE YOU WILL BE RATED ACCORDINGLY; IF YOU ARE A BEGINNER WE HAVE EXCELLENT FACILITIES FOR TRAINING.
CALL AT ONCE—
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires young ladies, 16-20, as typists; steady position, quick advancement; excellent opportunity for beginners. Call personally, Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station 9th Av. "L."

TYPISTS. — RAPID; BIG COMPANY; HOURS, 9 TO 4; SATURDAYS, 12; ALL YEAR; $50 MONTHLY; QUICK ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS TYPO, P. O. BOX 50, WALL STREET BRANCH.

WANTED
(LUNCH ROOM WORK).
Young women by the New York Telephone Company for general work and kitchen work in girls' lunch room; pleasant surroundings, good wages, eight-hour day; permanent positions, opportunity for advancement. Apply 58 West Houston St., New York, or 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

WINDOW DRESSER, capable of dressing and designing, wanted for men's hat stores, operating chain stores in several cities; must be 30 to 40 years old; apply in writing; state salary expected. C. H. B., Suite 1106, 95 Madison Av.

WOMEN CLEANERS, WHITE, BETWEEN 25 AND 35, AND WEIGHING NOT MORE THAN 150 POUNDS, FOR LIGHT WORK UNDER PLEASANT CONDITIONS. APPLY BOX L 413 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WOMAN, intelligent, to take 2 children to and from school, 4 blocks, from 12-4 o'clock. Appy B. R. Cahn, 216 West 120th St., Apt. 6-A.

YOUNG GIRL, learn wholesale Yankee notion business; clean work. L 670 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY CHARGE CLERK;
ALSO ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; THOSE HAVING EXPERIENCE IN WHOLESALE CLOTHING LINE PREFERRED. A 518 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN OFFICE; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY. MUST BE REFINED AND INTELLIGENT. NEW YORK MILLINERY AND SUPPLY CO., 237 BROADWAY.

YOUNG LADY for general office work and as assistant in jewelry store. Liberal salary. A 505 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, about 18, assist on books; state religion and salary expected. L. L., 150 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN.
THE WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY HAS THE FOLLOWING VACANCIES. CALL AT ONCE IF YOU QUALIFY FOR ANY OF THESE POSITIONS.
GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN:
Bright girls (not under 18 years) to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government. 25 cents per hour and supplemental war wage. Demonstrated ability will bring rapid advancement. 48 hours per week. Half day Saturday.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
NEAR WEST ST.,
SIX BLOCKS SOUTH OF 14TH ST.

YOUNG WOMEN, 20 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, FOR INTERESTING MECHANICAL WORK; KNOWLEDGE OF SHOP WORK; EXPERIENCE DESIRED BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT UNDER SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS. APPLY BOX L 411 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG WOMEN to learn light, interesting mechanical work; pleasant surroundings; good light and ventilation; good pay and splendid chance for advancement. Hipp, Didisheim & Bro., 84 Maiden Lane.

YOUNG WOMEN, 18 to 25, filing and clerical work; permanent positions, congenial surroundings, and opportunity for advancement. Apply M. Gray, 346 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

MANY POSITIONS OPEN
for thoroughly trained File Clerks; salaries excellent; opportunities to advance; we prepare you to fill these positions by a Course of Training that is practical, speedy, inexpensive; ours is the only school affiliated with a Filing Equipment House; classes, now forming. Next Afternoon Class Sept. 30. Next Evening Class (6:30 to 8:30) Oct. 1. Write, 'phone or call for full information regarding subjects taught, positions, salaries, tuition, &c. 'Phone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

FRENCH and SPANISH.—The two foreign languages offering greatest opportunity now and after the war. Write or telephone for details of class groups now meeting downtown after business hours. Instructors experienced in teaching their own native language to English-speaking students. Ask for Bulletin 92. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Wall-worth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!
Learn telephone switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, billing, dictaphone, bookkeeping. Capt. O'Brien's School, 112 East 23d St., Brooklyn.

AMATEURS coached stage, motion pictures; vaudeville acts staged, produced; private theatricals arranged, coached. Elite Studio, 142 West 125th.

ATTENTION, LADIES, GIRLS!
Learn elevator operating, telephone operating. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d St.

FILING COURSE—ATTENTION!
FILING COURSE, $10. WHY PAY MORE? CAPT. O'BRIEN'S SCHOOL, 112 E. 23D ST.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

GIRL Wanted, experienced in local freight office, billing and checking freight, and general routine in such an office; $20-$25 weekly; good future. The Beers Agency, Flatiron Building.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
Stenographers, secretaries, $25-$30; typists, $10-$12; clerks, $12-$18; dictaphone, comptometers.
99 Nassau St. Free Registration. Cort 3519.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS. — EXPERIENCED JUNIORS AND SENIORS WANTED BY FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; PERMANENT CONNECTION AND EVERY OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPERIENCE AND ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING AGE, DRAFT STATUS, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 536 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, wanted, male or female; must be accurate at figures, have knowledge of bookkeeping; state age, salary, experience, and draft classification. A 531 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Experienced senior accountants wanted by a firm of certified public accountants; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. L 587 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital. Call 146 East 28th, today, at 4 P. M.

ASSISTANT SHIPPER, &c.—Young man, immediately; chance for rapid advancement; first-class references required. 8 West 19th, seventh floor.

ASSISTANT to Shipper.—Young man. See Mr. Simon, L. Best & Co., 75 Barclay St., city.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK.—Wholesale jobber wants experienced man. L 672 Times Downtown.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!
Largest shell-making plant in America needs able-bodied men; no experience necessary; ideal working conditions; advancement possible; age between 18 and 50; if not employed on Government work apply in person or by mail at once.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO.,
AGENT,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.
Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant.
OR TO
Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City;
OR TO
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

BANK BOOKKEEPER in trust company; man with bank bookkeeping experience; state age and salary expected. P. O. Box 703, City Hall Station.

BICYCLE & MOTORCYCLE Repair Man.—Must understand business thoroughly; steady work. Haverford Cycle Co., 945 Broad St., Newark.

BILLING MACHINE CLERK.—Man experienced running machine; state experience. L 671 Times Downtown.

BINDERY. — HEAD STAMPER. LARGE CLOTH AND LEATHER BINDERY IN NEW YORK CITY; PAY $35-$40. S 373 TIMES.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN.
One with some experience in advertising agency details preferred; good opportunity if he has the right stuff. Reply by letter only, giving salary desired, age, draft status, previous experience, and reference. L 662 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15-16, Christian firm, for general office work in old-established publishing house; $8 to start; 9-5, Saturday half day; good chance for bright and willing boy. Call or address Isaac Pitman & Sons, Room 1206, 2 West 45th St.

BOYS
in office of large manufacturing concern; excellent future for bright, willing boys. Steinway & Sons, 107 East 14th St.

BOYS—BOYS
IN OFFICE OF WAREHOUSE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN OPERATING LARGE SWITCHBOARD; SALARY $12. M. GROH'S SONS, 238 WEST 28TH.

BOYS.—BIG COMPANY; HOURS, 9 TO 4; SATURDAYS 12 ALL YEAR; QUICK ADVANCEMENT; $33 MONTHLY; BOY SCOUTS, &c. REPZIP, BOX 50, WALL ST. BRANCH.

BOY,
generally useful in office; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Henry Sonneborn & Co., 321 6th Av. Licensed by U. S. E. S., Permit No. 14.

BOY.—Wanted in a large downtown office a boy, 14-16, of good appearance; must be willing and anxious to learn the business; good chance for advancement. Financial, S 393 Times.

BOY for office and errands and chance to learn operation of multigraph, addressograph machine, and telephone switchboard. Call at 192 Diamond St., Greenpoint, Brooklyn.

BOYS.
We require several boys for office and stock work; a great chance to learn silk business. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

BOY in downtown office of established engineering company; good opening with bright prospect of advancement. A 85 Times Downtown.

BOY TO WRAP PACKAGES, RUN LIGHT ERRANDS, &C. APPLY TO G. W. CARNRICK CO., 27 SULLIVAN ST., CORNER GRAND ST.

BOY, 14 to 15 years: salary $9 to start; good advancement for one who is bright, neat, and intelligent. Apply Room 1209, 25 Broad St.

BOYS, (2,)

Sunday
Want Advertisements
must be in
The Times Building by
3 P. M.
Today

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a large number of salesmen in the following departments:
BLANKETS,
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
LINENS,
SHOES,
SPORTING GOODS,
TRUNKS AND BAGS,
UPHOLSTERY,
YARD GOODS.

ALSO

YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN FOR ERRANDS, STOCKKEEPERS. JUNIOR SALESMEN.

Permanent positions and excellent opportunities for qualifying persons.

Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

SALESMAN, experienced in machinery, selling contractors; state age, education, religion, married or single, number of years' experience with each house, and line of business, salary wanted; if in draft give classification; unless each question is answered fully application will not be considered. A 93 Times.

SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer of automobile accessories; experienced salesman to cover territory east of the Mississippi, on commission basis, with drawing account. Write in strict confidence, stating age, classification in draft, and experience. A 520 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Ladies' neckwear, retail trade only, for Middle West and Chicago; only experienced need apply; commission basis. C. L. 248 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for burlap bags wanted; salary or commission basis. Apply at 200 5th Av., Eastern Burlap Bag Co., or write Eastern Burlap Bag Co., Hartford, Conn.

SALESMAN for bristle; must understand business thoroughly; good inducement; salary and commission; interview kept confidential. A 49 Times.

SALESMAN, having city office, familiar with and selling fresh water pearl buttons; must have local office, otherwise do not answer; commission. A 40 Times.

SALESMAN for retail jewelry store; prominent location; if you are seeking to better your position do not fail to apply; liberal salary. A 504 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for department store and office trade on commission basis. Stagg 5163.

SALESMEN.—Automobile Winter tops, auto painting, and repairs; must be first class; salary no object. R 252 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced and reliable; good salary and opportunity to advance with growing manufacturer. A 489 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted; strong, young American, to help in shipping department; good appearance and capacity for advancement to road salesman; wholesale dry goods house. Address, giving full particulars, schooling, and present employment. Converter, L 652 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING MAN wanted, immediately, to take full charge shipping department, export and import firm, dealing principally South America; must be thoroughly competent. A 495 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced. Hub Knitting Mills, 134 Spring St.

SHOE SALESMAN for family shoe store; experienced; liberal pay. Leskowitz, 730 10th Av.

STEAM ENGINEER.

Competent to handle Large Cross Compound Condensing Engines, A. C. and D. C. Generators; applicants should have been associated with large plant in past; 8-hour shift; good pay; must have New York license.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER wanted, boy or girl, for general office work, with large estate; must be experienced; bring reference. 725 Broadway, Room 1.

STENOGRAPHER for busy executive of large establishment; must be intelligent, alert, experienced, and exempt. Z 231 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, English-Spanish, wanted immediately; salary according to ability. Call Room 1206, 25 Broad St.

STOCK CLERK, large retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position, good salary. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK SALESMEN; timely proposition; newspaper leads; commission; no advances. Room 501, 74 Broadway.

S O S
HELP! HELP!
We Need at Once
25 First-Class Sheet Metal Workers,
10 Acetylene Burners and Welders,
10 First-Class Shipfitters,
15 Marine Machinists,
6 Electric Welders,
75 Riveters-Up (night and day),
50 Erectors (night and day),
10 First-Class Ship Carpenters,
5 First-Class Boilermakers,
10 Stage Builders,
4 Toolmakers,
50 Riveters,
50 Caulkers,
50 Holders-On,
50 Heater Boys,
500 Husky Helpers.
First-Class Working and Living Conditions; Sleeping Quarters and Restaurant. Legal Aid for All Men in the Next Draft Call.

We believe you can make your services here just as important as any military service you can render.

If you are not on Government Work, apply today. Bring this advt. with you.

Apply to
U. S. Employment Office,
310 Jay St., Brooklyn,
or
MERCHANT SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION, Agent,
U.S. Shipping Board, Emergency Fleet Corp.,
Plant Employment Office,
BRISTOL, PA.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Engineer; city license. 1,190 Madison Av. Apply Sunday after 2 P. M.

TEACHER.—First class school near New York wants trained teacher for grammar grades; manual training if possible; athletics. Address Drawer L., Bronxville, N. Y.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR AND CLERK for an institution near city. Call 146 East 28th St. at 6 P. M.

TRACER.—ELECTRICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL WORK; ENGINEERING COMPANY DOING 100% GOVERNMENT WORK; WORK IN NEW YORK CITY. CALL AERO ALARM COMPANY, 26 CORTLANDT ST.

TRAFFIC MAN wanted by export house; state experience, salary expected, and give references. Address S 664 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATOR (SPANISH) WANTED BY BIG COMPANY; HOURS, 9 TO 4; QUICK ADVANCEMENT. STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. TRANS., P. O. BOX 50, WALL ST. BRANCH.

TOOLMAKERS,
men competent to make jigs, fixtures, and tools, for lathes, mills, and automatics. NIGHT WORK. GOOD WAGES.
FREE TRANSPORTATION FROM PLAINFIELD.
RESTAURANT RUN AT COST.
If you are not on Government work we want you. See Mr. Farra at Continental Hotel, Newark, N. J., Sunday, Sept. 22, between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.
SPICER MANUFACTURING CORPORATION,
SOUTH PLAINFIELD, N. J.
100% GOVERNMENT WORK.

TOOLMAKERS.
INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
FIRST CLASS.
Able to build telephone and wireless apparatus from blue prints; steady position.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

TOOLMAKERS AND MACHINISTS.

YOUR PATRIOTIC DUTY.

YOU MUST JOIN THIS FIGHT.

WE did NOT START this WAR. THEY are NOT OUR AEROPLANES WE are BUILDING. WE ARE building these aeroplanes to MAKE THIS world a DECENT place for YOU and YOUR FAMILY to LIVE IN. OUR SOLDIERS fighting in FRANCE EXPECT EVERY American MECHANIC to FIGHT beside his MACHINE. THIS WAR will BE DECIDED in the AIR. HELP AMERICA WIN "AIR SUPREMACY."

TOOLMAKERS,
TOOL AND GAUGE INSPECTORS.
OPERATORS,
EXPERT GRINDER HANDS,
PLANER HANDS ON TOOL WORK,
J. & S. OPERATORS,
W. & S. OPERATORS.
LATHE HANDS,
External Grinder Hands.
JOB SETTERS
for the following machines:
ACME,
FOX LATHE,
GISHOLT,
GRIDLEYS,
W. & S.
MACHINISTS
Several first-class all-around.

WE WANT YOU AT ONCE.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.
Open until 6:30 P. M.
and Sundays 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
BORDEN AND STARR AVS.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Take Queensboro Subway from Grand Central Station or Greenpoint cars to Calvary Cemetery car.

Or apply at
U. S. EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,
22 EAST 22D, NEW YORK CITY;
171 HUNTER AV., BRIDGE PLAZA,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

WRIGHT-MARTIN. WRIGHT-MARTIN.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN

on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St. Six blocks south of 14th St.

WANTED.

TRAINMEN
AND
STATION MEN,
AGES 21 to 35.
SUBWAY and ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH
RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
APPLY
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. DAILY,
Except Sunday:
165 Broadway, Room 1283.
22 East 22d St.
Hall of Records.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
86th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 8d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WASHERS.—Six days week, 9 hours. Jas. Edwards, 218 East 44th.

YOUNG MAN wanted to assist in packing and mailing newspapers; one accustomed to the use of a Dix mailing machine preferred. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1,234 New York Post Office, Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for assistant in stock room of concern manufacturing material for U. S. Navy; one with experience on electrical fittings preferred; call at 9 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN TO CARRY SALESMAN'S SAMPLES AND HELP SHIPPING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE. 8 EAST 22D.

YOUNG MAN.—Opportunity to learn general office work; state salary. T. L., 235 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, to assist on books; state religion and salary expected. Y. Y., 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Timekeeper on building construction in Brooklyn. Call Room 304, 15 East 40th.

YOUNG MEN
TO WORK NIGHTS IN SHOP ON VACUUM PUMPS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; STEADY POSITION; GOOD PAY.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 113

YOUNG MEN
MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE, FOR MAIL AND MESSENGER SERVICE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IN ELECTRICAL BUSINESS.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MEN,
to start as runners in a bank; good salary, bonuses and lunches; advancement assured. A 492 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN
needed for stock work; excellent chance for advancement. Apply Duplan Silk Corporation, 50 Union Square.

YOUTH, 18, learn notion business; one just finished schooling. L 668 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

MEN WANTED to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Competent dental mechanics for private practitioner in Washington, D. C.; good pay; permanent positions. Call or write, West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

FRENCH and SPANISH.—The two foreign languages, offering greatest opportunity now and after the war. Write or telephone for details of class groups meeting downtown after business hours. Instructors experienced in teaching their own native language to English-speaking students. Ask for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.—Unable knowledge of the principles underlying successful salesmanship will increase your earning power. 23d St. Y. M. C. A. Salesmanship course now opening and club forming. Write for Booklet T and pass to opening lecture.

MEN wanted to operate moving-picture machines; we teach you free until you are working as an operator; then pay us $15. Operators School, 644 8th Av., (42d.)

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

We teach you REPAIRING, as well as driving; license guaranteed; day and evening classes; special classes for ladies. American Auto School, 726 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 4016.

Employment Agencies.

TIMEKEEPERS, field checkers, payroll clerks, cost clerks, bookkeepers, for long construction contract; $125-$140. Alliance, 29 Liberty.

AGENTS WANTED.

GENERAL AGENTS.—Desirable representatives wanted throughout Long Island; old-established accident company; exclusive contracts; liberal commissions. Apply Louis H. Gloeckler, Manager, 373 Fulton St., Brooklyn, hours 10-2.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK.—Seven-passenger touring, new, for sale; can be seen at 106 85th St., Brooklyn. 'Phone 1066 Bay Ridge.

BUICK 1916 CABRIOLET AND COUPE. Condition excellent. Wallace, 238 W. 55th.

BUICK 1917 sedan, like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK 1917, Little Six limousine. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918, "Little 6" touring, 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK Little 6 roadster; bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLACS.

1918	Model 57,	Touring, 7-pass.
1918	" 57,	Victoria, 4-pass.
1917	" 55,	Touring, 7-pass.
1917	" 55,	Limousine, 7-pass.
1917	" 55,	Landaulet, 7-pass.
1916	" 53,	Touring, 5-pass.

All cars have gone through Cadillac shop, completely renovated and repainted. Carry standard factory equipment and are ready for immediate use.

DETROIT-CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
536 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 3240. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1918 TOURING, 4 Pass.; Goodyear Cord Tires; 700 Miles. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC Sedan, 1917; condition perfect. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 665 5th Av. Plaza 4837

CADILLAC.—8-cylinder 1915 touring; fine condition; bargain. Intervale 3434, Apt. 3-D.

CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, limousine, late 1917, New Haven body; condition guaranteed. Circle 5677.

CHALMERS SEDAN, late 1917 model; driven 3,500 miles; almost new; very reasonable. Harry Brenner, 1,790 Broadway, 676 Circle.

CHANDLER
Rebuilt and Refinished
USED CARS.
Ninety-Day Guarantee.
BEST USED CARS IN NEW YORK.

Model	17-B	4	Passenger Coupe.
"	17-B	7	" Sedan.
"	17-B	7	" Touring.
"	17	7	" Sedan.
"	17	7	" Touring.
"	17	7	" Touring.
"	17	7	" Limousine.
"	16	7	" Touring.
"	16	3	" Couplet.
"	17-B	4	" Chummy Roadster.

BRADY MURRAY MOTORS CORPN.,
62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER COUPE, early 1918, perfect condition; run 1,600 miles; must be seen to be appreciated. Write H. R., 198 Broadway, room 906.

CHANDLER 1917 sedan; exceptional bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CHEVROLET 1918, all models; also older models. Circle 3100. Marshall or Feist.

COLE, 7-passenger, 8-cylinder, series 30; overhauled; paint and leather good. $1,000. Russell L. Engs, Inc., Cole Distributors, 12 Central Park West, Tel. Columbus 510.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE 1918 Sedan; practically new. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

FIAT "30" FOREIGN SEDAN.—Must be seen to be appreciated. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

FORD Sedan, 1918; electric starter; demountable rims; many extras. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

FRANKLIN touring, 1917 model, Series 9; a bargain at $1,600. Telephone E. E. Parrack, Columbus 3725.

HUDSON SUPER SIX Sedan.—7-passenger; painted dark olive green, with black trimmings; wire wheels; new tires; extra wire wheel; fully equipped; guaranteed; price, $2,000. Z 251 Times Annex.

HUDSON MAGNIFICENT LIMOUSINE, 6-cylinder; any demonstration; extra tires, tools; fully equipped. Empire Motor Car Exchange, 1,706 Broadway, one flight up.

HUDSON SUPER SIX. Speedster; run about 6,000 miles; original paint; looks like new; mechanically guaranteed; $1,650 cash. Z 250 Times Annex.

HUDSON Super Six touring; excellent condition; new tires; $1,000. Phone 8321 Flatbush.

HUDSON 1917, super six limousine. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON town car, 1917, Super Six. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Sedan 1917 super six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; beautiful car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE.—Mechanically perfect; mileage, 15,000; make offer; owner drafted. Freeman, Lenox 5183.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER. Practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

LOZIER, in excellent condition, almost new tires, can be bought 10% of original price. Superior Garage, 209 West 76th.

MARMON LIMOUSINE. ALMOST NEW. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

MARMON, 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER. 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

MERCER raceabout, 1914; perfect condition; has self-starter, speedometer, six new tires, and tools; bumper, shock absorbers, many extras; classy and speedy car; will demonstrate or trade for high-class four-passenger car. SCHARLIN BROS., 238 East 20th St.

MERCER Raceabout, late model, electrically equipped, 2 spare tires, full kit tools, &c.; guaranteed mechanically perfect; exceptionally quiet and powerful motor; bargain $750; will take roadster or touring car part payment. Ideal Garage, 206 West 135th.

MERCER.—Must sacrifice my sporting model, in A1 condition; 6 wire wheels; real bargain; no dealers. H. A. Mansfield, 326 East 198th St., New York City.

MERCER 1917 4-PASSENGER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway

MITCHELL.—Swell town car, late 17 model; any demonstration; four Royal cord shoes. See Robert Nagle, 231 East 43d St.

OLDSMOBILE touring, late 1916 Model 43, recently overhauled; mechanically perfect; four brand new Silvertown cord shoes, three extra mounted; new battery; many extras; looks like new. Phone Fordham 2392.

OLDSMOBILE, 43, light, five-passenger; mechanically perfect; little used; original paint, new tires, battery, slip covers; $575. 402 Jersey Av., Jersey City. Montgomery 3443, 1-3 P. M. Going to war.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 8-cylinder 4-passenger runabout; like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLAND town car, Silver Special, prettiest limousine in city; wire wheels, Bosch magneto; elaborately equipped throughout; cost $2,750; will accept $750 cash, or may take touring car in exchange. Ideal Garage, 206 West 135th.

OVERLAND for sale cheap; 1917 three-passenger roadster, in first-class condition. Dakota Auto Repair Co., 212 West 75th.

OVERLAND, 6-cylinder, seven-passenger, $750, perfect condition; reasonable. Doctor, Lenox 7192.

PACKARD for sale by owner; twin six, Fall 1916 model; perfect condition; any demonstration; slip covers and extras; all practically new shoes; price $2,500. Phone Packard, 3580—Madison Square.

PACKARD twin six, 1-35, landaulette; private party; bargain. H. W. Bowman's car, 142 West 50th St.

PACKARD 1917 limousine, also touring car; prices attractive. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PAIGE, 1918, BROOKLANDS CONVERTIBLE ROADSTER, CREAM YELLOW, BLACK; PERFECT CONDITION; $1,200 CASH. R 293 TIMES.

PIERCE ARROW 1917 "38" FOUR PASSENGER TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917 model, five-passenger touring; in excellent condition. Z 283 Times Annex.

PIERCE ARROW 1917, "48" LIMOUSINE. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

PREMIER touring car, good condition; wire wheels, Goodyear cord tires, two extra wheels and tires; run 7,600 miles; would cost more than $3,000 new today; will sell first offer $1,200. Phone Garden City 1443; no dealers.

REO 1917, five-passenger touring; condition good; slip covers. McIlroy, Prospect 6496

ROLLS ROYCE,
four passenger, thoroughly rebuilt and in the best mechanical condition. Six brand new tires.
WM. PARKINSON MOTOR SALES CO., Inc.,
1,804 Broadway, N. Y. C.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

MARY'S HAT SHOP, INC. THE FOLLOWING resolution was adopted by the stockholders of MARY'S HAT SHOP, Inc., by affirmative vote of the holders of the entire capital stock, at a meeting of said stockholders held on August 30, 1918:
RESOLVED, That in the opinion of the stockholders of this corporation, it is desirable to change the name of this corporation from MARY'S HAT SHOP, Inc., to MARY'S INC., and that the President and Secretary be respectively authorized to file the certificate required by Section 66 of the General Corporation Law containing a copy of this resolution, and such other matters as may be required by law, and to take such other and proper action as may be necessary to accomplish the change of name of this corporation from MARY'S HAT SHOP, Inc., to "MARY'S INC."

MRS. HERMAN LEVY WISHES TO THANK her relatives and friends for their kindness to her during her sickness, and wishes to state that she has once more regained her strength. Her charge accounts are closed.
MRS. HERMAN LEVY,
129 East 80th St., New York City.

Lady will rent fine furniture $3 per week rather than store, including Steinway upright. Tel. 7695 Morningside.

NATHAN STERBERG, 1,040 FOX ST., N. Y., come home at once; mother sick.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SIMPLEX, 1915, 35-50, Quimby landaulette; beautiful, condition; newly painted, overhauled. L. A. English, Jr., 142 West 51st St.

STANDARD "8" limousine, late model; excellent condition, overhauled; $1,350. Taylor Motor Corporation, 1,922 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STANDARD 1916 "8," recently overhauled, repainted; excellent condition; guaranteed; $800. Taylor Motor Corporation, 1,922 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STEARNS, late 1917, five-passenger, four-cylinder touring; recently painted; a real bargain. Baum, 417 West 55th St.

SIMPLEX 1914, 35 H. P. limousine, beautiful condition. Brady Murray Motors Corpn., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl.	
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl.	PRICES
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.	REASONABLE.
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.	

TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 5690

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1915, 4-cylinder landaulet, first-class condition, beautiful body, electrically equipped, starter, good tires; $550. Silent-Knight Motor Co., 549 W. 53d.

STEARNS, Light Four, touring car; bargain. Burge, 238 West 53d St.

STUDEBAKER, series 17, excellent condition; all good tires; $600. Taylor Motor Corporation, 1,922 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STUTZ 1918 6-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1918 four-passenger, wire wheels; practically brand new. 10 West 60th.

WINTON, model 33, light Six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest importation.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 CADILLAC town car.
1918 STUTZ 4-passenger.
1918 MERCER touring.
1918 BUICK Little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 MITCHELL Sedan.
1918 MITCHELL touring.
1917 GRANT runabout.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger, Sport model.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1916 STUTZ roadster, practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster, Bearcat.
1917 OVERLAND Little "6" Sedan.
1917 BUICK roadster.
TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
NEW YORK PACKARD 3½-TON.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 6074-6068 Circle.

ROLLS-ROYCE SPECIAL CABRIOLET.
1918 PIERCE Sedan, like new.
1917 CADILLAC, 7-passenger touring.
1917 CADILLAC, four-passenger roadster.
1917 PEERLESS 4-pass. Limousine.
1917 HUDSON 4-pass. Speedster.
50 Other High Class Cars.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

SEDAN bodies, new, will fit Oldsmobile, Chandler, Reo, Hudson, Cadillac, and Buick. Dunham Sales Co., 463 South Broadway, Yonkers.

PACKARD (1918) four-passenger; like new. CADILLAC (1917) limousine.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

Motor Trucks.

SANDOW, 1917, slightly used; closed delivery body; 1½-ton capacity; guaranteed perfect mechanical condition; can be seen at Wetmore's Garage, 372 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn. Write or phone H. E. Stout Co., 117 Washington St., N. Y.

TRUCKS.—Will sell 3½ and 5 ton trucks on deferred payment plan to responsible parties, and give yearly contract for work. 1,457 Broadway, Room 903.

TRUCK D. E. ¾-ton closed delivery wagon in good condition; will sell at low price. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

PACKARD truck, 2½ ton, for hire, day, week, month. Harlem 2908.

1½-ton truck and Regal roadster for sale, Phone Melrose 1426. Felo.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD 6s and Twin 6s to hire; hour, day, monthly; landaulets; rates very reasonable. Champion Garage and Auto Co., 171 West 89th St. Phone Riverside 5818.

STEARNS landaulet, 1917, rent monthly, beginning Oct. 1; present contract expires Sept. 30; can refer to family now engaged. Tel 3080 New Rochelle, Spencer A. Stewart.

PACKARD limousine, latest model twin-six, with chauffeur, monthly, reasonable. Horn, 304 West 49th St.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively, landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Willmarth. Columbus 8030.

ATTRACTIVE, small, comfortable, ideal for cars; moderate rates for season. Columbus 398.

PACKARD Twin Six touring; reasonable rates; owner drives. Andrews, Columbus 8785.

PACKARDS.—Twin sixes; Pierce-Arrows; hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151-7261.

CADILLAC, 1916, landaulet, Almsbury 182; all year, monthly. S 385 Times.

Automobiles Wanted.

BUICK Roadster; will pay up to $900 for 6 cylinder, practically new. Phone Mr. Harrison, Rector 4267.

PACKARD, 1918, wanted; open or closed; good condition essential. S. W., 168 Times.

Want small stylish town car for whole year. Telephone Bonzon, 2075 Plaza.

Automobile Storage.

SAVE GASOLINE and help win the war; dead storage, fireproof, clean and reliable. Chas. C. Tough, 510 East 73d St. Rhinelander 8588.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue L
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. C., 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

MAKE $75 TO $150 A WEEK.
Everything complete, ready to start; only $235; terms arranged; auto tire welding, vulcanizing, tire surgery; help the Government conserve rubber; new machine, new method; saves 75 per cent. material, 50 per cent. labor over other methods; full course $50; position guaranteed. Call Anderson Steam Vulcanizer Co., Inc., 230 West 58th St., up stairs.

Ideal two-story-and-basement woodworking plant, complete, in Brooklyn; building 65x100; additional yard space; will rent or sell with or without our machinery; will entertain proposition to associate with manufacturer of profitable essential. Z 293 Times Annex.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
I have an established and paying garage and auto renting business, want party as partner or backer with capital to take up auto repairing and overhauling, together with dealing in used cars. Box 12, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

ENAMELING, JAPANNING
and rust proofing plant, equipped for large production, wishes to secure orders from the Government, Government contractors and large manufacturers. Enameling and Stamping Corporation of N. Y., L. I. City. Phone 1475 Astoria.

Wanted to Sell.—Good, profitable, going business; chain six retail stores; $100,000 cash will swing the deal; others need not apply; established 30 years; stand full investigation. Address Z 294 Times Annex.

GARAGE wanted; must be sound and paying proposition. O'Brien, 308 East 84th.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Capts.:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

White, W. M.	Wood, J. W.
Hooke, W. S.	Casner, A. J.
Floyd, L. D.	Partridge, O. F.
Hass, T. B.	Burns, H. A.
Coleman, H. M.	Bentley, N. P.
Wilson, R. E.	Johnson, J. J.
Manion, W. O.	Merritt, V. S.
Hawthorne, H. B.	Benson, C. P.
Hunter, G.	Bunting, P. du B.
Taylor, H. F.	Webb, R. A.

Following are aptd. Capts.:

Hilden, J. H.	Bridges, J. R.
Bryant, W. C.	Buchanan, T. D.
George, J. D.	Moulton, W. B.
Fowler, W. F.	Holladay, E. W.
Burns, T. C	Smith, L. L
Yoder, D. G.	Willard, G. W.
Funk, C. C.	Alvey, W. F.
Faulkner, J. T.	Prioleau, P.
Ross, C. E.	Currie, E. M.
Huber, S. A.	Seay, T. H.
Knewlton, E H.	Fisher, J. W.
Spiro, H.	Gettys, H. B.
Roberg, O. T.	Humphreys, J. H.
Millikin, M. M.	Nelson, L. A.
Madison, J. D.	Wheeler, H. H.
Law, W. G.	White, W. B.
Fox, W. Y.	Tenner, A. S.
Bell, C. A.	Tynes, A. L
Whitty, J. T.	Stone, J. B.
Eglesion, W.	Lace, S. S.
Mayhew, C. H.	Kahn, L. H.
Polak, M. S.	Seward, I. E.
Critchlow, G. R.	Roberts, P. W.
Griffith, J. C.	Smead, L. F.
Bradford, K.	

Kamvel, Lt. Col. A. B., and Morse, Lt. Col. C. F., promoted to be Cols.
Reddy, Maj. J. J., is promoted to be a Lt. Col.
Miller, Capt. C. J.; Brown, Capt. D. C., and Costill, Capt. H. B., promoted to be Majors.
Pederson, V. C.; Bergtold, W. H., and Carroll, T. B., appointed Majors.

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 31 at Camp Hancock:
Fletcher, Maj. F.
CAPTAINS.

Glennon, W. P.	Stimson, G. W.
Grier, C. T.	Rembert, G. W.
Johnson, H. A.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bullard, H. M.	McGovern, J. F.
Harten, J. A.	Shaw, H. W.
King, E. L.	Stein, E. J.

Following to Base Hosp. No. 71 at Camp Beauregard:
Martin, Maj. C.
CAPTAINS.

Titsworth, G.	Maxwell, J. H.
Boone, J. C.	Wobus, R. E.
Bush, E. R.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Boteler, G. McC.	Newton, F. H.
Halloran, W. H.	Oster, L. A.
Leisure, J. B.	Ransom, J. R.
Mcgehee, H. M.	Thompson, A.
Mable, L. D.	Weinberg, M.

Following to Base Hosp. No. 72, at Camp Gordon:
Meddis, Maj. V. N.
CAPTAINS.

Healy, W. V.	Hearne, R. E.
May, J. W.	Meads, A. M.
Orr, E. M.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Griffin, D. G.	Sims, W. P.
Bregner, I. E.	Courtright, L. R.
Carter, A. H.	Dagnault, T. V.
De Freitas, J. A.	Harmon, M. S.
Noll, J. E.	Tidball, C. W.
Warde, C. E.	

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 28, at Camp Sherman:
MAJORS.

Epler, J. C.	Kahn, L. M.
White, J. F.	

CAPTAINS.

Barnum, S. V.	Moynihan, A. F.
Frisque, L. L.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Chamberlinn, H. N.	Hannon, W. C.
Roskilly, G. C.	Loose, A. C.
Higginson, J. C.	Knapp, F. N.
Sylvester, F. M.	

Following to Evac. Hosp. No. 33, at Camp Shelby:
CAPTAINS.

Lott, H. H.	McClure, R. D.
Pratt, J. P.	Tillman, T. E.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Breyer, J. H.	Burks, F. L. R.
Cochran, J. S.	Hall, E. H.
McNell, W. T.	Sims, P. N.
Hays, J. H.	Minchew, B. H.

Following are hon. discharged:
CAPTAINS.

Moody, W. E.	Hamm, J. C.
Day, H.	Baker, J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Montgomery, C. C.	Kirk, J. A.

Hitchings, Capt. F. W., and Menefee, Capt. A. V., to Camp Gordon.
Knowlton, 1st Lt. E. A., and Sanford, 1st Lt. E. F., to Camp Wheeler.
Oates, Maj. W. H., Presnell, Maj. J. F., and Sumner, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Sherman, upon completion of duty at Camp Mills.
Johnston, 1st Lt. H. H., and Parker, 1st Lt. A. A., to Camp Lee.
Mans, Capt. C. W., and Davis, Capt. E. L., to Camp MacArthur.
Spencer, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Sevier.
Warwick, 1st Lt. B. B., to Evac. Hosp. No. 33, at Camp Shelby.
Pedee, 1st Lt. I. E., to Base Hosp. No. 100, at Camp Custer.
Butler, 1st Lt. E

FOOD BOARD CLOSES BIG SHIP CHANDLERY

Licenses of Bie & Schiott Revoked Indefinitely for Violation of Rules.

BRANCHES IN FIVE CITIES

Other Ship Chandlers Under Investigation in Campaign to Stop Profiteering.

Through the Federal Food Board of this city, the United States Food Administration announced yesterday that the license of Bie & Schiott, ship chandlers, with offices in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, and Newport News, had been revoked indefinitely, beginning Sept. 23, for violations of the Food Control act and violations of the rules and regulations of the Food Administration.

Bie & Schiott have been under investigation for several months and hearings were held in Washington and other cities. Among the violations established were:

1. Charging excessive prices for food commodities delivered to the U. S. Shipping Board and to private customers.

2. Rendering inaccurate reports to the Food Administration.

3. Paying large commissions to ship Captains and other persons as an inducement to having orders placed with the firm.

The statement of the Food Board reads in part as follows:

"After the revocation becomes effective on Monday next Bie & Schiott can engage in no new business having to do with licensed food commodities, and the routine business affairs at its several branches will be concluded immediately.

"A number of other ship chandlers are being investigated by the Food Administration, and efforts are being made by co-operative activity on the part of ship chandlers themselves to eliminate profiteering and other unlawful and unfair practices, and at the same time leave the ship chandler's business on a legitimate working basis."

The Federal Food Board issued a notice yesterday calling upon all consumers who believe they are being overcharged for butter to report the circumstances at once to the board at 6 West Fifty-seventh Street, giving the name and address of the dealer. All complaints of this character will be looked into immediately and an explanation required where the circumstances warrant it. All retailers who have reason to believe they are being asked to pay excessive prices for butter are also advised to report to the board at once.

"The profit allowed dealers by the United States Food Administration," the board states, "is liberal and sufficient under all conditions. This profit applies to both fresh and storage butter and it is well that the dealers should be again reminded of this fact, because the Food Administration has set itself against abnormal profits and profiteering in butter or other foodstuffs during the war."

BOMB IN HARLEM STORE.

Passing Postman Hurled to Ground, but Clerk Is Uninjured.

A bomb placed at the entrance of a clothing store in a six-story tenement at 1959 Second Avenue, near East 101st Street, yesterday wrecked the interior of the store and broke windows throughout the building. The police said the bomb had been set by persons seeking to injure Jacob Barbash, owner of the store.

Adolph Stemple of 73 East 101st Street, a postman, told the police that he saw a suitcase in front of the store and that he had thought the smoke coming from it was caused by a cigarette on the sidewalk. Before he had gone half a block, he was hurled to the ground by the explosion.

Reserves in the East 104th Street police station heard the detonation and ran to the store. Neither the postman nor clerks in the store were injured.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—From automobile, small black leather bag, with money and jewels, between Hotel Glenbrook, Shandaken, and Poughkeepsie, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Saturday, 14th; reward $500 on delivery to Dr. B. J. Valdes, Hotel Ansonia. Telephone Columbus 3320.

LOST—At 270 Park Av., or neighborhood, a diamond and pearl chain with all diamond plaque. $250 reward, no questions asked, for the return of same to E. M. Gattle & Co., 630 5th Av.

LOST—Platinum diamond brooch pin, between 86th and 66th Sts., perhaps on 9th Av. elevated, about 9:30 P. M., Sept. 19; liberal reward. Mildred Whitehill, 53 West 86th St. Phone Schuyler 4292.

LOST—Diamond service pin, between Beach 65th St., Arverne, and Fleischman's Turkish Baths, 4 A. M.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Mrs. Herman Levy, 129 East 80th St., New York City.

LOST—Black handbag, containing black velvet hat with plumes, blue georgette crepe waist, etc., on boat or 7:37 train from Montclair; liberal reward. Lohsen, 304 West 102d. Riverside 10099.

LOST—Sept. 18, about 6 P. M., 33d and 6th Av. Tunnel Station, black leather bill pocketbook, containing bills, large check, and Liberty Bond receipt; reward. William Parkinson, 1,804 Broadway, city.

LOST—Pocketbook, containing $350 in Liberty Bonds, Tuesday night at 10:30 P. M., Riverside Drive, between 145th and 149th Sts., entire savings of servant girl; reward. Annie Shyko, care A. Stern, 620 West 149th.

LOST—Friday afternoon, red fox scarf, between 25th and Washington Square, on 5th Av.; big reward. Return immediately to Carson, 92 Grove St., Manhattan.

LOST—Platinum, diamond engagement ring in dressing room at Lincoln National Bank; reward, no questions. Return to English, Lincoln National Bank, 60 East 42d.

LOST—Diamond brooch, marquise shape, with three large stones, Sept. 19, vicinity Broadway and 92d St.; liberal reward. Lehman, 2,477 Broadway.

LOST—Sept. 19, tan leather bag on Flatbush Av. car, Brooklyn; initialed "M. P."; $15 reward. Communicate with Parisi, 42 King St., New York.

MOLE CAPE, white collar, Friday noon, between Biltmore, 5th Av., on 42d St. Return Biltmore, care Cashier; reward.

LOST—Breastpin, bearing seal of West Point. Finder return 362 Parkside Av., Brooklyn, and receive $5 reward.

LOST—Diamond platinum bar pin with crystal centre, Sept. 16; liberal reward. H. G. Kosch, Attorney, 1,476 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Tuesday, between Grand Central and Tuckahoe; liberal reward. Return to W. R. Robbins, 51 Wall St.

LOST—Signet ring, "N. F. H." Sept. 20, 4th Av., between 5th and 11th Sts.; liberal reward. N. F. Holch, 62 Cedar St.

LOST—$170 in new bills. Finder keep $20, return rest to Frances Sellwood, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

LOST—Round silver watch bracelet, Wednesday, initialed "A. W. B."; reward. A 107 Times.

LOST—Silver meshbag, between 85th and 115th, west side. R 335 Times.

$15 REWARD—Platinized gold bar openwork lace pin with three square-cut sapphires. F. Walter Lawrence, Inc., 527 5th Av.

$300 REWARD, no questions, for sable cape, lost (taxi) early Sunday morning. Mrs. Elizabeth Green, 160 West 95th.

Found.

FOUND—An envelope containing money, corner Canal and Centre Sts., Saturday, Sept. 14. Call for same at 7 East 105th St., Mr. Leibster.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Small black Pomperanian, gray nose; reward $25. Return 471 West End Av. Phone 2394 Schuyler 2407.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH
West 57th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Aves.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"CHRIST'S PERSONAL INVITATION TO US."
8 P. M.—"THE WORKING WOMAN'S CHOICE."
SHOULD WOMEN ENTER THE BUSINESS WORLD TODAY? DO WOMEN WORKERS DESERVE EQUAL PAY WITH MEN FOR EQUAL LABOR? HOW CAN WE RECONCILE WOMAN'S PRESENCE IN THE BUSINESS WORLD WITH THE DEMANDS FOR A RIGHT HOME LIFE? THIS WILL BE THE SIXTH IN THE SERIES OF SERMONS ON "THE CHOICES OF LIFE."
A HEARTY WELCOME TO EVERYBODY.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11. "A Love That Failed."
8. "Presumptuous Sins."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH.
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Rev. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. W. H. P. FAUNCE, D. D., at 11.
Sunday School and Bible Classes, Oct. 6.
Evening, Soldiers' and Sailors' Service.
Social and Supper, 6; Program, 7.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
Preaching 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by R. S. MACARTHUR, D. D.

JUDSON MEMORIAL CHURCH,
Washington Square, South.
Rev. A. Ray Petty, Pastor, preaches at 11.
8 P. M., JUDGE BEN LINDSEY of Denver. Topic: "HOW OUR BOYS CAPTURED CHATEAU THIERRY."
Judge Lindsey has just returned from France, where he witnessed the battle.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor. (In Service.)
11 A. M.—Rev. DAVID ROSS will preach.
8 P. M.—Chaplain DAVID HUGHES of the Welsh Fusileers will speak on "The Chaplain's Job at the Front."
10 A. M.—Eaton class for Men, 30 E. 31st St. Women's Bible Class, 9:45 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., Between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"The Wonderful Word."
8 P. M.—"Heroism of Every Day."

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
179th and 180th Sts. Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor. 11—"Not Now But Afterwards." 8—The Challenge Accepted. Positive proof of answered prayer.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M., "Pharisee and Publican."

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,035 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE
Broadway and 56th Street.
The Pastor, Dr. Jefferson, will preach, 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ—Christian.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
6-8 P. M., Soldiers' Supper and Social.

BRONX CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 595 E. 160. Rev. D. L. HULL, Pastor.—Services, 11, 8.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, Sunday, 11, The Waldorf-Astoria.
Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Speaker, Mrs. M. Cornell Stolber.
Subject: "Spiritual Healing."

Interdenominational

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
214 West 35th St.
HUGH R. MUNRO.
4 P. M.—"Temples of God."
THE EVENING DEPARTMENT of the INSTITUTE'S SCHOOL FOR CHRISTIAN WORKERS offers six courses in the English Bible and methods of Christian work. Interdenominational. Classes Tues. and Thurs. nights, 7 to 9:15 o'clock. Fall term opens with public rally, Tuesday, Oct. 1, at 8 P. M. For prospectus address Don O. Shelton, Pres., 214 West 35th St., New York.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Broadway, corner 104th Street.
Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP, Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Overcoming Life."
(3) Its Satisfaction.
8 P. M.—"Purity by the Cross."
AT 3 O'CLOCK
THE CHILDREN'S CHURCH MEETS.
Mr. Kemp teaches subjects by objects.
"Clocks and Watches."
Mid-Week Bible Study resumes on Thursday at 8 P. M.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY,
Broadway at 120th Street.
The opening service of the eighty-third year will be held on Thursday, Sept. 26, at 4 o'clock, in the chapel, when three new professors will be inaugurated—the Rev. Daniel Johnson Fleming, Ph. D., Professor of Missions; the Rev. Harry Frederick Ward, M. A., Professor of Christian Ethics, and the Rev. Eugene William Lyman, D. D., Professor of the Philosophy of Religion. The public is invited.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44TH ST. AND 8TH AV.
REV. A. B. SIMPSON, PASTOR.
10:30 A. M.—Preaching by Rev. Dr. W. M. TURNBULL.
8 P. M.—Rev. E. B. FITCH.

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
Carnegie Hall, Sunday, at 10:45.
Dr. BEN ZION MOSSINSOHN, Rector Jaffa Gymnasium of Palestine, "Jewish Problems During and After the War."
All Are Welcome.

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway and 92d St.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
11—Rev. Frens will preach.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d.—11 A. M., Dr. Junius B. Remensnyder.

Methodist Episcopal

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH
120 West 76th St., near Columbus Av.
Rev. ALLAN MACROSSIE, D. D., Pastor.
Preaching at 11 A. M. by SAMUEL W. GRAFFLIN, "Leadership for Service."
Preaching at 8 P. M. by Dr. WILLIAM SPURGEON OF LONDON, "When Will the War End and What Will Be the Aftermath?"
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.
All the children of the congregation and neighborhood cordially invited.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60th St.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11:00—Mr. William H. Anderson.
8:00—Rev. Leland F. Cary.
6:30 P. M.—Social Tea and Epworth League.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. and 7th Av., (the Big Church Around the Corner,)
Rev. Joseph W. Chasey, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"Optimism and Idealism."
8 P. M.—"Defeating the Hun."
2:30 P. M.—Men's Bible Class.

"FLIER" speaks. U. S. Motion Pictures. Dr. Reisner, 7:45. Grace, W. 104th, near Columbus. 11, Rev. W. R. POLHAMUS.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
(Mother Church of American Methodism.)
Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Av. and 86th St.
11 A. M. Rev. CHARLES P. FAGNANI, D.D.

New Church (Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Service, 11 A. M. The pastor will preach. Subject: "The Great Restoration."

New Thought

SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.,
MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of England and India, the acknowledged master thinker in Mental Science), will open her season of
FREE LECTURES
At Bretton Hall, 86th St. & Broadway, Tuesday, October 1st, at 11 A. M. (These lectures are given daily except Saturdays and Sundays.)
COHAN THEATRE,
EVERY SUNDAY MORNING
Broadway at 43rd Street,
BEGINNING SUNDAY, OCTOBER 6TH, AT 11 A. M.
Doors Open at 10:30 A. M.
Lectures formerly given at Cort Theatre. Watch this space for announcement of subject of opening lecture.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE AND UNITY CENTER,
23 West 72d St., 11:15 A. M., (Mr. Weston.) Subject: "THE BIBLE AND THE BALLOT."
Meeting, 8:15 P. M., conducted by Miss Ada Rainey, former pupil of Mrs. Militz.
Meetings at 8:15 P. M. daily and at 3 P. M. each weekday except Saturday, Wednesday, 3 P. M., and Saturday, 8:15 P. M., Class in Spiritual Expression conducted by Mrs. Lily Griffith, formerly of *Unity*, Kansas City, Mo.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 West 72d St.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., Miss Edith A. Martin; 8:15 P. M., Dr. ORISON SWETT MARDEN. Address and Testimony Meeting.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., Eugene Del Mar. Thursday, 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. Henrietta Cooke.
Friday, 8:15 P. M., Miss Edith A. Martin.

EDITH RARICK, Belleclaire Hotel, 77th and B'way.—Wednesdays, P. M. 7:30, Health and Prosperity Class; 8:15, subject, Tension and Its Cure; 9, Advanced Class. Collection.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
5th Av. and 37th St.
Minister: William Pierson Merrill.
Dr. HUGH BLACK preaches at 11 o'clock.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street.
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor.
Preaching Tomorrow at 11 A. M. by Dr. ROBERT E. SPEER.
Wednesday Evening Service Resumed by the Pastor.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. P. W. GUNSAULUS, D. D., of Chicago, will preach at both services.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Dr. William Spurgeon of London.
8 P. M., Rev. George B. Avery, D. D.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
West End Av., 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M., Rev. J. Oscar Boyd, D. D., preaches.

HARLEM-NEW YORK 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
REV. WILLIAM HARVEY JELLIE will preach at both services.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
All seats free.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 86th St.
Reverend TERTIUS VAN DYKE, PASTOR, will preach at 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
The Pastor, REV. DANIEL RUSSELL, D.D. will preach, 11 A. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner 10th St.
Old First and Madison Square uniting.
11 A. M.—Rev. George Alexander, D. D.
8 P. M.—Union Service on First Church Lawn.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam, Cor. 105th.
11 and 8—Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches.
11—"The Supreme Adventure."
8—"Christ Sets Men Free."

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., Pastor.
DR. EVANS will preach, 11 A. M. & 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rt. Rev. Chas. Gore, D. D., D. C. L.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Stuart L. Tyson.
Daily service at 7:30 A. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. & 10th St.
Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, D. D., Rector.
11—Rev. Harold A. Lynch.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES IN THE CHAPEL,
No. 342 Madison Av.,
8:30 and 11 A. M.—(Rev. Isaac C. Sturges.)

CHRIST CHURCH,
Broadway at 71st St.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9-10:30 A. M.—Breakfast for Enlisted Men.
Morning Subject—"The Church in War Time."
Evening Subject—"War to Win Peace."

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 41 Est. 27e. Services divins le dimanche matin a 10:30.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street,
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M.
Service (Dr. Henry Washburn) ..... 11 A. M.
Later Evensong (Rev. C. C. Bentley). 8 P. M.
Seats for Soldiers and Sailors.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. W. Frank Allen.
12 M.—Holy Communion.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
Sermon, Rev. T. R. Bridges, D. D.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 155th St., Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. Church open daily. Sunday services: 8 A. M., Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday School; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon; 7:45 P. M., Porch Service; 8 P. M., Choral Evensong. Holy Communions Thursdays and Holy Days, 7:45 and 10 A. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th Street, East of 3d Avenue.
ALL SEATS FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, Rector.
Sunday Services 8, 11, and 8.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. Frank Warfield Crowder, Rector.
8 A. M. ..... Holy Communion
11 A. M. ..... Morning Prayer and Sermon.
8 P. M. ..... Evening Prayer and Sermon

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
REV. WM. T. WALSH, RECTOR.
Rector preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service by the Rector. Sermon by Cyrus Townsend Brady, "The War and Jesus' Call."

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Low Masses, 7:30 and 9; High Mass and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 10:45; Evensong, 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. & 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8; 11 (Floyd S. Leach, Ph. D.)

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St., Dr. HOUGHTON, Rector.
SERVICES—7, 8, 10:30 A. M. and 4 o'clock.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services.
7 and 9 A. M., Holy Communion.
10:30 A. M., Morning Prayer.
11 A. M., Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30 P. M., Evensong. (Sermon by the Rt. Rev. Charles Gore, Lord Bishop of Oxford.)
Week-Day Services.
7:30, 9 A. M., 3 P. M.
A short service of prayer for victory and righteous peace each day at 12.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
8, 11, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.) 8, (Rev. F. Burgess, Jr.)

Reformed

HAMILTON GRANGE,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister, 11 and 8.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. Edgar Tilton, Jr., D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Dr. Tilton will preach.
8 P. M., Community Chorus Singing. Patriotic.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. Edgar Franklin Romig, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. David Jas. Burrell, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Oliver Paul Barnhill will preach.
11 A. M.—"Marching Orders."
8 P. M.—"Prayer."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. Malcolm Jas. MacLeod, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Charles Reynolds Brown, D. D., of New Haven, Conn., will preach.
11 A. M.—"The Hidden Capacity in Common Life."
8 P. M.—"How to Learn the Truth About Religion."

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. Henry Evertson Cobb, D. D., Minister.
Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols will preach at 11 A. M.

THE FORT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M.—"The New Age."
8 P. M.—"The Old Gospel."
Sunday School at 9:55 A. M.
All Seats Free.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs. Brooklyn.

Spiritualist

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Subject: "Duties of Spiritualists to the Cause," by Mrs. M. E. Williams. Messages.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION.
(First Spiritualist Society, Inc. 1852.)
Sunday, 8:15 P. M. Friday, 2.
228 West 58th St.

Theosophy

Theosophical Society, Central Lodge, Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway, 67th St. Thursday, 26th, 8:15 P. M., regular large meeting.
"THE THEOSOPHY OF HAMLET."
Wednesday evening, the 25th, 8:15.
"THE MEANING OF THE TRINITY."
Both lectures by Mrs. Maude Lambert-Taylor. Public cordially invited.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., (Brooklyn.) 11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

Universalist

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. ARTHUR GUPPERY of Liverpool, England, will preach at 11 A. M.
Subject: "THE CHURCH AND THE WAR."

Y. M. C. A.

HON. JOB E. HEDGES,
WITH A MESSAGE FOR THE TIMES.
West Side Y.M.C.A., 318 W. 57th St., 4 P. M.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL Y. W. C. A., Lexington Av., (53d St. Sun., 3:15, MR. MURRAY THOMPSON speaks on "An Ambulance Driver in France." At 8:15, illustrated lecture, "Life in French Congo," MISS IDA V. SIMONTON. Men welcome.

Other Services

SONG SERVICE ABOARD THE HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE BOATS EACH SUNDAY.
On Sept. 22 Mr. E. M. Willis, Asso. Secy. of War Personnel Board of Y. M. C. A., will be the speaker on the 8:40 A. M. boat, assisted by Mr. Chrystal Brown, well-known song leader.
On the 10 A. M. boat, str. Washington Irving, service will be addressed by Major Newman H. Raymond, U. S. Army, assisted by Miss Ruth Linrud, soloist, and Miss Emma Du Bois, cornetist.
On down trip of Washington Irving, after leaving Bear Mt., address will be made by Dr. Joseph H. Odell of Troy, N. Y., who has recently visited the front.
Soldiers and sailors and all patrons are welcome at Bear Mountain service, Pavilion No. 2, at 2:15 P. M. Singing and address.

"How Soon Will the Coming of Christ Follow the Fall of Turkey?"
Victory for the Allies means the doom of the Turk. Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer.
Casino Theatre, 39th & B'way. Sun., 8 P. M.
This Remarkable Lecture is Free.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, Remsen and Henry Sts., (near Borough Hall Subway.)
REV. RICHARD ROBERTS
will preach at 11 A. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH,
Orange St.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
Service at 11 o'clock. Sermon by Mr. Philip Whitwell Wilson of England, author of "The Christ We Forgot."
No evening service.

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of South Oxford St.
Ministers, Charles Carroll Albertson, James Forsyth Riggs, R. Paul Schearrer.
Dr. Albertson preaches at 10:30 and 7:45.

Unitarian

FOURTH UNITARIAN CHURCH,
East 19th St. and Beverley Road,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
NELSON JUNIUS SPRINGER, Minister.
SUNDAY, SEPT. 22.
9:45 A. M.—Church School meets.
11:00 A. M.—Mr. Springer will preach.
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 25.
8:00 P. M.—Service of Installation.
THREE TEN-MINUTE ADDRESSES.
Address of Welcome: Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, All Souls' Universalist Church, Brooklyn.
"What It Means to the Civic Life of a Community to Install a Unitarian Minister." Rev. L. HOWARD PENNY, All Souls' Unitarian Church, Rochester, N. Y.
"What It Means to the Religious Life of a Community to Install a Unitarian Minister." Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP, Church of the Saviour, Unitarian, Brooklyn.
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